

THE NAPAN

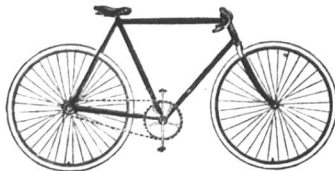
Vol. XLVII] No 20 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CAN

" SPRING HAS CAME "

To again breathe exhilarating country air, to see the robin on the wing, to count the first buds on the old apple tree and admire the demure maiden in her new Easter bonnet—this is real Spring. To appreciate it, get back to nature—ride a bicycle. A Cushion Frame wheel will do wonders in improving your health and reducing street railway dividends. Put on your thinking cap.

Massey Silver Ribbon,
Brantford,
Imperial, and



Cleveland, Perfect,
Blue Flyer,
Rambler Bicycles.

Canada Cycle & Motor Co., Limited.

TORONTO JUNCTION, CANADA.

Write for Descriptive Literature.



To the Electors OF THE County of Lennox.

Fellow Electors, the time is drawing near when the electors of this county in common with its other constituencies will be called upon to elect a representative for the Provincial Assembly.

It may not be possible for me to see you all personally and I adopt this method of placing myself before you and reaching as many of you as possible.

As you are aware in December last in convention assembled, my friends did me the honor of selecting me as their candidate for the Provincial Parliament. I am therefore now before you in that capacity soliciting your votes and influence at the approaching election.

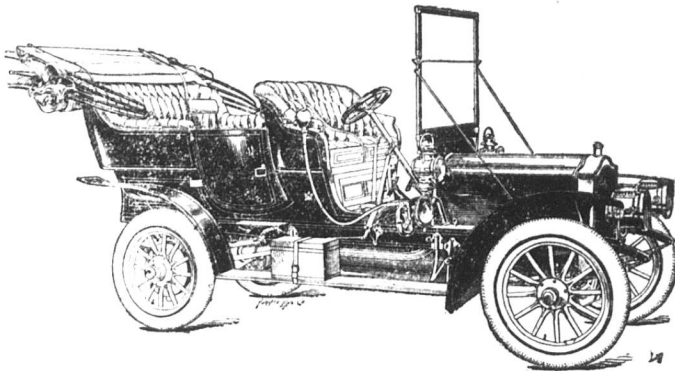
I need not say that this honor was placed upon me unsought or solicited.

My opponent and myself are personal friends and although we differ in politics, neither of us permit this difference to interfere with our social or business relations and I feel confident in saying that we shall continue and close the contest as good friends as we commenced it. I flatter myself that I do not need any personal introduction to you. I have been with you and among you in fact for the last 25 years, and have taken a more or less active part in your public and local affairs.

You are therefore in a good position to judge of my ability to perform the important duties pertaining thereto in a manner creditable to myself and advantageous to the old county of Lennox. Whilst my politics have been Liberal I have never been a hide bound partisan. I shall never consider myself bound to support my party except when I believe them to be right and acting in the best interests of the Province and can give to you a reason for the faith that is in me and can justify, at least to my own conscience, the course I shall see it my duty to take as your honored representative.

From what I have already said you will understand my position and I trust it will meet with your approval and merit your most generous support irrespective of party. In matters pertaining to our own country should you honor me with confidence and elect me as your representative I shall always consider myself at your disposal and you will ever find me ready and willing to do what in me lies to advance the interests of our own locality and especially that part of it confined within the bounds of Lennox irrespective of local personal or political considerations and if I am consistently

THE RELIABLE RUSSELL



HAVE you ever considered the great advantage of having an automobile made right at home in a factory with every facility for manufacturing Motor Cars of the best class, where only the best materials are used, and skilled workmen exclusively employed? Such a car is bound to give satisfactory service, and that's what you're looking for. We are right here to back up our claims for the RUSSELL.

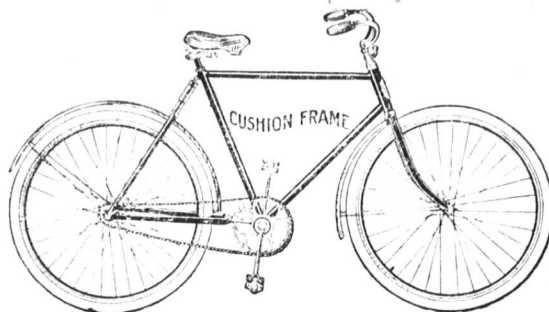
THE RUSSELL IN 4 MODELS Model G, 2 cyl. 18 H. P., \$1600; Model L, 4 cyl. 25 H. P., \$2000; Model H, 4 cyl. 30 H. P., \$2500; Model K, 4 cyl. 50 H. P., fully equipped, \$4500.

CANADA CYCLE & MOTOR CO., Limited., Toronto Junction, Canada.

Get Right with Nature
Ride a Bicycle.

Get Right with Nature Ride a Bicycle.

Over
Two
Hundred



To
Choose
From.

Prices range from \$10 to \$65

Also a large stock of Bicycle Tires and Repairs.

A fine assortment of Buggies & Spring Wagons

manufactured by Canada's Leading Manufacturer, The Canada Carriage Co,
Carriage and Wagon Repairing and Painting.

Call and see our Special

New Machine for Grinding Lawn Mowers.

Grind them perfectly, Saves the Mowers.

The Napanee Bicycle & Carriage Works

W. J. NORMILE, Proprietor.

Cheese Factories Are Opening

and you will want a thoroughly
reliable Alarm Clock

Alarm Clocks—Plain.
Alarm Clocks—Repeater.
Alarm Clocks—Fancy.
Alarm Clocks—Extra Loud.

F. Chinneck's is the place to get a
thoroughly reliable one as we make
a point to buy nothing but good
ones.

F. CHINNECK'S

Jewellery Store.

Near Royal Hotel.

Good Quality Store.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowel Laxative.

NEW STUDIO OPENED.

(Clark's Old Stand)

A call is respectfully solicited.
Satisfaction guaranteed.

T. P. COOKE,
PHOTOGRAPHER.

Napanee, Ont.

A. O. ROBLIN

Market Square, Napanee.

We Sell:—The Wm. Grey & Son's
Fine Carriages; The J.
I. Case Threshing Machinery; Traction,
Stationary, and Marine Gasoline Engines;
Grinders, Well Drilling Machinery; Apple-
ton Saws; Blue Bell and National Cream
Separators; Celebrated Dain Hay Loaders.

SCOTCH DIAMOND SMOOTHING
HARROWS.

Four Section \$15.50. Three Section \$11.50

Agents for Toronto Windmills.

Call and see Our Goods.

A RECORD MONTH

April has been with us a RECORD
MONTH in WALLPAPER Sales.

We have served MORE CUSTOM-
ERS with MORE PAPER of a
BETTER GRADE than during any
previous April in our experience.

This is accounted for by the fact
that we have

A Combination that Beats Hard Times

—VIZ:—

A Larger Stock,
More Attractive Designs,
Better Value

than ever before. We have a very com-
plete stock still on hand and are deter-
mined to make the month of May show as
good a record as the past month. Come
with the crowd to The Great Wallpaper
House.

A. E. PAUL'S

OTHER SPECIALTIES—Art Blinds,
Room Moulding, Picture Framing, Sport-
ing Goods, Hammocks, etc., etc., etc.

Makes Old Wall Paper New.

Just rub your papered walls over
with "R" Wall paper Cleaner to make
the paper like new—get it at Wallace's
Drug Store.

honor me with confidence and elect
me as your representative I shall al-
ways consider myself at your disposal
and you will ever find me ready and
willing to do what in me lies to ad-
vance the interests of our own locality
and especially that part of it confined
within the bounds of Lennox irrespec-
tive of local personal or political con-
siderations, and if I can consistently
and properly do a political opponent a
service I shall be as cheerfully at his
disposal as I will be to those attached
to me by political ties. This I con-
sider the proper position for a repre-
sentative of the people to take.

I hope to have during the campaign
the opportunity of discussing with you
on the public platform at greater
length some of the many public ques-
tions which are at the present time in-
teresting the people.

To those of you I shall not be able
to see personally, that this will make
no difference as to the activity you
will put into the campaign in my be-
half and that you will see the careless
ones and invite them to the polls to
cast their ballot for the cause of good
Government.

Again soliciting your votes, influence
and support at the approaching elec-
tion and thanking you in advance.

I am your obedient servant,
M. S. MADOLE.

CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS

A simple and effective remedy for

SORE THROATS AND COUGHS

They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene
with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licor-
ice. Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps.
LEMMING, MILLS CO., Limited, Agents, Montreal, 401

TAMWORTH.

Mrs. Geo. Corran visited friends in
town last week.

Stanley Wagar is all smiles—it's a
boy.

Mrs. Woodcock, over 80 years of
age, died on Monday last and was
buried at Methodist church cemetery.
Rev. Mr. Dixon preached the funeral
sermon.

John Gardner and son, of Kingston,
visiting at Mrs. Rose's for the past
week, left for home on Tuesday last.

The service in the Methodist church
next Sunday evening will be held by
the Ladies Auxilliary.

Paul Weighill, F. Diamond, F. Bell,
R. Toman, E. McAfee, and D. B. Floyd
attended Oddfellow service at Enter-
prise on Sunday last.

The dead have all been removed
from the vault to the cemeteries.

R. J. McDowall and Dan Way,
Kingston, passed through town on
Tuesday last, enroute to Arden.

Jackson's saw mill, near Marlbank
was burned down on Tuesday night
last. Loss about \$3,000, insured for
\$1000.

Look in Floyd's window and see the
best boots and shoes in town.

MARYSVILLE.

Miss Annie White left on Thursday last
for New York, where she intends spending
a week or more with friends.

Messrs. Robert Acton and Alf. and
"Jack" Calcut, Belleville, spent Tuesday
with James Meagher.

Miss Annie Fahey was called home from
Watertown last week, owing to the illness
of her mother.

Miss Anna Fitzpatrick, Napanee, spent a
few days recently with Miss Annie Mc-
Alpine.

Dennis Sheeman and nephew, Leo Kenny,
Westbrooke, spent Tuesday with his sister,
Mrs. John C. Meagher.

Miss Annie Marshall, Belleville, spent a
few days this week with James Meagher.
Miss Hilda McGurn, second concession,
is spending the week here.

Michael Fahey, Kingston, is spending
the holidays at her home here.

Miss M. A. Deacy has returned home
after spending a few days with her sister,
Mrs. A. Neill, Toronto.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Bar-
ber's itch, and every form of con-
tagious Itch on human or animals
cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's
Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold
by—T. B. Wallace

FREE EXPRESS.

NADA—FRIDAY, MAY 1st 1908

CLOTHING FOR MEN

We have the largest assortment of New Browns shown by any store in this vicinity.

Browns are in Great Demand.

Don't delay ordering your Spring Suit too long.

We make stylish clothing at reasonable prices.

J. L. BOYES,

Didn't Agree with Me

Mr. Arthur Tennison, 88 London Street, Toronto, writes enthusiastically of the merits of Psychine for all stomach troubles.

"For seven years I have had indigestion and dyspepsia. I tried scores of remedies. My room resembled a drug store with nostrums which I had bought. Eventually I used Psychine, and every dose brought permanent relief."

All throat, lung and stomach troubles quickly cured by Psychine. It is the prescription of a great specialist. At all druggists, 50c and \$1.00, or Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The next open meeting of the Society will be held on Friday evening, May 15th, 1908, at 8 o'clock. Every one will be welcomed.

At this meeting Miss Janet Carnochan, President of the Niagara Historical Society of Niagara will read a paper. Miss Carnochan is the head of the most successful Historical Society affiliated with the Ontario Historical Society, and has an extensive knowledge of Canadian History.

W. S. Herrington K. C. will read a paper on "Champlain" giving the tercentenary celebration of the founding of Quebec by Champlain, which is to be held in July, a special notice.

This meeting should be very interesting and it is hoped that a large audience will be present. For those who have been unable to attend any of the previous meetings it might be well to state that the display of Historical relics already in the Hall is worthy of inspection.

FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS

OBITUARY.

JOHN GIBBARD.

Napanee's oldest citizen, passed away at his home on Monday morning after a few days illness. "Grandpa" Gibbard was known by everybody in Napanee and vicinity and his death ends a long life, filled with years and honor. His life in all respects was a most exemplary one, a thorough Christian gentleman, a firm friend and until recent years when the infirmities of age rendered his retirement from active business imperative, was one of Napanee's foremost men and all his life had been one of the most zealous members of the Western Methodist Church.

Deceased was in his ninety-fifth year. He was born at Winton in 1813. The first 18 years of his life were spent at home. Then he began life for himself, hiring out to a farmer for \$4 per month. Afterwards he engaged with a carpenter as an apprentice and after serving his full time he launched out as a full-fledged builder. In August, 1836, he came to Napanee where he started in business manufacturing fanning mills; from that he turned his business into a sash and door factory and later commenced the manufacture of furniture, and from a modest beginning it has assumed its present prosperous position and is, at present, Napanee's largest and only industry.

While of late years he has not been able to take any active part in its management he was always deeply interested in its affairs and was privileged to see it grow to become one of the best furniture manufacturing establishments in Eastern Ontario.

The deceased was a total abstainer and used his influence wherever practicable to further the cause of temperance. In politics Mr. Gibbard was a staunch reformer and was one of the men instrumental in bringing out Sir Richard Cartwright in this county. He was a member of the Methodist church, being converted in early life.

The funeral took place from his late residence on Tuesday afternoon to the Western Methodist Church, where a large number of friends gathered to pay their last respects to the remains of "Napanee's grand old man." The services were conducted by Rev. J. R. Real, assisted by Rev. G. S. White, Rev. W. H. Emsley, Rev. J. R. Conn and Rev. J. A. Gardiner, of Belleville. Mr. Gardiner, although over ninety-years of age, came to Napanee in fulfillment of a promise made to Mr. Gibbard over fifty years ago, when Mr. Gibbard asked him to assist at his (Mr. Gibbard's) funeral. Mr. Gardiner spoke in feeling terms of his long intimacy lasting over seventy years since the two met in a camp meeting in Hungerford and paid tribute to the honest Christian spirit, which animated deceased throughout all his long life. Mr. W. T. Gibbard, the present manager of the Gibbard Furniture Co., is the only child of the deceased.

Varnishes for your buggy, doors, furniture or any purpose where good varnish is required, ask Boyle & Son for Berry Bros., oldest and largest makers of varnish in America. Liquid Granite for your floor has no equal.

BOYLE & SON.

MARLBANK.

James Laird visited friends at Bath last Sunday.

Miss Scanlin of Enterprise is visiting.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

DRY MILLWOOD FOR SALE

Also Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt and Portland Cement.

COAL FOR Stoves, Furnaces and Grates, Steam Purposes and Blacksmiths' use.

The Rathbun Co. R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

FOR SALE—First-Class Cook Stove and Gasolene Stove. Very little used—can be had cheap. FISHER'S MUSIC STORE. 1712

FOR SALE—One Yearling Heifer, (Jersey); one two-year-old Heifer. Apply to REV. CANON JARVIS. 20-b-p

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—Comfortable Frame House, in South Napanee. Good Well, Cistern and Outbuildings. Apply on premises to MR. DANIEL LASHER. 10c

IN THE SUBROGATE COURT, OF THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.

In the estate of Zelotes Brown, late of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O., Chap. 128, Section 38 and Amending Acts, that all persons having claims against the estate of the said Zelotes Brown, who died on or about the Eleventh day of February, A. D. 1908, intestate, are required to send by post prepaid or to deliver to John English, solicitor for the Administrator, on or before the 20th DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1908, their names, addresses and description, and a full statement of particulars of their claim, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, duly certified, and that after the said day the Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

JOHN ENGLISH,

Solicitor for said Administrator.

Dated this 23rd day of April, A. D., 1908. 19d

500 Acres in Nursery Stock.

Agents wanted at once to sell for Fall 1908 and Spring 1909 delivery; whole or part time; liberal terms; outfit free.

THE THOS. W. BOWMAN & SON CO., Limited.

151 Ridgeville, Ontario.

SEEDS

Seeds, Plants and Fertilizers for Field, Garden or Conservatory.

Poultry Supplies of all kinds.

Also Feeds and Medicines for Stock.

Raw Furs bought and sold

—at—
SYMINGTON'S

Dundas Street, Napanee.

ALFRED DAV

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

Spring Goods Arriving.

New White Waists—

This is the best time of the year to buy White Blouses, as all experienced shoppers know, before all the prettiest ones get picked up. Come and see our stock before buying.

New Spring Coats.

In these we have a very fine assortment.

New Millinery—

We are opening up this week our first shipment of Spring Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Laces, etc.

DOXSEE & CO.

The Leading Millinery House.

—THE—

ALBERT COLLEGE,

AND SCHOOL OF FINANCE

(In Albert College, Belleville, Ont.) is now the leading school of practical education in Canada. ATTENDANCE DOUBLED IN LAST THREE YEARS.

\$40 pays board, tuition, room, electric light, use of baths, gymnasium, all but books and laundry, for a term of ten weeks—longer period at same rate. \$25 pays tuition alone for the entire scholastic year.

A staff of experienced specialists give individual instruction in five distinct courses. An evening class FREE for all registered students in this department. Graduates holding the best positions. Candidates prepared yearly for the examinations held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Ontario, and for Commercial Specialists.

For particulars and Illustrated Calendar, address

PRINCIPAL DYER, M.A., D.D., Belleville, Ont.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3,762.00

who have been unable to attend any of the previous meetings it might be well to state that the display of Historical relics already in the Hall is worthy of inspection.

FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS

Use "DECOTINT." It preserves the walls, is easily mixed, leaves a smooth surface, and does not settle in the pail while being applied. The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

CENTREVILLE

The cheese factory opened here on Monday 13th, with quite a large supply of milk. Charlie Davey and Harry Dunn will be Mr. Gerow's assistants in the factory this season.

This has been a great season for Maple Syrup, an enormous amount having been made by the farmers of this district.

The recent warm weather and heavy showers have made a vast improvement in the looks of the country. Quite an amount of seeding has already been done.

Alfred Milligan has taken James Lochhead's farm on shares for this season and removed to it last week. Mr. Lochhead at present in an hospital at Kingston, is said to be improving.

Mr. R. O'Connor is seriously ill at present.

Our Schools commenced on Monday with an increased attendance

Mr. M. Ingoldby, Watertown, N. Y. and Miss Lizzie Ingoldby, Otter Creek, spent Easter holidays under the parental roof.

Miss Laura Lochhead left on Saturday for Peterborough to resume her duties in the Collegiate Institute there

We are still making and selling the best milk can in Canada.

BOYLE & SON.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresololene Tablets, ten cents per box. All drug stores.

STELLA.

Seeding has commenced in earnest, and farmers say the land is easily worked. A great many are looking for early grass, to get their stock out on pasture.

Owing to high water, the steamer Aletha is unable to call at the inside wharf.

Mr. and Mrs. John Miller left last week for Syracuse, N. Y., where they will reside in future.

S. L. Pringle has rented Mrs. Chown's house on Bridge street, and has moved to it.

Mrs. D. H. Preston is on the sick list. J. Marshall, G. Patterson, A. Neilson and R. Neilson have returned home after attending Queen's College, Kingston.

Stella cheese factory began operations on April 13th.

Good hauls of white fish are being made by the fishermen in the bay and lake. One party made \$100 in two hauls.

Visitors: Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Polie and family, Kingston, are visiting friends here.

PALPITATION OF THE HEART, FAINT OR DIZZY SPELLS AND NERVOUSNESS.

Relieved in 30 Minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure not only cures the heart, but the nerves as well. In a trice it allays pain, in a twinkling it gives strength and vigor and it works a quick and permanent cure as by magic. This remedy cures by a new process and is an honest, harmless, wonderful remedy for weak hearts, weak nerves, weak blood. (13)

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 40 doses, 10c.

Sold by T. B. Wallace

makers of varnish in America. Liquid Granite for your floor has no equal.
BOYLE & SON.

MARLBANK.

James Laird visited friends at Bath last Sunday.

Miss Scanlin, of Enterprise, is visiting friends here.

Mrs. John Baker, who has been an invalid for a number of years, died on Sunday.

Miss Ethel Laughlin visited friends at Napanee last week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hayes are visiting friends in Napanee.

Bernard Hinch, of Stoco, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Arthur Smith.

Mr. Clayton, Strathcona, is spending his holidays with his uncle, M. J. Kehoe.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

MOSCOW.

School re-opened on Monday with an increased attendance in the junior room.

The woman's auxiliary of the missionary society conducted an interesting service in the Methodist church Sunday evening.

Mrs. Marshall Huffman, confined to her bed for two months, does not improve very rapidly.

Alfred Knight, Napanee, spent Sunday at W. W. Asselstine's.

Miss Baker, teaching at Tamworth, spent the holidays with her parents here.

Mrs. W. G. Lampkin and daughter visited Peterboro and Orilla during the last week.

Mrs. C. A. Baker has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Ward, Colebrook.

Miss Wheeler, Tweed, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Ruttan.

MARLBANK.

Things around here are progressing, as the sugar making is over and spring work is going on fine.

Mrs. John Baker passed peacefully away on Monday. The funeral took place on Tuesday.

Mr. Fitchett, of this place, is putting up a fine store, which will help to improve the looks of main street.

Mrs. Lillie C. Conway, the beloved wife of Mr. George Conway, of Verona, late of Pine Grove, who passed away 19th of March at the home of her father, Mr. Joseph Lloyd, after a brief illness of some months, was removed from the Tamworth vault on Friday to the family plot in the York cemetery.

Farmers are busy removing their cattle to pasture on account of scarcity of feed.

Mr. Nellis Allen and W. Lloyd took a drive to Lime Lake on Monday.

That languid, lifeless feeling that comes with spring and early summer, can be quickly changed to a feeling of buoyancy and energy by the judicious use of Dr. Shoop's Restorative.

The Restorative is a genuine tonic to tired, run-down nerves, and but a few doses is needed to satisfy the user that Dr. Shoop's Restorative is actually reaching that tired spot. The indoor life of winter, nearly always leads to sluggish bowels, and to sluggish circulation in general. The customary lack of exercise and outdoor air ties up the liver, stagnates the kidneys, and oft-times weakens the Heart's action. Use Dr. Shoop's Restorative a few weeks and all will be changed. A few days test will tell you that you are using the right remedy. You will easily and surely note the change from day to day. Sold by—ALL DEALERS.

SYMINGTON'S

Dundas Street, Napanee.

ALEX. RAY,

Cpt. D., of Belleville, will be at the

Campbell House,

Napanee,

Monday Evening, May 11th, and

Next Day, May 12th, until

6 p. m.

for consultation and examination of all kinds of Eye Strain, including not only all forms of impaired vision, but also lack of balance of the ocular muscles, which is the cause of most of the distressing nervous diseases of the present day. In the latter case the vision may be apparently normal.

Prices—Best quality of large lenses in silver frames \$2.00. The lenses in gold frames \$4.00 and \$4.50. Best quality of rimless lenses in gold mounts \$4.00. Specially ground lenses for special cases, special prices.

GAS

Once used as a luxury, now demanded for economy.

Use Gas for Cooking

Why?

Because it is the Cheapest, Cleanest,

Fuel you can use No kindling to split, no coal to carry, no fire to build—always ready night or day—safe and easy to operate.

Have you had a Trial in your Household.

If not, now is the time, as you are losing money, comfort and valuable time every day. Ask any neighbor who has a gas range or gas water heater.

203

Much damage has been done by prairie fires in the west.

THE CROWN BANK OF CANADA

Our banking facilities are for your use.

We are glad to meet you and to assist you in whatever ways we legally may.

Your savings are safe when in our keeping.

All transactions are strictly confidential.

R. G. H. TRAVERS, - Manager

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

THE - DOMINION - BANK NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3,762.00
SURPLUS 4,739.00
TOTAL DEPOSIT BY THE PUBLIC
OVER 35 MILLIONS.

Interest paid on Savings Account
Every Three Months,

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Acting Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$6,000,000.
RESERVE \$4,000,000

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

SIR. H. MONTAGU ALLAN, Pres.
E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid on same. Interest payable quarterly, on the last days of February, May, August and November. Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.
Yarker Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

CALENDAR

—FROM THE—

Frontenac Business College

KINGSTON, ONT.

will convince you of the superiority of our courses of training, and the unexcelled advantages offered by our institution.

RATES VERY MODERATE.

Students may enter any time of the year as all instruction is individual in character. No time like the present; write to-day.

T. N. STOCKDALE, Principal.

A House of Mystery

OR, THE GIRL IN BLUE

CHAPTER VI.—(Continued).

"Good-bye," she cried. Then she became lost to me.

I told the cabman where to drive, and sat back in the vehicle, plunged in my own thoughts. I was like a man in a dream. Truly my night's experiences had been of a most extraordinary character. I had long heard and read of the many romances and tragedies enacted during the midnight hours in London, and now, by a mere accident, I had gained personal knowledge of one. I had narrowly escaped losing my life. The mystery was most tantalizing. Feeling weak, I stopped at a public-house and had some brandy. Indeed, I felt so unwell that I sat in the bar-parlor fully half an hour before resuming my drive.

Suddenly I recollected that I might gather something from the cabman; therefore, pushing open the little trap-door in the roof, I inquired where he had taken me up.

"In Albert Road, Battersea, sir." This surprised me, for I had no idea that I had been on the Surrey side of the river.

I explained to the man my blindness, and asked him to describe the lady who had put me into his cab.

"Well, sir," he said, "she was very pretty indeed, with grey eyes and darkish hair."

"She was good-looking—eh?"

"Yes, sir. I don't think I've ever seen a much prettier young lady."

I sighed. How tantalizing it was that my poor sightless eyes had been unable to gaze upon her.

"Describe her more closely," I urged. "I'm anxious to know exactly what she's like."

"She had lovely eyes, sir. Her hair seemed a bit untidy, but it was a pretty shade of dark brown. Her face seemed innocent-looking, like a child's. I was surprised to see like that."

"Like what?"

"Half-drowned like. She had on a black skirt that seemed soaking wet through and covered with mud. She looked in an awful plight, and yet her face was merry and smiling. She took another cab as soon as she parted from you, and drove after us across the Albert Bridge, and then down Oakley Street. There she stopped the cab to speak to some one."

"Who was it?" I asked eagerly.

"A woman. But I couldn't see distinctly. They were too far away, and turned down Cheyne Walk, so I didn't see 'em any more."

"You say that her clothes were very dirty?"

"Yes, worse than yours, and great Scott! sir, they're bad enough. You'd want to send 'em to the cleaners when you get 'ome."

What the man said was perfectly true. The slime of the river emitted a sickening stench, but it fortunately served to conceal one thing, namely, the blood-stains upon my coat.

I laughed at this remark of his, but I had no intention to enter upon explanations.

"From her appearance did my companion lead you to believe that she was a lady?"

"Oh yes, sir. There's no two opinions about that. She wasn't a shop-girl, or anything of that sort. By her

in his efforts to earn the promised reward. He was now on his way to find his colleague, the old driver "Doughy," and if Edna had actually taken his cab I should, without doubt, soon be in possession of some information.

Thus, with a light step and reassured feeling, I ascended the stairs, wondering what old Mrs. Parker would say to my protracted absence, and how I should explain it to her. I took out my latch-key and opened the door.

As I entered the tiny lobby that served the dual purpose of hall and a place in which to hang coats, a startling sound broke upon my ears—the sound of a woman's cry.

In an instant I drew back. Fresh mystery greeted me. I stood there rigid, speechless, aghast.

CHAPTER VII.

The voice which greeted me was that of a woman surprised by my sudden entrance; and walking swiftly forward to investigate, I passed into my own dingy sitting-room.

"I have a visitor, it seems," I exclaimed, stopping short. "May I not know your name?"

There was no response. Instinctively I knew that the woman I had thus disturbed was still present in that room wherein I spent so many lonely hours. Her startled cry was sufficient to convince me that she was there for some secret purpose. What, I wondered, could it be?

"Speak," I urged. "Kindly explain your business with me, and the reason of your presence here."

Yet she uttered no word of response, and apparently did not move.

So much mystery had surrounded me during the past twenty-four hours that in everything I scented suspicion. I felt annoyed at finding Mrs. Parker absent, and an intruder in my home.

I advanced, crossing towards the window, where I believed she must be standing, but with a quick movement my mysterious visitor eluded me, passing me by so near that her warm breath fanned my cheek, and next instant she had escaped and slammed the outer door of my chambers.

I stood wondering. Her presence there was most extraordinary. The faithful Parker, too, was absent, a circumstance which aroused misgivings within me. Could this strange female visitor have entered the place with a false key; or was she a mere pilferer whom I had disturbed in her search for plunder? Numbers of female thieves haunt the London streets, and it seemed more than likely that she was one who had ascended the stairs on pretence of selling something or other.

At any rate, I had returned at an unexpected moment, or she would not have given vent to that involuntary cry of dismay. I groped about the familiar room in order to ascertain whether it were disordered, but could find nothing whatsoever out of place. I called Parker loudly by name, but all was silence save the quick ticking of the timepiece upon the mantelshelf.

The clock of St. Clement Dances chimed merrily, then slowly struck the hour. I counted, and found that it was eleven o'clock in the morning. How much had happened during the past

terious Edna, whoever she might be, was a rashly foolish one, and must result in some very serious contretemps for me. I had willingly given up my liberty of action and become the instrument of a person who had, without doubt, imposed upon me. It seemed most probable, now that I reflected, that she was acting in concert with the man who had so cleverly practised deception upon me and led me to believe that he was a police-constable. That man, it now seemed plain, had followed me from the house of mystery, allowed me to wander sufficiently far to lose my bearings, and then got on in front of me so that I might approach and accost him. The whole affair had been carried out with amazing ingenuity, and every precaution had apparently been taken to conceal the remarkable tragedy. Yet the chief features of the affair which puzzled me was the motive in endeavoring to take my life in that cellar beside the Thames. I had surely harmed no one, and, being utterly ignorant of the house wherein the affair had taken place, and also knowing me to be blind, they certainly could not fear any revelations that I might make. It was an enigma which I strove in vain to solve.

The tantalizing darkness in which I existed drove me to desperation. Imagine to yourself my utter helplessness, and my chagrin when I reflected that could I but have looked upon my mysterious protectress and those who had fallen victims of the unknown assassin, how different would have been my position. The events all seemed like some hideous nightmare; yet now that I sit calmly writing this narrative, each incident comes back to me with a distinctness just as that which whetted my appetite for further explanation, and provoked within me a desire to have the truth at whatever cost.

That one could meet with such an adventure in London seemed almost beyond comprehension, yet when one remembers the many strange stories of crime which daily add horror to the pages of the newspapers, it does not seem so actually incredible as it at first appears. It has been calculated that for every murder discovered in our giant metropolis, three remain undiscovered, therefore the daily number of such crimes must be very much larger than is popularly supposed. Nevertheless, the circumstances of this midnight tragedy were from every point of view extraordinary, and being enveloped in that veil of mystery, were to me a puzzle which it behoved me, if possible, to solve.

At the opening of this narrative of remarkable facts I declared that the circumstances were stranger than those in which any other living man had been placed, and I here repeat that the truth will be found even more extraordinary than the actual occurrences as I have related them. Assuredly no detective-office ever had a more complicated enigma to solve than that which had fastened itself about me, and certainly in the annals of Scotland Yard there is no more curious romance than the one which I have here written—as subsequent chapters will show.

(To be Continued.)

HEALTH FOR THE BABY.

A mother who has once used Baby's Own Tablets for her children will always use them for the minor ailments that come to all little ones. The Tablets are the best medicine in the world for the cure of indigestion, colic, constipation, diarrhoea, teething troubles and breaking up colds. And the mother has the guarantee of a government analyst that this medicine contains no poisonous opiate or narcotic. Mrs. Wm. F. Gay, St. Eleanor's, P. E. L., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets with the best results and know of nothing to equal them for the cure of stomach and bowel troubles. I do not feel safe unless I have a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from

BANISH PIMPLES AND ERUPTIONS

Everyone Needs a Tonic in Spring To Purify and Build Up the Blood.

If you want new health and strength in spring you must build up your blood with a tonic medicine. Indoor life, during the long winter months is responsible for the depressed condition and feeling of constant tiredness which affects so many people every spring. This condition means that the blood is impure and watery. That is what causes pimples and unsightly eruptions in some; others have twinges of rheumatism, or the sharp, stabbing pains of neuralgia. Poor appetite, frequent headaches, and a desire to avoid exertion is also due to bad blood. Any or all of these troubles can be banished by the fair use of such a tonic medicine as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Every dose of this medicine helps to make new, rich red blood, which drives out impurities, stimulates every organ, strengthens every nerve and brings a feeling of new health and new energy to weak, tired out, ailing men and women. Here is proof that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the greatest of all spring medicines. Mr. Henry Baker, Chipman, N. B., says: "Last spring I was so weak and miserable that I could hardly drag myself about. My appetite was poor, I did not sleep well, and dreaded work. My blood was in a terrible condition, which caused pimples and small boils to break out all over me. These would itch and pain and caused me much trouble. I tried several medicines, but without the least benefit, when one day a friend asked me why I did not try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He spoke so highly of this medicine that I decided to take his advice and give the pills a trial. I got a half dozen boxes and the result was that by the time they were finished I felt like an altogether different man. They purified my blood, built up my whole system, and I have not had a pimple on my flesh, not a sick day since. For this reason I can highly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a blood builder and purifier." Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

POACHERS' SHARP TRICKS

MOST INGENIOUS CONTRIVANCES FOR CATCHING GAME.

Staring and Drugging Pheasants—Arming Gamecocks With Steel Spure.

As years pass on, poaching, like everything else, becomes more scientific. The old hempen net which the moucher used to hang across a field at night for hares has given place to one of silken cord, and to cheap bullseye lantern to the more costly but more handy electric torch.

Perhaps the most dangerous improvement, from the game preserver's point of view, is the substitution of the motor bicycle or motor car for the old fashioned one horse trap. It might be imagined that the motor bicycle would be of little use for carrying game, says Chambers's Journal, but only the other day a motor cyclist was arrested near a Midland town with five newly killed hares in a box behind the seat. Parisian papers tell of well organized gangs who raid the coverts near the French capital by the aid of apparatus worth hundreds of pounds, who have relief funds for those injured

METALLIC CEILINGS

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DURABLE, SANITARY,
and FIREPROOF
Easily applied, Cannot
Crack nor Fall Off**

Send us a sketch showing shape and exact measurements of your ceilings or walls, and we will submit designs, estimates and illustrated booklet free.

WRITE US NOW

Metallic Roofing Co., LIMITED
Manufacturers
TORONTO & WINNIPEG (40)

at the bottom. The same plan has been adopted with considerable success for the capture of pheasants. The bait is barley and the bird, completely blinded by the cap which slings so tightly to its head, falls an easy victim to man or dog.

In an open field you will often see small pieces of brushwood stuck into the ground at intervals. These are set by the keeper for the purpose of hooking up the nets of night poachers for partridges. Partridges roost upon the ground, and by means of a long, light net dragged across the grass by two men a whole covey is often captured at one swoop. This form of poaching is only possible on a dark night, and at such a time the poachers cannot, of course, see the branches, and therefore they get their nets entangled in them. But some have nowadays taken to lining the ground side of their nets with some stuff glazed stuff. A net so protected will slide over most obstacles.

DISFIGURING FACE SORES.

Pimples, face sores, and the kindred eruptions common to late winter and early spring, are the worst disfigurements the fair sex have to bear. To remove them the pores must be opened and the functions of the skin stimulated, by the vigorous applications of Zam-Buk morning and night, and washing frequently with Zam-Buk Medicinal Soap. Zam-Buk reaches the root of the disease by soaking through the skin and tissue and its powerful herbal juices expel disease and make the skin do its work, which can't be done simply by the use of internal medicine. Miss Ellen Smith, of Somerville Ave., Toronto, says: "My face was greatly disfigured by a skin eruption which annoyed me dreadfully for months. I was advised to try Zam-Buk and I am glad I did for it quickly removed the trouble and my face is now clear of all eruptions."

Zam-Buk contains no animal fat whatever, but is a pure healing salve. It cures cuts, burns, chafings, cold sores, itch, eczema, running sores, ringworm, piles, bad legs, inflamed patches, and all diseased, injured and irritated conditions of the skin. Obtainable at all druggists and stores 50c., or post-paid from the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

BEST CHIEF OF POLICE

HE HAS REFORMED THE CITY OF CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Fred. Kohler, the Only Golden Rule Chief in the United States, Has a Unique System.

and, putting Cleveland down as "an easy burg," dropped in as fast as through freights would bring them. Then these same men began to hit harmless Clevelanders over the heads with blackjacks and slung shots. Kohler took notice at once and "Slim" and "Dead Arm" and such as were not "sent down" for the winter, talked it over on outbound freights and decided that in some respects at least Kohler was not a success as a Golden Rule chief.

MEN FOLLOWED IDEA.

On the whole, Kohler says he is pleased with his Utopian police system. He has cut down the number of arrests to a point below anything known in Cleveland for years. Though he has puzzled nightly some of the force who were cast in the scheme of things rather more in the role of Samson, than Solomon or Moses, the men have, in general, lived up to the idea. Petty family feuds have been patched up; boy gangs, full of mischief rather than malice, have been shown the error of their ways, and wandering feet have been guided home, instead of to the station house. If the force would rather "run them in," it has not dared to say so.

A NEW FINANCIAL FIRM.

The firm of A. J. Pattison and Company, bankers and financial agents, has been formed in Toronto. The senior member of the firm was until recently president of the Brantford Street Railway, the Grand Valley Railway and the Woodstock Thames Valley and Ingersoll Railway. Mr. Pattison sold the controlling interest in his railways to a Pittsburgh railway magnate. Mr. Pattison is a Canadian by birth, a Lambton county boy, and has been in business in a fiduciary position in Toronto for twenty-five years and has been a resident of Toronto for over thirty-five years. The record of the Canadian Homestead Loan and Savings Association under his administration for over twenty years, loaning upon mortgage that is one foreclosure, has not been equalled by any Toronto loaning coming. The new firm will have a strong reputation for integrity and administrative ability, and a high financial rating.

Direct New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Montreal Stock Exchange wires with one of the largest New York and Boston firms has been arranged for. The firm will have direct wires also to Chicago and Cobalt, and are in a position to give not only excellent service but the most conservative advice upon financial investments that can possibly be had. The firm's advertisement appears in another column.

QUEEN WHO OBJECTS TO CORSETS.

Amalia of Portugal Attributes Her Fine Figure to Outdoor Exercise.

Queen Amalia has the most wonderful taste in dress, and Paris costumers are never tired of sounding her praises. At the same time her Majesty believes it quite an easy matter for a woman to have a perfect fitting gown without the aid of corsets.

When the Roentgen rays were discovered she had a tight laced lady photographed in order to demonstrate scientifically to the ladies of her court the evils of the practice.

Her Majesty has very practical ideas on the advancement of her sex, and considers that nursing is one of the best professions for women. She herself is famed throughout Portugal as a nurse, and is well known in the hospitals of Lisbon.

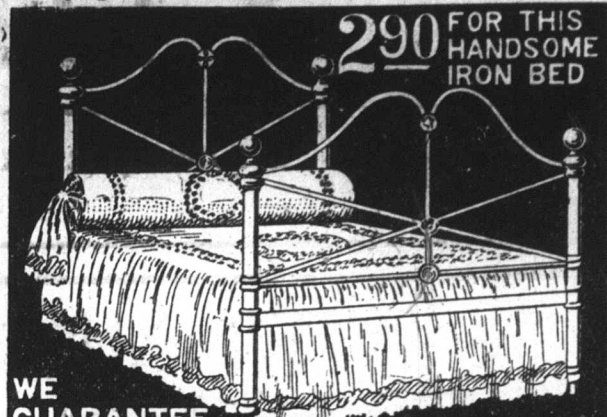
Above all Queen Amalia is never tired of preaching the value of outdoor and athletic exercises for women. She is a magnificent swimmer, a wonderful rider, an untiring cyclist and a good shot. And to such pursuits she attributes the beautiful figure which she possesses.

Use the safe, pleasant and efficient worm killer, Mother Graves' Worm Ex-

HIGH GRADE IRON BED

A STRIKING OFFER. Iron beds never wear out. Note the beautiful finish and trimmings. Order early. Write to-day for our new Spring and Summer Catalogue

2.90



WE GUARANTEE MATERIAL, CONSTRUCTION AND FINISH

Order by this number

K 2-28/26 T.U. The above Iron Bedstead, very neat design, 1 1/2-16 inch posts, 5-8 and 3-8 inch fillings, head end 54 inches high, foot end 44 inches high, brass knobs and caps, beautiful snow white enamel finish. Supplied in four sizes, 3 ft., 3 ft. 6 inches, 4 feet and 4 feet 6 inches wide. If this bed is not entirely satisfactory in either quality or price, we will exchange or refund your money and pay all transportation charges. Bed only

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ASK YOUR
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HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM

25 AND 50 CENTS, BY MAIL.

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WHOLESALE

Toronto and Montreal
Toronto and Montreal

LYMAN BROS. & CO., LTD.
LYMAN, KNOX & GLARKSON, LTD.

ARE YOU?

Are you half as anxious, neighbor,
When a fellow's down and out
To go down to him a-smiling,
And to help him right about,
As you are to climb the ladder
Where some lucky fellow stands,
And give him a cordial greeting
With the strength of both your hands?

THERE'S EVERYTHING IN BEING FIRST.

The first train in Canada was operated on what is now a part of the Grand Trunk Railway and this great system has ever been on the alert to stay in the first rank. In keeping with this general policy the "International Limited," the premier train of the Grand Trunk System, is also the finest and fastest train in Canada, and one of the fastest long distance trains in the world. Leaves Montreal every day at 9:00 a.m., Toronto 4:40 p.m., arriving at Detroit at 10:00 p.m. and Chicago at 7:40 a.m.

Employer to his clerk—"Is it true that when the clock strikes six you put down your pen and go, even if you are in the middle of a word?" Clerk—"Certainly not, sir. If it gets so near six as that I never begin the word at all."

It Is Known Everywhere—There is not a city, town or hamlet in Canada where Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is not known—wherever introduced it makes a

YOUR OVERCOATS

and faded Suits would look better dyed. If no agent of ours in your town, write direct Montreal, Box 152.
BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.

FREE
Send us your name and address for 12 pieces of jewelry to sell at 10 cents each. When sold send us the \$1.20 and we will send you these TWO SOLID GOLD RINGS. We trust you with the jewelry and will send it all charges paid. Send us your name and address now.
STAR MFG. CO., 14 Bay St., PROVIDENCE, R.I., U.S.A.

AGENTS, \$103.50 PER MONTH

Selling these wonderful Solosars. V. C. Giesner, Columbus, O., sold 52 pairs in 5 hours, made \$15; you can do it, we show how.
FREE OUTFIT.
Special inducements to Canadian Agents.
Thomas Mfg Co., 802 K St. Dayton, O.

WANTED

to hear from owner having

A GOOD FARM

for sale. Not particular about location. Please give price and description, and reason for selling. State when possession can be had. Will deal with owners only.
L. Darbyshire, Box 984, Rochester, N. Y.

The **PETERBOROUGH** CANOE CO. Ltd.
SUCCESSORS TO ONTARIO CANOE CO.

Fred. Kohler, the Only Golden Rule Chief in the United States, Has a Unique System.

"The best chief of police in the United States," such was President Roosevelt's verdict on Fred Kohler when he visited Cleveland, Ohio, a few years ago and found such perfect police arrangements that there was practically nothing for his secret service men to do.

When Kohler was made chief of police, he began to cast about for wrongs to right. Presently he saw three things. He knew how an arrest lowered a man's self-respect, his standing in his community, his position with his employer. He also knew that the chief job of the fat-necked policeman was to "run him in" on the least provocation. Moreover, he knew from experience that having "been up before" was a mortal offence in the police court, and that too often, either through lack of time or through political favor, the scales of the police court justice tipped the wrong way.

SPIRIT, NOT LETTER.

Kohler also believed that minor laws of the city might on occasion be broken with no great detriment to the civic organism. Petty brawls, harmless cases of intoxication, violation of the traffic ordinance, and the like, were hardly reasons for a night in a cell, said Kohler, and in pursuance of this belief he called his men together and issued an order directing them to be as "kind and considerate as possible to unfortunate offenders against the laws and ordinances when the cases are misdemeanors only, provided they were satisfied the alleged offense was not purposely or maliciously committed, or with a view to injuring the person or property of another." He said they would, however, continue to be severe and relentless in our prosecution of the felon or habitual violator.

Kohler ordered his men to warn and advise the offenders personally, provided the offense was of a trivial nature; and in case of a more serious offense, and where the patrolman believed an arrest would result in more harm than good accomplished by warning, he might accompany his prisoner to the police station where the lieutenant would pass on the matter, releasing the offender should his judgment warrant; his action was to be governed, however, by memoranda, which in part is as follows:—

EASY ON BOOZERS.

"I would advise that no person be arrested on the charge of intoxication, unless it is for the person's own protection or for the protection of another or disturbing the peace or the quiet of the city. Also whenever the person under the influence resides on your post or adjoining the same, take him to his home and report the facts.

"This procedure is not to apply to any offense of a serious nature, or to persistent violators, in which case the arrest is to be made. Neither is the system of giving a caution or warning to be made an excuse for failing to properly attend to complaints or the proper enforcement of the laws and ordinances, but it is to be used in the spirit defined."

Officers and patrolmen were admonished to be particularly careful not to form hasty conclusions, and officers in charge of station houses were ordered to keep a complete record of all offenders, and in each morning's report to furnish his captain with the total number of warnings given and the number of persons released.

NEWS IN UNDERWORLD.

Kohler found himself caught up in a whirlwind of praise and censure. Even the ministers of the town took sides and flayed and lauded the chief by turn. Most of those who made public expressions, questioned the feasibility of the Golden Rule as a police measure.

"Slim Jake," of "Chi," and "Dead Arm," of "York," and all the rest of their kind got the news by under-world wireless,

magnificent swimmer, a wonderful rider, an untiring cyclist and a good shot. And to such pursuits she attributes the beautiful figure which she possesses.

Use the safe, pleasant and effectual worm killer, Mother Graves' Worm Expeller; nothing equals it. Procure a bottle and take it home.

MEDICAL ITEM.

A doctor can hardly be blamed for losing his temper when he gets out of patients.

WHAT CAUSES HEADACHE.

From October to May Colds are the most frequent cause of Headache. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes cause. E. W. Grove on box 250

"DIFFERENCE."

"Don't I give you all the money you need?" her husband complained.

"Yes," she replied, "but you told me before we were married that you would give me all I wanted."

A Clear Healthy Skin—Eruptions of the skin and the blotches which blemish beauty are the result of impure blood caused by unhealthy action of the liver and kidneys. In correcting this unhealthy action and restoring the organs to their normal condition, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will at the same time cleanse the blood, and the blotches and eruptions will disappear without leaving any trace.

Why is it that every time a girl goes out with a young man of whom she is ashamed she meets all her friends?

Put out the fire in a hot, itching, unbearable skin with Weaver's Cerate. Use it for eczema, nettle rash, tetter and salt rheum.

Tess: "There goes Ursula Hope with Jack Timmid." Jess: "Yes, she's setting her cap for him." Tess: "Do you really think she cares for him?" Jess: "Yes, indeed! You know her full name is Ursula May Hope. Well, she sings all her letters to him now, 'U. May Hope.'"

Be There a Will Wisdom Points the Way.—The sick man pines for relief, but he dislikes sending for the doctor, which means bottles of drugs never consumed. He has not the resolution to load his stomach with compounds which smell villainously and taste worse. But if he have the will to deal himself with his ailment, wisdom will direct his attention to Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which, as a specific for indigestion and disorders of the digestive organs, have no equal.

The world may owe you a living, but try to collect it and it will have as many excuses on tap as a man who is asked to pay a bill.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

THE RUDE GIRL.

"I wish sometimes that I could fly And soar through the air," So quoth the callow dove. Then said the maiden ruler: "Of flying fish I've often heard. But flying lobsters, on my word, Are rare, oh, very rare."

SHILOH'S

Quick ease for the worst cough—quick relief to the heaviest cold—and SAFE to take, even for a child. That is Shiloh's Cure. Cures Coughs & Colds. Sold under a guarantee to cure colds and coughs quicker than any other medicine—or your money back. 34 years of success commend Shiloh's Cure. 25c., 50c., \$1.

QUICKLY!

tainly not sir. If it gets so near six as that I never begin the word at all."

It is Known Everywhere—There is not a city, town or hamlet in Canada where Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is not known—wherever introduced it makes a foothold for itself and maintained it. Some merchants may suggest some other remedy as equally beneficial. Such recommendations should be received with doubt. There is only one Electric Oil, and that is Dr. Thomas'. Take nothing else.

A poor man is always talking about what he would do if he were rich, but a rich man never talks about what he would do if poor.

Re-gain Your Strength by taking "Ferrorin." It's the best tonic ever compounded. It nourishes and strengthens the whole system.

A pile of filthy lucre isn't necessarily a heap of dirt.

If a bride isn't homesick for her family six weeks after marriage it's a sign she married the right man.

SEWING MACHINES FOR RENT.

by week or month, at low rates. The Singer, and Wheeler & Wilson are acknowledged the lightest running and most convenient of the kind and can be convinced. Only at the Singer stores. Look for the Red S.

Any lady having used any make of sewing machine for 5 years or more write Singer Sewing Machine Co., Manning Chambers, Toronto, for beautiful set of ten souvenir views of Ontario. Free for asking.

A FREEHOLD.

He—"Would you give me a place in your heart?"

She—"Yes, if you can pay the rent."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

A tumbler contains 10oz., a tea-cup 7oz., and a wineglass 2oz.

When a man marries a girl for her beautiful face and graceful form the joke is apt to be on him later.

It's easy to paint with good paint, it works so nicely and looks so fresh. Ramsay's Paints are good paints—good all the way through. Every house in town should be touched up with Ramsay's Paints. Your dealer has a full stock. Ramsay's Paints the right paint to paint right. Write A. Ramsay & Son Co., Montreal, for pack of Souvenir Picture Post Cards of Homes.

A lot of entanglements result from presents with strings attached.

Even a first-class woodworker cannot necessarily fill a position in a chop house.

Have you tried Holloway's Corn Cure? It has no equal for removing these troublesome excrescences as many have testified who have tried it.

Convalescent (effusively): "How can I ever repay you, doctor?" Doctor (practically): "By cheque, notes, or gold, and I hope soon, my dear sir."

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch in human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

AS BAD AS CHICAGO.

Wellington, New Zealand, one of the Windiest Cities in the World.

Wellington, the political capital of New Zealand, is one of the windiest cities in the world, and once a building there gets "well alight" there is little chance of saving. Recently the Parliament buildings were destroyed, and St. Mary's Roman Catholic Cathedral, close by, has been twice burned down. Everybody in Wellington clutches his hat on rounding a street corner to prevent its being blown into space. A Wellington man is always known in Sydney, Melbourne and other cities by holding on to his hat through force of habit.

The **PETERBOROUGH CANOE CO.** Ltd
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PETERBOROUGH CANADA
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SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND GET OUR
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Transacts an investment and financial business. Stocks bought outright or on margin. Direct wires to Boston, New York Philadelphia, Chicago and Montreal. Also a direct wire to Cobalt.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

References:—R. G. Dan & Company, The Broadstreets Commercial Agency.

WIFE WAS IT.

"Well, and what did the doctor say?" "Said I must diet and get a divorce."

"A divorce?" "Well, practically that. He said I must give up whatever doesn't agree with me."

Insurance Official—"Of what complaint did your father die?" Applicant—"The jury found him guilty."

Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup needs no recommendation. To all who are familiar with it, it speaks for itself. Years of use in the treatment of colds and coughs and all affections of the throat has unquestionably established its place among the very best medicines for such diseases. If you give it a trial you will not regret it. You will find it 25 cents well invested.

IT ALL DEPENDS.

"Things is blessin's or otherwise," said Uncle Eben, "ordin' to how you uses em. Hope is what keeps some men workin' day best an' what encourages others to run into debt."

HAD PRACTICE.

"Miss Blond is so sweet; she knows how to make every one at ease." "She ought to. She's been at it a long time."

Did you ever hear a man with an obese bank account say that the love of money was the root of all evil?

Black Watch
Chewing Tobacco
The big black plug.
2299

BRITISH CRUISER RAMMED

Gladiator Sent to the Bottom By the Ocean Liner S. Paul.

A despatch from Portsmouth, England, says: The American Line steamship St. Paul, which left Southampton on her regular voyage bound for New York on Saturday afternoon in a dense snowstorm, rammed and destroyed the British second-class cruiser Gladiator off the Isle of Wight. According to the statement issued by the Admiral commanding the Portsmouth station, three bodies have been recovered, those of Cowdry, first waiter, and Widgery and Sieberres, stewards. Two seamen were injured and have since died in the Golden Hill Hospital. Six injured are in the hospital. Lieutenant Wm. P. Graves, five petty officers and fifteen seamen and stokers are missing. Nobody on the St. Paul was killed or injured.

COLLIDED IN SNOWSTORM.

The St. Paul left Southampton at 12.30 o'clock. She was an hour behind her usual time for sailing, the delay being due to the belated arrival of the passenger train, which was blocked by snowdrifts on the trip from London. The weather was comparatively clear in Southampton waters, but immediately the St. Paul turned into Solent, which runs parallel to the Isle of Wight, she encountered a terrific snow blizzard.

Capt. Passow and his chief officer with the American Line's regular pilot, were on the bridge, and a lookout man was posted in the bows. Suddenly a ship appeared immediately in front of them: It was the Gladiator at anchor. Orders were given on the instant for full speed astern, in an endeavor to clear the cruiser, but it was too late.

RAMMED AMIDSHIPS.

The St. Paul's sharp stem rammed the anchored vessel amidships. The liner quivered and reeled, and the passengers rushed on deck in great alarm, the women on the verge of a panic. The officers and crew acted with the

greatest coolness, and allayed the terror with as fine a display of discipline as though she were the best-disciplined man of war. Five lifeboats were lowered to rescue the crew of the Gladiator, which had begun to sink almost at once.

FORMED IN LINE ON DECK.

The men of the cruiser gave a magnificent demonstration of discipline. At the captain's command they formed in line on the deck and stood in ranks while the cruiser settled down. In obedience to orders, successive batches marched to the gangways and entered the St. Paul's and the cruiser's boats, until practically the whole crew, which numbered 450 men, had been taken off and landed on the Isle of Wight.

Captain Walter Lumsden, true to naval traditions, was the last to leave his ship. Only a few men then were missing, and it was thought that most of them had been saved by a boat which had put out from Yarmouth.

The Gladiator soon settled down, sinking in about twenty minutes. The St. Paul returned to Southampton and her passengers were put ashore, seeking accommodation at the various hotels.

ST. PAUL BADLY DAMAGED.

The St. Paul was more seriously damaged than at first supposed. She shipped a great quantity of water through her broken plates, and from the moment she backed away from the wrecked cruiser until she reached her wharf at Southampton all her pumps were kept going to their full capacity. The damaged bows of the St. Paul indicate that she forced her nose at least twenty feet through the cruiser's side, but fortunately the greatest damage she received was above the waterline. The bow post was buckled, while the plates on both the port and starboard bows were crushed in and gaping cracks extended along the side.

DEATH IN TORNADO'S WAKE

Terrific Cyclones Rage Over the Southern States

A despatch from Atlanta, Georgia, says: A wind of cyclonic proportions swept over portions of Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama late on Friday, leaving a trail of dead and injured. The number of killed is estimated at close to 100, and the number of injured at over 100, with many portions of the afflicted districts in hear from. Most of the dead are negroes. Perhaps a dozen white persons were caught in falling buildings and either fatally injured or seriously disabled.

In Louisiana it is estimated that a score of small towns were destroyed or partly wrecked. They include Amite City, Arcadia and Independence, Bello Grove, Melton, Lorman, Pineridge, Quitman Landing, Fairchilds Creek, Purvis and Lumberton, Miss., are reported seriously damaged by the storm. 45 persons are reported killed at Amite.

In Alabama, Dora was the chief sufferer. Fifty persons at the lowest estimate were injured. One man killed.

from the railroad tracks and considerable other property destroyed.

Reports also say that the storm struck Albertville, Ala., late Friday afternoon, and destroyed the entire northern portion of the town. An unconfirmed report from this section gives the death list as from 30 to 35, with scores of persons injured.

From Meriden, Miss., comes a report that a woman and her child were killed outright, while a number of other persons were hurt.

Richland and Lamourie, La., were struck by the storm and nearly a fifth of their population injured.

Winchester, Miss., a small town, is reported wiped out, though only two other persons are known to have been killed.

Natchez, Miss., reports sixty are known to be dead in the northern Louisiana storm.

Mobile reported nine dead in Hattiesburg, Miss., but this has not been confirmed.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 28.—Manitoba Wheat—For immediate delivery, No. 1 northern, \$1.17, Georgian Bay ports; feed wheat, 69c; No. 2 feed, 63c at North Bay. For May delivery, No. 1 northern, \$1.15; No. 2 northern, \$1.11; No. 3 northern, \$1.06.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white, 90½c to 91½c at point of shipment; No. 2 red, 90c; No. 2 mixed, 88½c; goose, 87c to 88c.

Corn—No. 2 yellow American, 74c; No. 3 yellow, 72½c Toronto freight; No. 3 mixed, 1c less.

Barley—Very dull; No. 2, 52c to 55c.

Peas—No. 2, 89c to 90c, outside.

Rye—Strong; No. 2, 86c to 87c.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 64½c to 65c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 45½c outside, 47½c on track Toronto; No. 2 mixed, 43c.

Flour—Manitoba patents, special brands, 86; seconds, \$5.40; strong bakery's, \$5.30; winter wheat patents, \$3.35.

Bran—Full cars, \$24.50 to \$25, Toronto freights.

Shorts—Scarce, \$24 f.o.b. mills.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Eggs—New-laid, 10c to 17c.

Butter—Is becoming more plentiful, and the market is easier.

Creamery prints 30c to 32c

do solids 29c to 30c

Dairy prints 25c to 26c

do large rolls 24c to 25c

do solids 23c to 24c

Inferior 20c to 21c

Potatoes—Ontario, 85c to 90c; Delaware, 95c to \$1, in car lots on track here.

Beans—Firm; \$1.70 to \$1.75 for primes and \$1.80 to \$1.85 for hand-picked.

Honey—Strained steady at 11c to 12c per pound for 60-pound pails and 12c to 13c for 5 to 10-pound pails. Combs at \$1.75 to \$2.50 per dozen.

Cheese—14c for large and 14½c for twins, in job lots here; new-make, 13c for large and 13½c for twins.

Maple Syrup—\$1 to \$1.10 per gallon.

Baled Straw—\$8 to \$9 per ton.

Baled Hay—Timothy is quoted at \$15 to \$15.50 in car lots on tracks here.

PROVISIONS.

Pork—Short cut, \$21 to \$21.50 per barrel; mess, \$17.50 to \$18.

Lard—Tierces, 11½c; tubs, 11½c; pails, 12c.

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 10c to 10½c, tons and cases; hams, medium and light, 12c to 13c; hams, large, 11½c to 12c; backs, 16c to 16½c; shoulders, 9½c to 10c; rolls, 10c to 10½c; breakfast bacon, 14c to 15c; green meats out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

SEEDS.

Following are the prices paid at outside points:—Alsike, No. 1, \$12 for fancy lots; No. 2, \$10; No. 3, \$8.50 to \$9. Samples mixed with timothy, trefoil or weeds, according to quality.

Red Clover—Finner, No. 1 cleaned, \$12.50 to \$13, and a little higher for extra fancy lots; No. 2, \$11 to \$11.25; ordinary lots, mixed with weeds, according to quality.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, April 28.—A steady volume of trade is passing in flour. Choice spring wheat patents, \$6.10; second, \$5.50; winter wheat patents, \$5.50; straight rollers, \$5 to \$5.25; do., in bags, \$2.35 to \$2.50; extras, \$1.80 to \$1.90.

Feeds, etc.—Manitoba bran, \$22 to \$23; shorts, \$23 to \$24; Ontario grain shorts, \$22 to \$22.50; middlings, \$24 to \$25; shorts, \$25 to \$27 per ton, including bags, and pure grain mouille at \$32 to \$34.

YOUNG FOLKS

JETTE AND THE MESSAGE.

"Deary me!" sighed Gladys Rumsey, from the sleepy-hollow chair. "I do wish something exciting would happen, don't you, Jette?"

Jette wagged an agreeing answer with her tight curly tail, for although she was only a pug-dog, she was very peltie, and always replied in her own way when her little mistress spoke to her.

Only the dull clock ticks broke the silence of the Saturday afternoon, for Gladys lived out West on a ranch in Colorado, where the Rocky Mountains wear snow nightcaps the year round, and the prairie-dogs turn somersaults into the holes through the roofs of their houses.

Her home was a brick house of four rooms, with no up-stairs, and it was surrounded by many acres of land, through which ran ditches of water that made the purple alfalfa clover grow.

Suddenly Gladys sat up so quickly that astonished Jette bumped down behind her, and she was further surprised when her mistress rushed to the window, shouting, "O, mother, come quickly! The cattle are loose!"

Jette by this time had jumped up on the window-sill, only to scramble down again and rush excitedly with Gladys toward the door, where they met Mrs. Rumsey hurrying into the room.

"Oh, what can we do?" cried poor Mrs. Rumsey, as she reached the window and saw the broken rails in the corral, through which the cattle were running and jumping. "They are so wild, just being driven in off the range, that some one may get hurt!"

"If father would only happen to start for home this very instant!" cried Gladys, watching the stampede with fearful, frightened eyes.

"But he will not be here for hours! If I could only get word to him! But it is unsafe for either of us to go out on foot, and there are the cattle rushing for the foot-hills!"

Gadys stood watching the dust kicked up by the flying hoofs, and wishing that she was a big boy, or something besides a little girl, so that she could help. Suddenly a thought popped into her head.

"Don't you think, mother, that perhaps Jette would follow the trail to the mine and take a note?"

"Why, yes, dear, perhaps she would," replied Mrs. Rumsey, with much interest. "She has certainly played post-man from room to room with us, and it is worth trying, she is so intelligent," and she hurried hopefully from the room for pencil and paper.

Jette rushed wildly back and forth from window to door, as if she understood that something important was expected of her.

Mrs. Rumsey came back with a note, which read: "Mr. Rumsey's cattle have broken loose. Send help at once." This she tied very carefully on Jette's collar, and after giving her a loving pat, Gladys and her little playmate ran across the yard to the narrow trail which led to the mine.

After a hearty hug and a gentle push, Gladys told her to go find papa, and scampered back into the house, where she could watch her start from the window.

There was only a winding path to follow, so Jette kept on running through the sunlight and shade, with her tail curled as round as a doughnut, which was always its shape when she was good and happy.

Just as she reached the opening round the shaft-house, I am sorry to say that she stopped to see if one of her buried bones had been disturbed. But luckily the engineer happened to step to the door at that moment, and as she was

of partly wrecked. They include Amite City, Arcadia and Independence, Belle Grove, Melton, Lorman, Pineridge, Quilman Landing, Fairchild Creek, Purvis and Lumberton, Miss., are reported seriously damaged by the storm. 45 persons are reported killed at Amite. In Alabama, Dora was the chief sufferer. Fifty persons at the lowest estimate were injured. Cars were blown

TWO MILLIONS A DAY.

Enormous Growth in Canada's Foreign Trade.

A despatch from Ottawa says: For the fiscal year ending with last month Canada's total trade reached the record figure of \$638,390,291, an increase of \$25,818,940 over the corresponding twelve months of 1906-07. The imports for the year totalled \$358,373,595, an increase of \$2,228,075. Exports of \$280,016,696, an increase of \$7,810,000. The customs revenue for the year increased by \$3,314,281, the total being \$58,320,737. The largest increase in domestic exports was in agricultural products, which totalled \$66,069,939, as compared with \$19,541,327 for the preceding twelve months. Exports of manufactures totalled \$28,507,124, an increase of \$2,288,075. Exports of the mine totalled \$39,177,130, an increase of \$3,030,993. Fisheries exports remained practically stationary, totalling \$13,817,368. A large decrease is shown in the exports of animals and their produce, which reached only \$35,101,220 last year, as compared with \$67,877,704 for the preceding twelve months. Exports of the forest totalled \$44,170,476, a decrease of \$1,652,702. For the last month the imports totalled \$30,052,232, a decrease of \$6,789,844. Exports amounted to \$18,572,085, an increase of \$2,442,080.

INSANE, TOOK HIS LIFE.

Farmer Living Near Lindsay Committed Suicide.

A despatch from Lindsay says: Win Lowrie, a farmer living about ten miles north of here, committed suicide on Thursday night by hanging. He was well-to-do, and no cause can be given for his action other than that he was suffering from temporary insanity. He attempted suicide two weeks ago, but was prevented by his wife.

on their population injured. Winchester, Miss., a small town, is reported wiped out, though only two other persons are known to have been killed.

Natchez, Miss., reports sixty are known to be dead in the northern Louisiana storm.

Mobile reported nine dead in Hattiesburg, Miss., but this has not been confirmed.

IMMIGRATION RETURNS.

Falling Off in the Arrivals in Last Three Months.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The total immigration for the first three months of the present calendar year was 27,144, as compared with 42,648 for the same three months in 1907, showing a decrease of 14,904. The British immigration was 8,941, as compared with 20,822, a decrease of 11,878. The continental immigration was 6,810, as compared with 11,600, a decrease of 4,790. The immigration from the United States was 11,390, as compared with 9,626, an increase of 1,764. The immigration for the last fiscal year, ending with last month, was 262,469, made up of 120,182 British, 93,975 continental and 58,312 from the United States. For the corresponding twelve months of 1906-07 the immigration was 222,702, made up of 103,946 British, 59,473 continental and 59,283 from the United States. The increase for the twelve months was 39,767.

THIS IS A CRUEL BLOW.

Prunes Threaten to Become a Real Luxury This Season.

A despatch from Chicago says: Prunes threaten to become a real luxury and disappear in the menu cards of many restaurants and boarding houses. Reports from the Sacramento Valley and S. none. Napa, Tehama and Colusa counties in California indicate that late frosts have damaged about 50 per cent. of the growing crop. Damage in the Santa Clara Valley also is thought to be heavy. A normal crop of prunes will total about 170,000,000 pounds. Last year about 75,000,000 pounds were produced, and this year merchants say the crop is not expected to total over 50,000,000 pounds. This deficit is expected to send prices skyward.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP PAYS

Annual Report of the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board.

A despatch from Toronto says: That municipal ownership pays is one of the things the second annual report of the Ontario Railway Board shows. It paid in 1906 with a profit of over half a million.

Important figures are given respecting public utilities in the province. The total investment is \$41,824,561.88, divided as follows:—Waterworks, \$19,085,116; Electric Light & Power, \$1,710,667; Gas Works, \$916,735; Telephones, \$106,044.

Dependure and other debts are: Waterworks, \$12,502,301; Electric, \$1,313,816; Gas, \$737,948; Telephones, \$100,858.

For the past year the returns were as follows: Waterworks, gross income, \$1,626,984; net, \$431,013; Electric, gross, \$454,644; net, \$67,152; Gas, gross, \$188,750, net, \$40,901; Telephone, gross, \$26,797, net, \$6,100.

Thus during the past year the public utilities yielded to the municipalities owning them the neat little profit

of \$545,176, after paying all charges and giving service on a cost basis.

32 PERSONS KILLED.

During the year 32 persons were killed and 330 injured on the railways under the jurisdiction of the Board. Of the killed seven were passengers; seven employees; 17 travellers on the highways; one trespasser; none on level crossings. Of the injured 181 were passengers, 38 employees.

The Electric railway business increased all along the line during the year. The mileage increased from 405 to 436; passengers carried from 111,316,577 to 125,417,057; gross earnings from \$5,080,028 to \$5,698,456; the net earnings from \$2,107,463 to \$2,344,008.

The report also deals with the question of jurisdiction and re-affirms its position as set forward in the letter of Chairman Leitch to Premier Whitney a short time ago.

The facts respecting Toronto's complaints against the Street Railway are also reviewed at some length.

\$5.50; winter wheat patents, \$5.50; straight rollers, \$5 to \$5.25; do. in bags, \$2.35 to \$2.50; extras, \$1.80 to \$1.90.

Feeds, etc.—Manitoba bran, \$22 to \$23; shorts, \$23 to \$24; Ontario grain shorts, \$22 to \$22.50; middlings, \$24 to \$25; shorts, \$25 to \$27 per ton, including bags, and pure grain mouille at \$32 to \$34.

Cereals—Rolled oats, \$3.12½ per bag; cornmeal, \$1.67½ to \$1.75 per bag.

Eggs—A good demand prevails for eggs on the local market. Receipts are hardly keeping pace with the consumption, and prices are therefore firm, without change. Fresh eggs are to-day selling at 16½c per dozen in jobbing lots, and at 17c to 18c in single cases.

Cheese—Colored quoted at 12½c to 13c, and old white at 12½c to 12½c. Receipts to-day were 74 boxes.

Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, \$21; half barrels do., \$10.75; clear fat hams, \$22 to \$23; long cut heavy mess, \$20; half barrels do., \$10.50; dry salt long clear hams, 10½c; barrels put at \$13.50 to \$15; half barrels do., \$7.25 to \$7.75; barrels heavy mess beef, \$10 to \$11; half barrels do., \$5.50 to \$6; compound lard, 8½c to 9c; pure lard, 11½c to 11½c; kettle rendered, 11½c to 12c; hams, 12c to 13½c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 14c to 15c; Windsor bacon, 14½c to 15½c; fresh-killed at-a-half-dressed hogs, \$9.75 to \$10; live, \$6.50 to \$6.75.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, April 28.—Wheat — Spot, firm; No. 2 red, \$1.03½; elevator; No. 2 red, \$1.04½, f.o.b., afloat; No. 1 northern, Duluth, \$1.15, f.o.b., afloat; No. 2 hard winter, \$1.11½, f.o.b., afloat.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, April 28.—A few lots of good exporters' cattle were sold around \$6 per cwt. The range of choice steers was \$5.60 to \$6 per cwt. Medium exporters' animals sold around \$5.25 to \$5.40, and heavy bulls were quoted at \$4.25 to \$5 per cwt.

Butchers' cattle, choice, in small lots, \$5.60 to \$5.80 per cwt; choice loads, \$5.20 to \$5.50; medium, \$4.60 to \$5; common and medium mixed, \$3.50 to \$4.50; cows, choice, \$4.25 to \$4.75; cows, medium, \$3.60 to \$4; cows, common, \$2.50 to \$3.50 per cwt. Bulls ranged from \$3 to \$4.75 per cwt.

A considerable business was transacted in feeders and stockers on fair offerings. Prices were unchanged at \$4 to \$5 per cwt. for feeders, and \$3.25 to \$4 for stockers.

Calves were lower in value on large offerings. Their prices ranged from \$2 to \$5 per cwt.

Export ewes sold at \$4.50 to \$5; bucks and culls, \$3.50 to \$4; lambs, grain-fed, \$6 to \$7 per cwt.

Hogs were unchanged at \$6.40 for select, and \$6.15 for lights and fats.

LOG CAR RAN AWAY.

Killed Nine Men on the Susquehanna Railroad.

A despatch from Ralston, Pa., says: A work train on the Susquehanna & New York Railroad, near Laquin, Pa., was wrecked on Wednesday morning by a runaway car which dashed into the train after descending a steep grade. Eight lumbermen were killed outright, one died later while being taken to a hospital, and fifteen were seriously injured. The wreck occurred on the Laquin Lumber Company's log road leading up into the mountains, about twenty-six miles from Ralston. The men were riding on the log train, which was being pushed up the steep ascent by the engine. A log car ran away and came down the grade at terrific speed toward the train. An attempt was made to reverse the engine on the log train to avoid the shock of the collision, but the runaway car crashed into the cars before anything could be done. The engineer and fireman and those in the train who were near the engine escaped injury.

the sunlight and shade, when her tail curled as round as a doughnut, which was always its shape when she was good and happy.

Just as she reached the opening round the shaft-house, I am sorry to say that she stopped to see if one of her buried bones had been disturbed. But luckily the engineer happened to step to the door at that moment, and as she was a great favorite with all the miners, he called to her to come and speak to him.

As he stooped down to shake hands with his little caller, he saw something white tied round her neck, which he removed very carefully.

"Whew!" he whistled, when he had spread the note out and read it. Then he ran back, sent for Mr. Rumsey, and rushed out to saddle the horses.

In less time than it takes to read 'T. Tom, the engineer, was riding to the next town to secure men and cowboys to round up the cattle, and Gladys' father, with surprised Jette tucked under his arm, was cantering for home as fast as Dick could take him.

"Here's father!" shouted Gladys, as Mr. Rumsey rode into the yard; and they hurried out to tell him about the accident, while he dismounted and put Jette in her little mistress's arms, where she cuddled down, happily.

In a short time Tom and a dozen men rode into sight. Mr. Rumsey soon caught up with them, and they swept away toward the foothills.

That evening, when all the cattle had been found except two, and the family was gathered about the cozy lamp, Gladys said, "I think Jette is a little four-legged heroine, for she saved so many cattle and perhaps somebody's life! And you know something might have stepped on her!"

"That is true," agreed the father, looking up from his paper and giving Jette an affectionate pat. "For my part, I don't see how a boy and a Scotch cattle could have served me better this afternoon than did my little girl and her dog."—Youth's Companion.

A DASH FOR LIBERTY.

Chinaman Tries to Escape at St. John, New Brunswick.

A despatch from St. John, N. B., says: A Chinaman who was held by order of the customs here, made a bold dash for liberty on Thursday, but was recaptured. He came out as a passenger to St. John on the Allan liner Virginian, and traveled as a Japanese. It was minus a queue. The Customs Department decided that his features declared him a Chinese, and unless it could be proven he were a Japanese he must pay \$500 or go back. He was then placed under guard on the steamer. On Thursday he eluded his watchers and jumped overboard. He swam ashore, ran along the street, followed by an excited, yelling crowd, but was recaptured and put back aboard the steamer.

CONFERENCES ARE FRUITLESS.

Railways and Mechanics at Winnipeg are Still Far Apart.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The situation between the railway mechanics and the companies remains practically the same. The C. N. R. and C. P. R. mechanics both held conferences with the companies on Friday morning, but nothing was given out at either place. The officials absolutely refuse to talk on the subject at all and it appears that neither party seems to know where they are at.

The C. P. R. mechanics were closeted with Grant Hall for over one hour and the conference ended without a single thing being agreed upon. The C. N. R. men spent nearly three hours with A. Shields and J. R. Cameron, and when the meeting ended both parties refused to give out any statement of what was reached at all.

That matters are unsatisfactory is evidenced by the repeated conferences, which apparently are useless.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraph Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

The subscriptions for the Bell memorial at Brantford amount to \$40,700. The Lindsay roller rink was badly damaged by fire on Friday.

Toronto's tax rate was struck by the Board of Control at 18½ mills.

Peter Hing, a Chinaman, heads the list in the law examinations at McGill. It is said at Ottawa that the insurance bill will be left over to next session.

McLaughlin's mills at Buctouche, N. B., were burned on Saturday. Loss, \$45,000.

Some Toronto doctors are objecting to the advertising signs in the drug store windows.

The rail mill at Sault Ste. Marie has been closed indefinitely owing to lack of orders.

The foreign trade of Canada for the last fiscal year amounted to \$638,200,291, a large increase.

The Fornebo, from Sydney, C. B., with coal, was the first sea boat to arrive at Quebec this season.

Magistrate Kingsford, of Toronto, has decided that an automatic cent-in-the-slot machine must not sell chewing gum on Sunday.

Joseph Gauthier, a laborer at Montreal, was crushed to death under a large stone that fell from a building, on Friday.

William Convey jumped off a bridge at St. Catharines 150 feet into a rocky stream below and escaped with his life, on Saturday.

The Cataract Power Company has accepted the offer of the city of Hamilton, modifying the terms of the street railway franchise.

J. B. Corriveau, clerk for a Montreal horse dealer, has disappeared with a sum of his employer's money, accompanied, it is said, by a young woman employed as bookkeeper by another firm.

Deposits in Canadian banks, which have been steadily declining, increased by fifteen millions during March. The statement of the banks for the month shows a healthy revival and prospect of easier money.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. Winston Churchill was beaten in the bye-election in Northwest Manchester by a majority of 429.

The Shipbuilding Employers' Association has ordered a lock-out in every shipbuilding yard in the United Kingdom.

Speaking at Manchester, Mr. Winston Churchill declared himself in favor of settling the Irish question on broad and generous lines.

Mr. Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Education, the first of Mr. Asquith's new Cabinet Ministers to go to his constituents, was re-elected in Devsbury by 1,148 votes.

UNITED STATES.

Two boys at Hawthorne, Pa., were poisoned by eating wild parsnips.

Three hundred and fifty are dead as a result of the southern tornado.

The United States Senate ratified the arbitration treaty with Great Britain.

The anti-bucket shop bill has passed both Houses of the Legislature at Albany.

The Rothschilds of London will take an issue of \$40,000,000 of 40-year 4 per cent. bonds of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

A committee of six has been appointed by the United States House of Representatives to inquire into the question of the price of print paper.

HEALTH

LYMPHATISM.

This is a peculiar condition, and fortunately a rare one, affecting children and youths, always serious in its dangers, and not infrequently the cause of sudden death following a comparatively trivial injury.

In this disease, or rather morbid state of the constitution, called more commonly status lymphaticus, there seems to be a tendency to overgrowth of the lymphatic structures in the body—such as the lymphatic glands, the spleen and the thymus gland. This last is a body, related in structure to the lymphatic glands and the tonsils, situated in the upper part of the chest, which begins to waste away about the second year, and normally disappears entirely about the thirteenth or fourteenth year. In the condition we are considering, it does not disappear as it should, but persists unchanged throughout childhood.

All the so-called lymphatic tissues are over-developed—the tonsils, the "adenoids" in the back of the throat, the intestinal glands, as well as the organs above mentioned. The general processes of nutrition and of growth are sluggish; the child develops slowly and presents symptoms resembling, or rather recalling, those of rickets. The child lacks vigor, and its powers of endurance are much below the normal for one of its age.

The most serious aspect of this state of lymphatism is in the tendency to sudden death of its subjects. This may occur without any adequate explanation, or it may come while the child is under the influence of an anesthetic prior to some surgical operation, during an attack of diphtheria, especially at the time of an injection of antitoxin,—the remedy then, rather than the constitutional fault, being blamed for the sad occurrence,—in convalescence from typhoid fever or some other infectious disease, or even, perhaps, while sea-bathing.

The cause of this weak vitality, which is unable to resist the slightest attack, is unknown. The general symptoms are a good deal like those of rickets, and lymphatism is often associated with rickets; but it differs from it in being an inherent vice of constitution rather than a result of a defective nutrition which can be corrected by proper diet and an improved hygiene. It is thought to be due, possibly, to a poisoning of the system by secretions of the thymus gland.

When the condition is suspected great care must be taken to guard the child against any sudden shock to the system—a sudden blow or fall, acute pain, the administration of ether or chloroform, exposure to cold or wet.

An endeavor should be made to strengthen the constitution, and especially the heart and nervous system, by a nourishing diet, tonics, and a general building up by moderate exercise and a life in the open air.—Youth's Companion.

FOR THE INVALID.

Foot Bath in Bed.—Lay a large towel in bed where the knees of the patient come. Slide the bath-tub beneath the covers, letting it rest on the towel already arranged. Let the patient, lying on his back, draw up his feet, bending his knees so his feet will rest in the tub, placed where his knees were. Place another towel over the tub to prevent steam from dampening the bed clothes. When the tub is removed by the nurse the patient's feet will rest on the towel under the tub. The feet are wiped dry on this towel, which is then removed. Not a drop of water is spilled nor is the patient chilled.

Egg for Invalid.—An attractive dish for an invalid is made by whipping the whites of an egg, adding a few grains

LANDSLIDE BURIES TOWN

Terrible Disaster at Notre Dame de la Salette, Quebec.

A despatch from Ottawa says: From Notre Dame de la Salette, a little hamlet of French-Canadian farmers on the Lievre River, eighteen miles from Buckingham, Que., comes word of a terrible disaster. At 4.30 on Sunday morning while the villagers were still asleep the clay comprising the top of a high hill of the Laurentian range beneath which the village lay slid down with terrific speed, buried in the twinkling of an eye or swept before it most of the twenty-five houses in Notre Dame de la Salette, killed at least thirty-five persons, and injured many others. So huge was the mass of falling clay that it filled the bed of the Lievre, damming it up and flooding the adjacent land. Much of the loss of life was caused by the ice forced out of the river-bed sweeping away the houses adjacent to it.

The villagers, roused from their slumbers by the roar of the avalanche as it swept down the hillside, at once entered upon the work of rescue, but as the houses overwhelmed stretched over a considerable area, and the location of some of them was in doubt, progress was slow. Messengers were at once despatched for help. There was no telegraph or telephone system in the village, and it was some time before the news reached Buckingham, but when it did doctors and nurses were rushed to the spot, followed later by some twenty-five coffins in which to bury the dead.

TWO TRAVELLERS WERE VICTIMS

The list of known dead, so far as can be learned, includes Mrs. Camille Desjardins, sen., and five grandchildren; Mrs. Joseph Murray and five children; Mr. A. Murray and a brother-in-law who lived with him; Mrs. D. Desjardins and two boys; Cleophas Des Lauriers, his wife and two children and two English-speaking men, supposed to be commercial travellers who are known to have been in Desjardins' Hotel on Saturday night, are missing.

The only one rescued from the Desjardins establishment was Grace, the eleven-year-old daughter. Mr. Desjardins was in Buckingham at the time, and did not learn of the accident until noon on Sunday. Most of the wrecked buildings are on the side of the river opposite the slide.

Details coming in show that from Mr. Louis Maunula's general store south to Desjardins Hotel, postoffice and store, half a mile away, only three houses are left. Sixteen buildings were damaged and of these ten were completely demolished.

Insurgents in the Province of Santiago, Argentine, drove the Governor and his Ministers from the State and proclaimed a provisional Government.

FIFTH LARGER CROP AVERAGE

Indications Point to Record Yield in the West This Year.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Official returns received by the Immigration Department from agents throughout the West show that the acreage under crop in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta this year will be about twenty per cent. greater than last year. All indications now point to a record yield of wheat from "the granary of the Empire" this year. The increased acreage, is, of course, largely due to the influx of new settlers.

Reports from agents of the depart-

ment in the Western States indicate that the number of American farmers who will take up land in the Canadian West this year will be very largely in excess of last year. On the other hand, owing to the restrictive regulations recently put in force by the Government, the immigration from Great Britain this year shows a very considerable falling off. For March, the arrivals of British immigrants were 50 per cent. less than for the corresponding month of last year.

MR. DRINKWATER'S DEATH.

Was Assistant to the President of the C. P. R. Company.

A despatch from Montreal says: Mr. Charles Drinkwater, assistant to the President of the C. P. R., died on Thursday night after an illness of only six days' duration. He contracted a cold a week ago, which developed into pneumonia. Mr. Drinkwater was in his 5th year, having been born at Ashton, England, in 1843. He began his railway career in England at the age of sixteen years, and had, therefore, been nearly half a century engaged in this work.

PIERCED HIS BREAST.

U. Codee Instantly Killed in Lumber

RUSSIA'S NEW WARSHIPS.

Five Ordered From Clyde Firm—Larger Than Dreadnought.

A despatch from London says: The Russian Government, according to a trade journal, has ordered five warships, each one to be larger than the Dreadnought, from a firm of Clyde ship-builders.

FARM NOTES.

There is a bright prospect ahead for the farmers who know, and the opportunity to know is within easy reach of every wideawake boy who has the necessary industry and perseverance.

The farmer is only incidentally interested in the violent fluctuations in stocks, which occur periodically and which are brought about for speculative purposes. There are other and larger

both Houses of the Legislature at Albany.

The Rothschilds of London will take an issue of \$40,000,000 of 40-year 4 per cent. bonds of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

A committee of six has been appointed by the United States House of Representatives to inquire into the question of the price of print paper.

The New York State Senate has passed a bill placing telegraph and telephone companies under the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission.

At the American Newspaper Publishers' banquet in New York W. J. Bryan suggested a non-partisan type of paper, with signed editorials on both sides of politics.

GENERAL.

The port of La Guaira, Venezuela, has been closed on account of the plague. Sir James Wilcocks will lead a punitive expedition against the Mahomds. on the Afghan frontier.

Corean insurgents made an unsuccessful attempt to wreck a train in which Marquis Hu was travelling.

King Manuel of Portugal has promised to refund the value of the Crown jewels sold by his father.

The Chentao boundary dispute between Japan and China has been reopened, and six Japanese ironclads have been dispatched to Amoy.

Eighteen persons have been shot at Guatemala for conspiring to assassinate the President, and other executions will follow.

The mountaineers on the Persian frontier are flocking to the aid of the Kurds, who are menaced by a Russian punitive expedition.

GIRL'S HEROISM UNAVAILING.

Saved Children From Burning House Only to Lose Them.

A despatch from Battleford, Sask., says: Miss Anna Matthews is the only survivor of a family of five, as a result of prairie fires in the Tramping Lake District. The father went to fight the flames, which were sweeping down on their little home, and perished in the attempt. The house took fire, and Anna Matthews, 18 years of age, with her clothes all ablaze, carried her five-year-old brother and sister to a place of safety, and then returned for her mother, but too late. She fought her way again through the sea of fire only to find that the other children had wandered again into the fire zone and perished.

REGISTERED MAIL STOLEN.

Thieves' Work at Edmonton—One Bag Recovered.

A despatch from Edmonton, Alta., says: A bag containing registered letters was stolen on the arrival of the Winnipeg train on Thursday. The sacks were loaded on the mail wagon, and on arrival at the post-office, it appears, were overlooked. One contained registered matter for the Calgary and Edmonton Railway, south. A search revealed the Calgary and Edmonton bag beneath some empty sacks near by, but the other was gone. Two or three suspects are under surveillance, and arrests are probable.

BATTLE WITH MAHMOUDS.

British Troops Dislodged the Hill Tribes men.

A despatch from Simla, India, says: In consequence of an attempt made by the Mahmoud tribesmen to cut his lines of communication Sir James Wilcocks the commander of the British force sent out from Pershawur against the raiding natives, attacked the enemy on Friday morning with two columns, comprising all his available troops. After a sharp fight the British troops dislodged the tribesmen from their positions. The British casualties are given at sixty. The losses of the Mahmouds are not known.

steam from dampening the bed clothes. When the tub is removed by the nurse the patient's feet will rest on the towel under the tub. The feet are wiped dry on this towel, which is then removed. Not a drop of water is spilled nor is the patient chilled.

Egg for Invalid.—An attractive dish for an invalid is made by whipping the white of an egg, adding a few grains of salt, and arranging it on a circular slice of bread which has been dipped for an instant in boiling water. Make a depression in the centre, drop on the broken yolk, and bake in a moderate oven until the white is a delicate brown. Garnish with parsley.

Dish for Convalescent.—When bread gets too dry to use for table it can be daintily served by cutting in medium thick slices with cookie cutters in star and heart shapes; dip the pieces in beaten egg and milk, fry in butter until a deep brown, arrange neatly on fancy plate, and serve with maple sugar.

FEARS THE YELLOW MAN.

Austrian Premier Tells English People a Struggle is Coming.

A despatch from London says: In addressing a gathering in the Liverpool Produce Exchange on Thursday, the Hon. T. Price, Premier of South Australia, said that Great Britain could not keep the country going by flying the flag over it. The Australians, he said, saw the yellow peril ahead, and were getting ready to face it. He hoped that every man under 30 would learn how to use a rifle, so that he would be able to assist in resisting the advance of the yellow men.

THREE GIRLS POISONED.

Daughters of Mr. George Sears of Welland—Canned Salmon Blamed.

A despatch from Welland says: The three daughters of Mr. George Sears of The Welland Telegraph staff were poisoned by plomaine through eating canned salmon on Wednesday night. They did not notice any ill-effects until about 10 o'clock, when intense nausea set in, followed by vomiting. The quick appearance of Dr. Howell prevented more disastrous consequences. Mr. Sears, who also partook freely of the salmon, was not affected, nor were any other members of the family.

GRASPING THE LEVER.

Engineer Rigger Killed on C. N. R. Near Roblin, Manitoba.

A despatch from Roblin, Man. says: A Canadian Northern locomotive drawing a freight train on the Edmonton main line jumped the track in a cutting about four miles east of Roblin on Thursday morning and rolled over, crushing Engineer Edward Rigger to death. The fireman jumped and escaped without injury. The engineer met death at his post. When removing his body it was found that his hand was still tightly grasping the throttle. Ten cars loaded with wheat following the locomotive were derailed, and considerable wheat was spilled on the track. Mr. Rigger was a single man and lived in Dauphin. He was formerly a resident of Winnipeg.

CIGARETTE IGNITED FUSE.

Frank Foulsham, Employed on C. P. R. Near Fort William, Loses Hands.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Frank Foulsham, a young man employed in the construction camp of the C. P. R. west of Fort William, had his Thursday. He was sent to set the fuse, and the accident was the result of inexcusable carelessness. He was smoking a cigarette, and a spark from this ignited the fuse, which exploded the detonator in his hands, blowing both of them almost off. He is now in Fort William Hospital.

ten, England, in 1843. He began his railway career in England at the age of sixteen years, and had, therefore, been nearly half a century engaged in this work.

PIERCED HIS BREAST.

H. Codee Instantly Killed in Lumber Mills at Waldo, B. C.

A despatch from Fernie, B. C., says: Details of an accident in the lumber mills at Waldo, B. C., in which H. Codee was killed, have been received. Codee was putting a belt on a pulley, and, finding that it was too stiff for his hands, he took a piece of heavy steam pipe with which to slip on the leather. As he was manipulating the belt the pipe was caught in the revolving pulley, and instantly the iron was reversed, and shot through his breast, entering the wall behind and pinning him there.

OUR STANDING ARMY.

The Force Now Amounts to Five Thousand, All Ranks.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The militia orders issued to-day give the establishments of the various permanent corps for this year, and the recapitulation shows that Canada's standing army now totals 4,854 officers and men.

There is a bright prospect ahead for the farmers who know, and the opportunity to know is within easy reach of every wideawake boy who has the necessary industry and perseverance.

The farmer is only incidentally interested in the violent fluctuations in stocks, which occur periodically and which are brought about for speculative purposes. There are other and larger questions affecting agriculture than the operations of the stock gamblers. The help problem, the question of transportation and the extension of our export trade are concerns of real importance.

Cut seed-potatoes into pieces, having two or three eyes each. If you fear scab, soak the seed two hours in a solution of one-half pint formalin diluted with fifteen gallons of water. Have the pieces quite large, as a large piece insures sufficient strength to support the sprout till the plant can begin to draw nutriment from the soil. Make the rows about three feet apart, and drop single seed about fifteen inches apart in the row. Do not get the plants so close together as to prevent the proper maturing of each plant. Use a good brand of potato manure in the rows.

Strangers committed sacrilege in the Vatican by receiving Communion at the hands of the Pope and then spitting out the consecrated wafers.

HEART AND LIVER UPSIDE DOWN

Extraordinary Malformation of a St. Louis Judge.

A despatch from Baltimore, Md., says: Surgeons in John Hopkins Hospital during an autopsy on the body of Judge I. McKeighan, of St. Louis, were astonished to discover that instead of the usual setting of the organs, those in the body were scattered about in almost unbelievable ways. His heart was turned in a position the reverse of normal, his kidneys were united by a ligament in the shape of a horse-shoe, and the liver was upside down, with the gall bladder on top. Many of the smaller organs were a chaos of entangling cords and fatty substances.

How Judge McKeighan lived with such strange transposition of the machinery of his body appears marvelous. Surgeons are mystified at it. Whether he was born with his organs in abnormal positions or they were

put in this state through disease or some freak of nature is not known. Judge McKeighan lived to be sixty-six years old, and was considered one of the ablest lawyers in St. Louis. His brain did not seem to suffer through the state of his organs, and he was able to eat heartily until within a few weeks of March 1, when he was brought to the Johns Hopkins Hospital in a critical condition.

He had become seriously ill in St. Louis in February, and his physicians were quite unable to fathom his symptoms. He was finally brought to the Johns Hopkins Hospital, where an operation was performed, during which discoveries were made of such a startling nature that the family consented to the autopsy, which was performed almost immediately after death.

MANGLED BY WHEEL OF MILL

Two Little Nova Scotia Girls Meet With a Horrible Death.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: The report of a most unusual accident comes from West Lighthouse Ferry, by which two little daughters of Henry Bernette, aged 9 and 11 years, lost their lives while on their way to gather May flowers. There is a sawmill in the vicinity, and the children were in the habit of taking a short cut under the wheel when the mill was idle, to shorten the distance. On this occasion their father warned them not to go in that

direction as the mill was to be set going that afternoon. The children did not heed the warning. Seeing the mill was not running they thought they were safe. When they were half way under the wheel started and wheeled them around, mangling them in a terrible manner. The men noticing the obstruction, stopped the machinery and in their horror found the poor little ones dead, mutilated so badly as to be beyond recognition.

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Yes. 100,000 times each day. Does it send out good blood or bad blood? You know, for good blood is good health; bad blood, bad health. And you know precisely what to take for bad blood—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Doctors have endorsed it for 60 years.

One frequent cause of bad blood is a sluggish liver. This produces constipation. Poisonous substances are then absorbed into the blood. Keep the bowels open with Ayer's Pills.

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EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

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On and after 1st December, 1905, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.50
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House, from the fact that, although he moved his adjournment upon the ground that these statutes were ultra vires of the autonomy acts, he expressed the opinion that they had a strong flavor of being unconstitutional, but would not go so far as to say they were illegal.

Aylesworth Defends Provincial Rights.

In reply Mr. Aylesworth in a firm, but courteous and dignified manner, informed the House that the statutes under discussion were received by the Secretary of State on 22 April, 1907, and from that time received the anxious consideration of the justice department, and in October 1907 a report was made to the provincial authorities.

Mr. Aylesworth having disposed of the contention that he had been indifferent in the matter, made a further declaration on the subject of provincial rights in the following language:

Well Sir, I need not say to my hon. friend as a loyal gentleman that statutes are not to be disallowed for a flavour, that statutes are not to be disallowed unless there is an actual illegality. Nay, speaking for myself, and entertaining the views I personally entertain upon the question of interference with provincial legislation by His Excellency in Council, I would almost go to the length of saying that unless it could be clearly seen that in legislating upon a particular subject a provincial legislature had overstepped the limits of the jurisdiction which is conferred by section 92 of the British North America Act, upon provincial legislatures, there ought not to be interference with their legislation by His Excellency in Council. I can assure my hon. friend that the most anxious consideration was given not merely to the particular chapters of the volume of legislation from the legislature of Saskatchewan to which he has referred, but to every chapter and to every clause contained within the two covers of the bound book, in which those statutes appear."

This disposed of Mr. Lavergne and his contention.

No Complaint from Minority.

After some remarks from Mr. Bergeron, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that from the day the legislation was passed until the present time, there has never come from the province of Saskatchewan to the government a single word of complaint against it. The minority in Saskatchewan had not asked that the statutes be disallowed. Sir Wilfrid said that the Minister of Justice who was an authority on the subject had stated that the acts were legal and should not be disallowed, and that unless it can be shown that the acts absolutely illegal, the matter should be left for the courts to determine. The subject of the rights of the minority was too sacred a one to be treated lightly.

Tories Short on Scandal.

Having no scandals, and nothing upon which slander can be founded, the Opposition has become listless. Mr. Borden appeared in the House on Tuesday for the first time in two weeks, and for a greater part of that time, Mr. Foster was also absent. The latter gentleman has not appeared since the Easter recess. Mr. Hugh Guthrie exposed the unreliable character of the figures presented by Mr. Foster on the budget debate, and since that time the man who is known more on account of the Royal Insurance commission report which condemned him, than for any public service he ever rendered, has thought it discreet to keep away from the House until the incident is partially forgotten.

Foster Deceived the House.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

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and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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The Knock-out Blow.

The blow which knocked out Corbett was a revelation to the prize fighters. From the earliest days of the ring the knock-out blow was aimed for the jaw, the temple or the jugular vein. Stomach punches were thrown in to worry and weary the fighter, but if a scientific man had told one of the old fighters that the most vulnerable spot was the region of the stomach, he'd have laughed at him for an ignoramus. Dr. Pierce is bringing home to the public a parallel fact; that the stomach is the most vulnerable organ out of the prize ring as well as in it. We protect our heads, throats, feet and lungs, but the ~~stomach~~ we are utterly indifferent to, until disease finds the solar plexus and knocks us out. Make your stomach sound and strong by the use of **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery**, and you protect yourself in your most vulnerable spot. "Golden Medical Discovery" cures "weak stomach," indigestion, or dyspepsia, torpid liver, bad, thin and impure blood and other diseases of the organs of digestion and nutrition.

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to take any part whatever in municipal affairs. Mr. Johnston contended that these men paid taxes, and had a perfect right to participate in civic affairs and say who should represent them on civic boards. Mr. Johnston invited the country to judge between the policy of the Conservatives, which would deprive a large body of men of their rights as citizens, and the policy of the Liberals, which recognized and proposed to protect them in their rights.

Government That Does Things.

That Canadians may reap the great benefit from the material advancement and prosperity of the country at large, and avail themselves of their natural advantages and opportunities the Government has entered upon great public works in the general interest. Railways have been assisted, wharves built, canals deepened, harbors dredged and public buildings erected, all of this for the general advantage of the people and to meet the requirements of expanding trade.

Public money is being wisely expended, not to enrich the few, but for the benefit of all the people. This is the surest test of honest and wise administration, that public money is expended in the public interest and for the general good.

The Government, with the many problems in the older part of Canada is not unmindful of the West. The building of the Grand Trunk Pacific is being pushed on with all possible speed. Everything that the Government can do to further this enterprise

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POLITICAL NEWS!

The Opposition must have run out of scandals. There has not been a new one produced for weeks. Mr. Foster resurrected a few dead ones when speaking on the budget, but as the gentlemen who followed on the government side had much to speak about of actual interest to the people no attention was paid to them. The public accounts committee, the favorite campaign material factory of the Opposition, has been practically abandoned and the Liberal members who are conscientiously giving their time to an examination of the public vouchers, are not hampered very much just at the present. It may be that the suspicious Mr. Ames, or the belligerent Mr. Bennett will find something other upon which to exercise their respective talents before very long.

Autonomy Discussion.

Mr. Laverne secured the support of the Conservatives in a motion to adjourn the House on Tuesday to discuss the question of the legality of certain statutes passed by the legislature of Saskatchewan. Mr. Laverne failed to make much impression on the

ort which condemned him, than for any public service he ever rendered, has thought it discreet to keep away from the House until the incident is partially forgotten.

Foster Deceived the House.

The figures given by Mr. Foster were misleading, and he made a deliberate attempt to deceive the House and the country by conjuring up a set of comparative figures which demonstrated no existing condition. The deceit practised in the House of Commons, was on a par with the deceit practised upon the members of the I. O. O. F., when he speculated with their funds under the cloak of the Union Trust Company. A man who would embark upon a system of gambling and speculation with trust funds and receive a commission from a customer when doing business for which he was paid a salary, might reasonably be expected to juggle with figures, when bolstering up a criticism against a government he desires to displace.

History Condemns Foster.

It would be almost impossible to examine a charge brought against the Liberal government by Mr. Foster of which he himself has not been guilty.

He says the figures printed in the trade and navigation returns are doctored and consequently misleading. Foster's figures given to the House in reply to Mr. Fielding, are erroneous, misleading and doctored to suit the circumstances of the moment.

He says the Government gave timber berths to friends and supporters Foster applied for timber limits for himself and friends when in power.

He says the Minister of Marine and Fisheries took money from one vote and used it for a different purpose. Foster took money from the commercial agency vote and used it for a jaunt to the West Indies—and excused it by saying it all came out of the same pocket anyhow.

He says members use their influence to secure land. Foster used his influence as a member to get land from the Canadian Pacific Railway.

He says a minister should not take a private secretary when representing Canada abroad. Foster under the same circumstances took a private secretary and a messenger.

He claimed that the expense per man of \$1.03 on the Arctic was criminal extravagance. When he was Minister of Marine and Fisheries, he fitted up a vessel for precisely the same trip, at a cost \$1.30 per man.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney takes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1888.
(SEAL) A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.
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organs will be plain to you if you will read a booklet of extracts from the writings of eminent medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients and explaining their curative properties. It is mailed free on request. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. This booklet gives all the ingredients entering into Dr. Pierce's medicines from which it will be seen that they contain not a drop of alcohol, pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead.

Dr. Pierce's great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser will be sent free, paper-bound, for 31 one-cent stamps, or cloth-bound for 50 stamps. Address Dr. Pierce as above.

The former was extravagance, the latter economy.

He complains of the expense incurred when the Minister of Marine takes his friends on board a Government vessel. The difference is that the present minister pays out of his pocket the expenses of his friends on such occasions, and when Mr. Foster was minister he charged such expenses to the country.

He criticised the Government for paying money for services that were never rendered. Yet he accepted a pension at the hands of the Government of \$3,500 a year for which he gave no services.

He attaches great weight, and constantly refers to the Royal Commission's report on the Civil Services, which condemns certain Government methods, but he does not attach any weight to the Royal Commission's report on insurance, which condemned himself.

He condemns the middle man who makes a profit, but he was willing to make a profit of 25c an acre on the lands sold by Roblin to the company of which Mr. Foster, was manager.

Can it be regarded as remarkable or unreasonable that the House is tired of listening to lectures on politics, or any other kind of morality from this man? Is it strange that he has no influence whatever upon the members? Is it at all surprising that no one takes him seriously?

Talks to No Purpose.

This is the man who is worshipped by the leading Conservative organ, and held up as the Moses whose criticisms will have the effect of leading the faithful into the promised land of office. He occupies an undue proportion of the time of the House. He has something to say upon every subject that rises, but it brings no results, has no effect at all upon the ultimate decision, and may as well have been unsaid.

If the Conservative party hopes to secure power through the instrumentality of anything that George E. Foster may do or say, then the party is due to remain many years in the shades of Opposition.

Liberals and Citizens Rights.

Mr. Johnston, of Cape Breton, made a good point when the subject of Government officials taking part in elections was under discussion. He said that members of the Opposition had laid down the position, which, when it was understood by the people of Canada, would not meet with their approval. It is that if a man accepts office at the hands of the Dominion Government, no matter how small or how great that office may be, from that time forward he is to take no part whatever in municipal matters in the town or city in which he resides. It means that Government employees abandon all claims of citizenship where they reside.

Mr. Johnston instanced the employees of the Intercolonial, who according to Dr. Sproule, had no right

The Government, with the many problems in the older part of Canada is not unmindful of the West. The building of the Grand Trunk Pacific is being pushed on with all possible speed. Everything that the Government can do to further this enterprise has been done, in response to the mandate of the people expressed in the general election of 1904.

The Dominion is of great extent and the needs from various points are diversified. To solve the problems presented and meet the desires of the people from the Atlantic to the Pacific is the object of the present Government.

Wise Administration Tells.

In the years to come the result of wise administration during the growing days will be apparent. What is done now will bear fruit in the future, and for that reason the Liberal Government strong in the possession of the people's confidence, will continue to administer public affairs equitably, wisely and well.

This being the case what reason is there to make changes in the administration? The people of the country are satisfied. There has been no breach of faith, nothing to warrant a withdrawal of public confidence, therefore it must be assumed that the Liberal Government will continue in office for many years yet to come.

It does not appear that the people want any change. Nothing could be improved, no person advantaged (except the needy politicians) and it will require something more substantial than biting sarcasm of the Foster type to cause the people to withdraw confidence from Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and repose it in Foster, Sproule, Bennett, Fowler, etc.

The late spring has not been without effect upon the business and commercial interest of the Dominion, but from all directions the testimony is the same, that the good times enjoyed for many years past may be confidently anticipated during the coming season.

It is asking too much of an intelligent people to throw over a Government that has done so much, and instal in its place untrained and inexperienced men who have outlined no necessary changes in the policy that should govern this country, and who have suggested no improved methods of conducting public business. Until something is formulated by the Conservatives to take the place of the enlightened policy which now distin-

Weak women get prompt and lasting help by using Dr. Shoop's Night Cure. These soothing, healing, antiseptic suppositories, with full information how to proceed are interestingly told of in my book "No 4 for Women." The book and strictly confidential medical advice is entirely free. Simply write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. for my book No 4. Sold by—ALL DEALERS.

TORTURING Afflicted this

Mrs. F. Miner, of 311 Suffolk St. since, while living in Oshawa, 6 years of age contracted a skin disease first broke out like tiny water blisters, after would disappear for a short time and then coming in contact with the skin set up such to keep her from scratching. We tried good results until we began using Zam-Buk and soreness was greatly relieved, and the eruptions and scabs fast disappeared, was completely cleared from the disease. Zam-Buk, and as there are no signs of any we believe Zam-Buk has worked a complete

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Scott's Emulsion strengthens enfeebled nursing mothers by increasing their flesh and nerve force.



It provides baby with the necessary fat and mineral food for healthy growth.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

Rheumatism

I have found a tried and tested cure for Rheumatism! Not a remedy that will straighten the distorted limbs of chronic cripples, nor turn bony growths back to flesh again. That is impossible. But I can now surely kill the pains and pangs of this deplorable disease.

In Germany—with Chemist in the City of Darmstadt—I found the last ingredient with which Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy was made a perfected, dependable prescription. Without that last ingredient, I successfully treated many, many cases of Rheumatism; but now, at last, it uniformly cures all curable cases of this heretofore much dreaded disease. Those sand-like granular wastes, found in Rheumatic Blood, seem to dissolve and pass away under the action of this remedy as freely as does sugar when added to pure water. And then, when dissolved, these poisonous wastes freely pass from the system, and the cause of Rheumatism is gone forever. There is now no real need—no actual cause to suffer longer without help. We sell, and in confidence recommend

Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy

"ALL DEALERS"

guishes the administration of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, there will be no change made, because there will be no necessity for change. Before the people of Canada surrender the Government they have, they must be shown something better to take its place. The fact that a few trifling affairs in the bulk of the people's business may be susceptible to criticism, will not justify a wholesale condemnation of the Liberal party or a reversal of the policy of the Government.

No reasonable man would expect to conduct a business involving the expenditure of \$100,000,000 a year and not find something to criticize. The Government depends upon the honesty and good faith of their servants just the same as a private individual does and should these fail in their duty, the Government is in the same position as the ordinary business man. Sir Wilfrid Laurier has already said that any corrupt official will be promptly discharged, and Sir Wilfrid may be depended upon to keep his word in this respect.

ANCIENT RING SEALS.

The Sacred Beetle and Busts of Isis or the Pharaohs.

Among the rings found in ancient Egyptian tombs are many which erudite archaeologists ascribe to a period slightly anterior to the deluge.

This, however, is debatable ground—the deceptive morass of conjecture rather than the solid earth of fact. But we feel the latter beneath our feet when viewing the massive gold Egyptian signet rings with revolving cylindrical bezels of indigo colored porcelain or the deep blue porcelain rings bearing a bust of Isis or of one of the pharaohs in full relief. The former represent the primitive seals in use when the Israelites were bondmen and before the pyramids were built. The latter were the common adornments of the prototypes, of the modern fellahin when Solomon was in his glory.

In neither case is the workmanship meritorious, the "prentice hand" being plainly visible. Skill in design and execution was acquired later and among the Etruscans attained a degree of excellence never since equaled. Such of their work as remains is a silent yet eloquent testimony to their marvelous skill, but the secret that enabled them to manipulate gold "fine drawn as hair" is one of the lost arts of the ancients.

In the Etruscan as in the Egyptian rings the device of the scarabaeus, or sacred beetle, figures prominently, for

ECCENTRIC HOGARTH.

Incidents in the Life of the Vain and Able Artist.

Hogarth, one of the ablest and certainly one of the vainest artists that England has produced, was as a painter hardly recognized in his lifetime, to his bitter grief and disappointment. He made money out of his prints, but could only sell his pictures with difficulty and at low prices.

Yet Whistler once declared that Hogarth was our greatest painter. He painted some admirable portraits, but his manner was too independent and his tongue too sharp for success in a profession that requires a certain amount of diplomacy and much patience.

He resented any criticism of his work, and there is a story of a very ugly peer whom he painted that illustrates this. The portrait was returned to the artist. It was, in fact, too good a likeness.

But Hogarth declined to alter it in the least and told his sitter that unless the portrait was paid for in three days he would add a tail to the figure and sell it to a wild beast showman to hang outside one of his caravans. The peer paid the money and instantly destroyed the picture.

More curious still is a story of Hogarth's absence of mind. When the sale of his prints had made him prosperous, he set up a carriage and one day went in it to visit the lord mayor.

While he was in the Mansion House the weather became stormy, and Hogarth, who happened to go out at a different door, after vainly searching for a hackney coach, walked home through the rain and was soaked to the skin. He had entirely forgotten his carriage.—Modern Society.

HIS LIFE MASK.

The Actor's Breezy Story of the Way It Was Taken.

A famous actor entertaining some ladies at dinner showed them his life mask, then told them with feeling how the mask had been made. "They put me in a chair," he said, "tied a towel around my head, plugged my ears with greased wool and stuck a quill in each nostril."

"Shut yer eyes," said the workman, drawing near with a ladle and a large steaming tureen of pink plaster of paris of the consistency of thick soup, and he slapped the stuff on my face in great ladlefuls. I could feel it running down my collar and over my chest just as soup would have done. I motioned with my hands wildly. The man laughed.

"That's all right, boss," he said, and kept slipping the hot, horrible, slimy stuff upon me.

"He stopped when my face was incased in a half inch coat of plaster. He told me it would dry and harden in a few minutes. It did, but the minutes were awful. As the plaster dried it seemed to shrink, shrinking my skin with it. In a hundred places I was pinched and pricked as though by tiny crab claws. And the heat of the thing! And the difficulty of breathing through the quills stuck in my nostrils! Then, very carefully, very slowly, they drew the hardened cast from my face. I gripped the chair arms and shrieked. Did it pull? Did it tear? Let us draw a veil over the painful scene."

The actor smiled and handed his life mask about. "Behold," he said, "the result of my suffering! It looks like a particularly dull and inanimate false face, doesn't it?"

Photography.

Practical photography first saw the

Vapo-Cresolene

Established 1879

Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis
Cough, Grip, Asthma, Diphtheria

Cresolene is a boon to Asthmatics

Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy to cure disease of the breathing organs than to take the remedy into the stomach?

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Those of a consumptive tendency find immediate relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.

Sold by druggists.
Send postal for booklet.
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sent new scientific words and modern ideas.

Although the Chinese are considered a literary people and have naturally a desire for education, yet owing to the extreme difficulty of mastering the Chinese characters it is estimated that only one in ten of the population can read or write.—Contemporary Review.

LIVED AFTER HANGING.

Men and Women Who Survived the Ordeal of the Scaffold.

Innumerable instances of resuscitation after hanging are recorded. Henry III. granted a pardon to a woman named Inetta de Balsham, who was suspended from 9 o'clock on a Monday to sunrise of Thursday and afterward "came to." Dr. Plot tells of a Swiss who was hanged up thirteen times without effect on account of the peculiar condition of his windpipe, it having been converted into bone by disease.

Annie Green, a servant girl, was hanged at Oxford in 1650 and recovered fourteen hours afterward under a doctor's treatment. Mrs. Cope, who was hanged at the same place eight years later, also recovered. On Sept. 2, 1724, Margaret Dickson was hanged at Edinburgh and recovered while being carried to the grave. She lived for many years afterward and was universally known as "Half Hanged Maggie Dickson."

A housebreaker named Smith was hanged at Tyburn in 1705. A reprieve came when he had been suspended a quarter of an hour. He was cut down, bled and revived. William Duell, hanged in London in 1740, revived and was transported. A man hanged in Cork in 1765 was taken in hand by a physician who brought him round in six hours, and we are told the fellow had the nerve to attend a theatrical performance the same evening.

Richard Johnson, hanged at Shrewsbury, Oct. 3, 1696, obtained a promise from an undersheriff to place him in the coffin without changing his clothes. After hanging half an hour he still showed signs of life, and on examination it was found he had wrapped cords about his body connected with hooks at the neck which prevented the rope from doing its work. The apparatus was removed and the man hanged effectually.

It may be offered in explanation of the cases mentioned that there was no drop used at executions in those days, the culprit usually suffering asphyxia without the cerebral column being broken.—London Tit-Bits.

Grim Comedy.



The Pursuit of Happiness and Comfort

compels everyone when suffering with the eye, ear, nose, etc., etc., to consult a good honest competent Optician or Oculist. Oculist's charges you do not and promise to tell you if necessary to go to a specialist.

Most Expert Testing Free.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded everytime, bear in mind.

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DR. C. H. WARTMAN DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue out of town visits, but if our friends at York and Napanee will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

AS A WORKING TOOL

for the student and the writer, as an authoritative reference book for schools, teachers, families, business and professional men, there is one book which offers superior advantages in the solid value of its in-

drawn as half" is one of the lost arts of the ancients.

In the Etruscan as in the Egyptian rings the device of the scarabaeus, or sacred beetle, figures prominently, for to both these remarkable races this curious insect was an object of profound veneration and as sacred and symbolic in their eyes as the cross is to the Christian.—Quiver.

PAIN OVER THE EYES.

Headache and Catarrh Relieved in 10 Minutes.

That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown, and it's your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the seating of this dreaded malady. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in ten minutes, and cure. (15)

Dr. Agnew's Ointment soothes all skin diseases. 25 Cents.

Sold by T. B. Wallace

The Dark and Bloody Ground.

Before the wild man began to explore Kentucky, about the middle of the eighteenth century, the region was a vast hunting ground for many large tribes of the south, north and east, and between these tribes there was continuous conflict for the possession of the rich game privileges. Later on, when the white people settled in the territory, their struggle with the red men was more bitter and persistent than in almost any other section of the continent; hence the sanguinary name that was given to the territory, "The Dark and Bloody Ground."

Whist.

An acquaintance of Talleyrand once remarked to him that he did not think it worth his while to learn the game of whist. Talleyrand's reply has been remembered until this day: "Not know whist, young man? What a dismal old age you are preparing for yourself!"

Never Tested.

"You have a great many friends."
"I don't know whether I have any friends at all or not."
"You don't?"
"Nope. I was born rich and have never been broke."

Didn't Hit Him.

"To what do you attribute your success as a monarch?"
After a moment's thought the European ruler replied:
"Largely to bad marksmanship."—Exchange.

a particularly dull and inanimate false face, doesn't it?"

Photography.

Practical photography first saw the light in 1839. On Feb. 21 of that year Talbot, who had obtained permanent prints and camera images as early as 1835, published his process. Daguerre's was published on Aug. 19, and somewhere between those two dates Ponton in a paper read at the Royal Scottish Society of Arts made known to the world his discovery that soluble organic matter in the presence of an alkaline bichromate was rendered insoluble by exposure to light, a discovery the value of which was not recognized for some years, but which is the basis of all that is included in "process work."

CHINESE LANGUAGE.

Difference Between the Written Characters and Speech.

The dialects or languages of the Chinese empire are very numerous and dissimilar. Thus a Chinese speaking the dialect of the Kwangtung (Canton) province is not understood by a Chinese residing in the neighboring province of Fukien. The language or dialect spoken at Shanghai would be quite strange to the people residing at Peking.

Written characters of Chinese are, however, understood and recognized by sight throughout the whole empire in the same manner as our Arabic numerals 1, 2, 3, 4, etc., are recognized by the eye throughout Europe. But as these numerals when pronounced or read have entirely different sounds attached to them in England, France, Germany, Italy, etc., so the Chinese written characters are spoken in totally different words and sounds in the several provinces of China, with, however, the important exception that the mandarin language is spoken or understood more or less throughout three-fourths of China or, roughly speaking, in nearly all the provinces north and west of the river Yangtze.

The language known as Wen-li is the medium by which the classical books of China have been handed down. It is par excellence the written language of China, but it is not generally understood by the great mass of the people. The spoken language—viz, Mandarin—may also be written, and there is a good deal of colloquial literature in Mandarin. Versions of the Bible in the local patois have also been produced in several districts of the southeast, where the dialects are very numerous and diverse.

In the Chinese written language there are over 40,000 distinct characters or symbols, and this vast number is being constantly increased by the addition of new characters to repre-

the culprit usually suffering apoplexy without the cerebral column being broken.—London Tit-Bits.

Grim Comedy.

A certain young actress was constantly irritated by the pompous behavior of the actor-manager in whose company she was playing.

"Now, Miss Blank," said the great one, "you'll have an opportunity to show your talents in another direction. I've cast you for a dandy part, small, but 'fat.' And you'll have a chance to study me in a new role. You've never seen me do farce comedy, have you?"

"Yes, I have," contradicted Miss Blank; "I've seen your Macbeth."

Jack's Lucky Bag.

The annual publication of the brigade of midshipmen at Annapolis goes by the name of "The Lucky Bag," even as that of the corps of cadets at West Point bears the military appellation of "The Howitzer." On board ship is kept what is called a lucky bag. Into this are put all sorts of articles that are left around the decks or out of their proper places by the men. At the end of each month the lucky bag is opened, and the men who have lost different articles gather around it in the hope that they have been lucky enough to have had their possessions find their way into the lucky bag. At the end of the month the bag generally is filled with a great variety of articles. In it are jackknives, pairs of shoes, plugs of chewing tobacco, sewing kits, caps, photographs, writing materials, and so on through practically the entire list of the sailor's possessions.

A Prized Cough Cure

"I have not been without a bottle of Coltsfoote Expectorant in the house for over nine years. At that time I procured it for a cold I had. It worked such wonders then that it has been a household remedy ever since, and we will have no other for coughs and colds—it is so pleasant to take, and all of my children look for it as soon as they get a cold at all. Nearly all of them have been subject to croup, and that's when I find Coltsfoote Expectorant useful. You are welcome to use this testimonial as you wish."

MRS. LEWIS NIGH.

Free Sample of Coltsfoote Expectorant

will be sent to any person sending their name and address and naming this paper. It has established a wonderful record as a successful cure for coughs, colds, sore throat, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis and all irritated conditions of the throat and chest. It is the prescription of a great specialist in medicine. At all good druggists, 25c. Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto. Send for Free Sample To-day.

schools, teachers, families, business and professional men, there is one book which offers superior advantages in the solid value of its information, and the ease with which it is obtained.

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The St. James Gazette of London, England, says: For the teacher, the pupil, the student and the literateur, there is nothing better; it covers everything.

The New and Enlarged Edition recently issued has 25,000 new words, a revised Etymological Dictionary and a revised Gazetteer of the World, 2,380 pages and 5,000 illustrations. It has just received

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TOO STRONG A BLUFF.

The Boy Meant Well, but Carried His Instructions Too Far.

The proprietor of one of New York's fashionable hotels was talking about the crush that restaurants experience on New Year's eve, Washington's birthday and other holidays. "But I must not boast," said he. "It is bad luck. A grocer in my boyhood told me that. The grocer said that he had once engaged a new boy and had exhorted this boy always to give customers the impression that they were very busy."

"Whether we are actually busy or not, say we are busy," the grocer said. "Tell people we are, for they like to deal with brisk, go ahead firms that do a large trade."

"Well, an hour or so later a brougham drove up, and the rich judge's wife entered. She did not stay long. The boy looked after her. And on her departure the grocer said to the boy:

"Did Mrs. Judge Brown leave a very large order, James?"

"She was gone," said the boy. "She had a list as long as yer arm. But I looked mad and told her we was so busy I hardly seed how I could stop to tend to her, so she said, beln as she was in a hurry, she'd just go next door."—Exchange.

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Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

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Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—MR. E. R. MCBRIDE, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—MRS. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.

Mfgs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Paste A, A. A., etc., etc. When writing please mention this paper.



G SKIN DISEASE is bright little girl

ilk Street, Guelph, Ont., says: "A year ago, my little daughter Lorinda, six years on the upper part of her body. This afterwards taking the form of dry scabs. These then reappear worse than ever. The clothes such a severe irritation that it was impossible to try various preparations yet obtained no relief. With each application the irritation and the child rested easier. Thro' continued appeared and in a short space of time the skin disease. It is now some months since we used many more eruptions breaking out on her body, complete cure."

Zam-Buk Cures cuts, chapped hands, itching, ulcers, eczema, running sores, and all diseases of the skin. Of all druggists and stores 50c. or from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.



LITTLE LORINDA MINER, GUELPH

ALMOST GIVEN UP

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" SAVED HIS LIFE

Mr. Dingwall was Superintendent of St. Andrews Sunday School in Williams town for nine years and License Commissioner for Glengarry — and Tax Collector for Charlottetown — for fourteen years continuously. Read how strongly Mr. Dingwall comes out in favor of "Fruit-a-tives."



Williamstown, Ont., April 5th., 1907.

I have much pleasure in testifying to the almost marvellous benefit I have derived from taking "Fruit-a-tives." I was a life long sufferer from Chronic Constipation and the only medicine I ever secured to do me any real good was "Fruit-a-tives." This medicine cured me when everything else failed. Also, last spring, I had a severe attack of bladder trouble with kidney trouble, and "Fruit-a-tives" cured these complaints for me, when the physician attending me had practically given me up. I am now over eighty years of age and I can strongly recommend "Fruit-a-tives" for Chronic Constipation and bladder and kidney trouble. This medicine is mild like fruit, is easy to take, but most effective in action.

(Sgd) JAMES DINGWALL.

"Fruit-a-tives" — or "Fruit Liver Tablets" are sold by dealers at 50c a box of 6 for \$2.50 — or will be sent on receipt of price. Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Little Things.

Life is made up not of great sacrifices of duties, but little things, in which smiles and kindnesses and small obligations given habitually are what win and preserve the heart and secure comfort.—Sir H. Davy.

Precaution.

She—But, Fred, dear, fancy coming in such shabby clothes when you are going to ask pa's consent. Fred—Ah, but, dearest, I once had a new suit ruined.—London Sketch.

Laziness begins in cobwebs and ends in iron chains.

When Children Smoked.

Every one has read that Hawkins introduced tobacco into England and that King James inveighed against it. Elizabeth liked to sit on a low stool and watch Sir Walter Raleigh puffing away. In Anne's reign almost every one smoked. In Charles II's reign "children were sent to school with their pipes in their satchels, and the schoolmaster called a halt in their studies while they smoked."

In 1702 Jorevin spent an evening with his brother at Garraway's coffee house, Leeds, and writes: "I was surprised to see his sickly child of three years old fill its pipe of tobacco and smoke it as audaciously as a man of threescore. After that a second and third pipe without the least concern, as it is said to have done above a year ago."

Women Smokers in Ireland.

The comparison between women smoking in England and in Ireland, says a correspondent, is hardly on all fours. In Ireland many of the older women whose lives are spent in hard toil smoke in the country districts, but they would utterly disdain a cigarette. They smoke a short "cutty" pipe and the very strongest and most pungent tobacco—Limerick roll. It is no uncommon thing for a man to hand his lighted "cutty" pipe, black with long seasoned smoking, over to a woman for a "draw," as it is called. In Ireland the pipe has long been the solace of the poor, aged, hardworking woman, and the habit has its origin in the use of tobacco for allaying the pangs of hunger in famine days.—London Chronicle.

Measures.

"The money a man amasses," remarked the philosopher, "is not the measure of his value to the community."

"No," answered Mr. Dustin Stax; "it's the measure of the community's value to him."

A married man says it isn't the jaws of death that worry him, but the laws of life.

HEART DISEASE

Relieved in 30 Minutes—Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure is the Mystic Remedy.

This remarkable preparation gives perfect relief in 30 minutes in all cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease and speedily effects a cure. It is a magic remedy for palpitation, shortness of breath, smothering spells, pain in left side and all symptoms of a diseased heart. It also strengthens the nerves and cures stomach disorders.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are the best, 40 doses, 10c. (16)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

FIERCE CANINES.

The Welsh Dogs of Newfoundland and Labrador.

On the extreme northern coast of Newfoundland, as well as on Labrador, the fishing villages and settlements are all situated in the harbors and creeks along the seashore. In the summer all intercommunication with the various villages is by water, so that the roads are very primitive. In winter, when the ground is covered with snow and the marshes and lakes are frozen, the people utilize dogs and "comaticks" to travel to and fro, and also for hauling firewood, building material, etc. Those dogs are savage mongrels, closely allied to their progenitor, the wolf; in fact, they are half wolf.

The residents do not trouble much about these mongrels in the summer, and they are generally kept in a state of semisavage starvation. They feed on fish offal during the fishing season and occasionally band together and go a-hunting on their own account. On these occasions they will attack anything they come across, man or beast, and so fierce are their depredations that caribou, which are plentiful in Labrador, can only on rare occasions be found within twenty-five miles of the seacoast, as these mongrels have destroyed or driven them all inland.

Last winter it was reported that a team of those dogs turned on the driver and devoured him and his wife and child, who were accompanying him to a distant settlement. It has been long recognized that these packs of savage dogs were great obstacles in the way of the progress of the people in these parts. It was impossible for them to keep cows, sheep, goats or even poultry.—Forest and Stream.

EARTHWORMS.

They Can Move About Only When the Ground is Damp.

Ever since Darwin wrote his remarkable book on earthworms the general public has taken an interest in these lowly creatures. Everybody has observed thousands of them on the cement walks during and after a rain, but the true cause of these remarkable wanderings is not often written about. The fact is that earthworms can move about only when the ground and the grass are wet. The truth of this is easily shown by placing an earthworm on some dry sand, when the dry grains will stick to its slimy skin and make it helpless.

All living creatures are endowed with the instinct to move and spread over the earth. Human beings, higher animals and birds prefer to move about in fair weather. To the earthworm and other lowly creatures, like frogs, salamanders, slugs and land snails, rainy days are the only fair days for traveling. When the sun comes out and dries the roads and the meadows, they withdraw into their hiding places. As earthworms cannot see clearly, they crawl about in an aimless sort of way. If they happen to get on a board or cement walk, when the sky clears they soon die and shrivel up.

When a dry season or winter approaches, the earthworms burrow deeper into the ground. At a depth varying from six inches to two feet each worm coils up into a little ball. By aid of secreted slime it makes a case of dirt round itself, and in this state it remains dormant until abundant rains or the spring thaws call it back to a more active life.

Well Known Signal.

The trainman who when sober was so competent that the officials had



More proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cures female ills.

Mrs. John Scott, 489 Grand Trunk St., Montreal, writes Mrs. Pinkham: "I was very much run down in health from a female trouble, was thin, nervous, and very weak, and suffered from bearing down pains. Indeed I did not care whether I lived or died, I felt so badly sometimes."

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me of all my troubles. I gained in flesh, and am free from backache, female trouble, sick headaches, and nervousness."

"I heartily recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for all women's ailments, knowing what it has done for me."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

"Engine" is a noteworthy instance of specialization and also of verbal development. "Ingen" originally in Latin meant only something "born in" a man, but the derivative words from that have diverged so widely that "ingenious" and "ingenuous," one of which can so easily be misprinted for the other, now rank almost as contradictories. And from the "ingenious" man to the "engine," which he contrived, is a great step. Moreover, the man who calls it an "ingen" is right!

Wrong Interpretation.

"I declare," remarked Rev. Mr. Goodley, "I never really knew what profanity was until I met Mr. Tuff."

"Yes," put in Dumley. "Ain't he ag gravatin', though? I don't blame you a bit, for he'd make a saint swear."

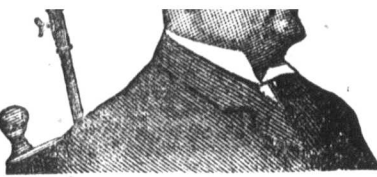
Speaker of the House.

Binks—Very few women have any knowledge of parliamentary law. Jink:—You should hear my wife. She has been speaker of the house for the last twelve years.



A
REMARKABLE
INVENTION
FOR THE
CULTURE
OF HAIR





CULTURE OF HAIR

THE EVANS VACUUM CAP is a practical invention constructed on scientific and hygienic principles by the simple means of which a free and normal circulation is restored throughout the scalp. The minute blood vessels are gently stimulated to activity, thus allowing the food supply which can only be derived from the blood, to be carried to the hair roots, the effects of which are quickly seen in a healthy, vigorous growth of hair. There is no rubbing, and as no drugs or chemicals of whatsoever kind are employed there is nothing to cause irritation. It is only necessary to wear the Cap three or four minutes daily.

60 DAYS' FREE TRIAL!

The Company's Guarantee.

An EVANS VACUUM CAP will be sent you for sixty days' free trial. If you do not see a gradual development of a new growth of hair, and are not convinced that the Cap will completely restore your hair, you are at liberty to return the Cap with no expense whatever to yourself. It is requested, as an evidence of good faith, that the price of the Cap be deposited with the Chancery Lane Safe Deposit Company of London, the largest financial and business institution of the kind in the world, who will issue a receipt guaranteeing that the money will be returned in full, on demand without questions or comment, at any time during the trial period.

The eminent Dr. I. N. LOVE, in his address to the Medical Board on the subject of Alopecia (loss of hair) stated that if a means could be devised to bring nutrition to the hair follicles (hair roots), without restoring to any irritating process, the problem of hair growth would be solved. Later on, when the EVANS VACUUM CAP was submitted to him for inspection, he remarked that the Cap would fulfil and confirm in practice the observations he had previously made before the Medical Board.

Dr. W. MOORE, referring to the invention, says that the principle upon which the Evans Vacuum Cap is founded is absolutely correct and indisputable. An illustrated and descriptive book of the Evans Vacuum Cap will be sent, post free, on application.

THE SECRETARY, EVANS VACUUM CAP CO., LIMITED.

Regent House, Regent Street, London, W.

The spring thaws call it back to a more active life.

Well Known Signal.

The trainman who when sober was so competent that the officials had winked at his occasional bibulous lapses was at last called up on the carpet.

"What does this mean?" asked the trainmaster sternly. "A month ago you went on a prolonged bat when we were short handed—stayed drunk a month. Then recently you were away on two different occasions for a half week each time. What does it mean?"

"Why," said the trainman, "I am surprised that you should ask me what it means. I had understood that you came up from the ranks yourself, and yet you ask me the meaning of one long foot and two short ones. I thought everybody knew that was the signal to stop."

A Greater Noise.

They had removed from New York to a quiet country town, and a new neighbor was tendering his sympathy.

"I guess you must miss the noise of the elevated cars a good deal," she said. "I don't suppose you could get to sleep at first because you was used to hearing them where you lived."

"I never heard them," said the lady from New York. "My husband snores."

The Reptile.

Schoolmaster—So, then, the reptile is a creature which does not stand on feet and moves along by crawling on the ground. Can any one of you boys name me such a creature? Johnny—Please, sir, my baby brother.—London Tit-Bits.

Dogs and Infection.

Dogs can carry infection along with them, as was clearly proved at Constantinople in 1865 when a single animal, entering the city from an infected district, started a cholera epidemic that killed more than 50,000. The dog, a valuable chow, was taken into his house by a dragoman, and a few hours later he and all his family were stricken down with the complaint, which spread thence to all parts of the city, even the sultan's palace being invaded.

Badly Expressed.

Clergyman—You can, however, comfort yourself with the thought that you made your husband happy while he lived.

Widow—Yes, indeed! Dear Jack was in heaven until he died.—Judge.

Salvation Army Praise

"I feel it my duty to testify to the benefit I have received from the use of Psychine. While travelling in New Ontario conducting special meetings I contracted a very bad cold, which gradually developed into Bronchitis of the worst form. I was advised to try Psychine, which I did, and after using but a few bottles I was completely restored to health. I recommend this wonderful remedy to sufferers from Bronchitis and other troubles."

Later: "I wish to add that my voice, since using Psychine, is stronger and has much more carrying power than it had before I had bronchitis, and the vocal chords do not tire with speaking."

P. TILLER, Capt. Salv'n. Army. Ann St., Toronto, Aug. 13, 1907.

Throat, lung and stomach troubles cured by Psychine; also incipient consumption. All druggists, 50c and \$1.00, or Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto.

Cord wood and Block wood for sale. Robt. Light

JUS

The property controlled by follows: 700 acres under freehold in Township 6, Range 30, West of Creek, on the Crow's Nest Branch stretches for over five miles along; 4 1/2 feet to 10 feet thick in each

On the middle seam near the on the coal and a drift 250 feet. all taken out was sold at the mine

On the second seam, and near been run in from Pincher Creek to coal solid and clear, and the coal is also a slope about 200 feet deep at cuts.

Three nice wooden buildings for sleeping, storing and stabling. T able and substantial.

The Company owns two team needs, but to make a paying mine and other machinery, including co

A Railway is now being built village with the C. P. Railway (C) can make reasonable rates of ship Railway for about \$8,000.

The local demand for this co the farmers of the surrounding Spokane, Washington and other daily as soon as our machinery h

This coal is equal to the stan and steam coal, besides being cap

It is estimated that 20,000,00 and it is believed that the proper the development.

The present owners guarante there is still available several tho

BAN

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Nanapee and Deseronto.

Stations	Miles	No. 12	No. 40	No. 4	No. 6
yo Bannockburn	0	6:00	1:40		
Allans	5	6:15	1:50		
Queensboro	8	6:40	2:05		
Bridgewater	14	6:55	2:20		
Ar Lve Tweed	20	7:00	2:25		
Stoco	21	7:00	2:25		
Larkins	27	7:25	2:50		
Maribank	33	7:40	3:05		
Erineville	37	7:55	3:15		
Tamworth	40	8:10	3:30	4:15	
Wilson	41	8:25	3:35	4:30	
Enterprise	46	8:25	3:35	4:30	4:35
Mudlake Bridge	48	8:37	3:50	4:47	
Moscow	51	8:48	4:00	4:58	
Galbraith	53	8:48	4:00	5:00	
Yarker	55	8:50	4:05	5:05	
Ar Lve Yarker	55	8:50	4:05	5:05	
Camden East	59	9:00	4:15	5:15	
Thomson's Mills	60	9:00	4:15	5:15	
Newburgh	61	9:00	4:15	5:15	
Strathcona	69	9:10	4:25	5:25	
Nanapee	69	9:10	4:25	5:25	
Ar Lve Nanapee	69	9:10	4:25	5:25	
Ar Deseronto	78	11:25	6:55		

Kingston and Sydenham to Deseronto, Nanapee and

Stations	Miles	No. 2	No. 4	No. 6
Lve Kingston	0	3:25	3:35	
G. T. R. Junction	2	3:40	3:50	
Glenvale	10	3:54	4:04	
Murvale	14	4:04	4:20	
Ar Lve Harrowsmith	19	4:19	4:35	
Sydenham	23	4:33	4:49	
Harrowsmith	23	4:33	4:49	
Frontenac	26	4:35	4:50	
Yarker	26	4:35	4:50	
Ar Lve Yarker	26	4:35	4:50	
Camden East	30	4:45	5:00	
Thomson's Mills	31	4:45	5:00	
Newburgh	34	4:45	5:00	
Strathcona	40	4:55	5:10	
Nanapee	40	4:55	5:10	
Ar Lve Nanapee	40	4:55	5:10	
Ar Deseronto	49	5:15	5:30	

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NANAPEE TO DESERONTO and PICTON.

TRAINS	STEAMERS
Leave Nanapee	Leave Deseronto
2:30 a.m.	7:00 a.m.
3:30 " 3:50 "	8:30 a.m.
6:30 " 6:50 "	
10:30 " 10:50 "	
11:00 " 11:25 "	
12:05 p.m.	1:40 p.m.
1:20 " 1:40 "	3:00 p.m.
4:30 " 4:50 "	
6:35 " 6:55 "	5:30 p.m.
6:50 " 7:10 "	7:00 p.m.
8:15 " 8:35 "	7:00 a.m.

PICTON TO DESERONTO and NANAPEE.

STEAMERS	TRAINS
Leave Picton	Leave Deseronto
6:00 a.m.	9:50 a.m.
9:50 a.m.	11:20 a.m.
	11:50 a.m.
	12:40 p.m.
	1:00 p.m.
	12:55 p.m.
	1:15 p.m.
	3:45 p.m.
	4:10 "
	6:10 "
	6:30 "
	7:40 "
	8:00 "
	2:40 a.m.
	1:00 "
	5:55 "
	6:15 "
	7:00 "
	7:20 "
	7:30 "

Daily. All other rains run dull. Sundays excepted.

WALTER RATHBUN President.

H. B. SHERWOOD! Superintendent.

D. A. VALLEAU Asst. Superintendent.

WILTON.

Korah Storms received the sad intelligence, on Sunday, of the death of his sister, Hattie (Mrs. Donnelly), of Watertown.

Harvey Mills, Sr., had the misfortune to lose a horse from lock jaw.

The Presbyterians have commenced repairing the church this week, and until the repairs are completed, service will be held in the Methodist church, at the usual hour.

James Davidson is spending the holidays in Wilton.

Miss Eva Gallagher is at home from her school at Brewer's Mills.

Miss E. J. Williams, of Paris, and Miss F. Williams, Toronto, are visiting at the parsonage.

W. B. Storms, Montreal, arrived last evening, to visit his mother, Mrs. R. Storms.

Oliver Asselstine, Owen Sound, is at his father's, N. A. Asselstine.

Miss Ethel Baker, Harrowsmith, is spending a few days with her grandfather, James Forsyth.

Miss Mary Stewart, Utica, is at her brother's, William Stewart.

Miss Stella Skinner, Camden East, is the guest of Miss Eva Gallagher.

ODESSA.

On Tuesday evening, April 21st, at a public meeting, held in Toomey's hall, it was decided to erect a rural telephone service in the township of Ernestown. Speakers were present from Montreal, Toronto and other places.

A dance was given in town hall Tuesday evening and was well attended by the young people.

The Methodist church was prettily decorated on Easter Sunday with mottoes, flowers, etc., and great credit is due the committee in charge.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Baker, who moved to Winnipeg last fall, returned this week.

William Hillier has opened a barber shop in the building next to Bond's store.

John McCamus, Peterboro, is home visiting his parents.

Miss E. Maund, Kingston, at Miss Helena Sharp's; Miss Decker, Orawa, at Mrs. (Dr.) Mabee's.

Malcolm Denyes and family, Newburgh, spent Tuesday at his father's, J. M. Denyes'.

Paul Arnold spent Easter holidays at Brighton.

Mrs. Runion and little daughter, Cornwall, and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Runion, Toronto, at R. H. Peter's.

Miss Rosa Batcock, Watertown, at her parents.

R. H. Peters is repairing two houses to rent.

Mrs. R. W. Lee and son, Clarence, left Saturday to visit friends at Manolick.

George Hillier met with a painful accident last week. In getting over a fence with a spear the pole broke, the spear going through his upper lip.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Peters have moved on Ferguson avenue.

Sidney Silver and party of friends drove to Sydenham for fishing on Tuesday, and came back with the usual fisherman's luck.

HAPPY WOMEN PRAISE PE-RU-NA

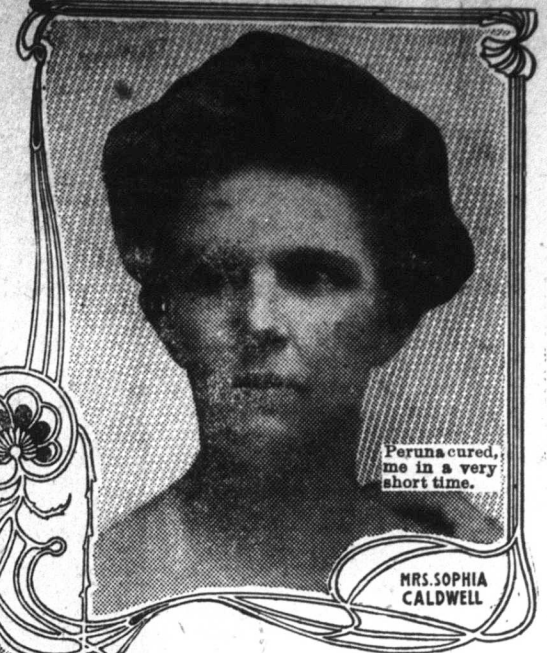
It Is Works, Not Words, That Has Made Pe-ru-na Famous Throughout the Land.

The miss and the matron alike praise Peruna. Girls and women have all discovered the value of Peruna. The Miss and Mrs. have been ill, each in her own peculiar way, and have found relief by taking Peruna.

Fair girls and beautiful women, frail daughters and ailing mothers everywhere have taken Peruna and know its value in the relief of ailments peculiar to their sex. From the grandmother to the girl babe the gentler sex are under numerous obligations to Peruna.

All this being true and the woman does not hesitate to tell it, her words win the confidence of other women, and thus the fame of Peruna spreads from household to household, until millions of homes acknowledge Peruna as their favorite and reliable family medicine.

Peruna is good for many minor ills. It can be relied upon to mitigate the many disagreeable effects of colds and irregularities so common among women. All the ailments of a catarrhal nature belong within the scope of Peruna's remedial action.



Peruna cured me in a very short time.

MRS. SOPHIA CALDWELL



Peruna has made me a well and happy girl.

MISS ANNIE HENDREN

Mrs. Sophia Caldwell, 1122 McGavock street, Nashville, Tenn., writes:

"After doctoring for a year and finding no relief from leucorrhea resulting from prolapsus uteri, and which was *sapping my life forces away*, I finally tried Peruna and when I found that it was helping me every day it seemed almost too good to be true.

"But, it not only helped me, it cured me and in a very short time. I am now enjoying the best of health. I am strong and free from pain, and I certainly feel that all *praise and honor are due to Peruna.*"

Miss Annie Hendren, Rocklyn, Wash., writes:

"I feel better than I have for over four years. I have taken several bottles of Peruna and one bottle of Manalin. *I can now do all of my work in the house, milk the cows, take care of the milk, and so forth.*

"I think Peruna is the most wonderful medicine. I believe I would be in bed to-day if I had not written to you for advice. I had taken all kinds of medicine, but none did me any good. Peruna has made me a well and happy girl. *I can never say too much for Peruna.*"

"I suffered with female troubles for thirteen years, and tried the best doctors in Louisville, Ky., without relief. I spent thousands of dollars at the Springs. The doctors desired that I have an operation performed to remove my ovaries, which I would not consent to. I saw an advertisement of your Peruna and bought one bottle, and before I had taken it all I could get out of bed and walk about. After taking three bottles I was as *well and hearty as ever*. I gained in flesh from one hundred and eighteen to one hundred and eighty-

six pounds. If it had not been for your great and wonderful medicine I would now be in my grave. I would advise all women sufferers to try it. I would not be without it for the world."—Anna Munden, Hollygrove, Ark.

"I was troubled with very serious pelvic weakness, which exhausted me so that I feared I would lose my mind. I suffered agony with my back, the pain extending down my left leg. The pain was so severe that I would have welcomed death as a relief. *Peruna cured me* of this trouble,—no wonder I rec-

ommend it so highly. It will soon be two years since I found relief from the pain and not a sign of it has returned. I am glad that there is a way in which I can speak of this, as many a sufferer may read my testimonial, and not only read, but believe."—Mrs. Wm. Henderson, Craik, N. W. T., Can.

"I feel it my duty to write and tell you of the good Peruna has done me. I was subject to female weakness. For six years I suffered more or less. We consulted various doctors, who gave me relief, but no cure. I have suffered a great deal, and my husband had very large bills to pay.

"In my despair I decided to try Peruna, and the first bottle taken according to your directions gave me relief. I have had no backset since then. Since we have used Peruna, a doctor has seldom been in our house."—Mrs. Martha Fredrich, Central Park, L. I., N. Y.

Silverstein, the anarchist, who was injured by his own bomb in New York a few weeks ago, died on Tuesday.

By the caving-in of a drain which he was digging, in Toronto, Francisco Latto was smothered to death.

Richard Gray is on trial, at Woodstock, N. B., for the murder of his child.

ST FINANCE No. 4

THE PINCHER CREEK COAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED.

No Personal Liability.

— PROPERTY —

This Company consists of about 1 400 acres as title and 700 acres leasehold. This property is of 4th Meridian, in Alberta Province near Pincher Creek of the C. P. Railway. It is so located that it gives a system of six coal seams ranging in width from 1 to 8 feet.

DEVELOPMENT —

At the centre of the property a shaft was sunk 80 feet to the seam showing about 7 1/2 feet of coal and is at from \$3.50 to \$4.25 per ton. At the West end of the property, a tunnel has been driven for over 300 feet showing 4 1/2 feet thickness of coal. Coal extracted sold at the mine for \$4.25 per ton. The seam showing 7 feet thick. Also several open seams.

— BUILDINGS —

Buildings have been erected on the property for cooking, etc. These buildings are not elaborate, but are serviceable.

— EQUIPMENT —

Large quantities of horses and mining tools sufficient for present use. It is necessary to instal bunkers and steam hoist for coal cars, track, etc.

TRANSPORTATION —

Used by the town of Pincher Creek to connect the Crow's Nest Branch, over which the Company operates. Or we can build our own spur to C. P.

DEMAND FOR COAL —

Coal is about 40 tons daily in the village and among the district. Large contracts are offering from all places which insure an eager market for 300 tons has been installed.

QUALITY OF COAL —

Standard Crow's Nest Coal and is a first class domestic capable of making a good firm coke.

ESTIMATED QUANTITY OF COAL —

300 tons of coal can be mined from these seams, and it will be worth millions of dollars by continuing.

GUARANTEE FUND —

Set aside \$20,000 for development, and of this sum \$10,000 is in cash.

Head Office and Mine, Pincher Creek, Alta.

Authorized Capital Stock \$500,000.

Divided into 500,000 Shares of a Par Value of \$1 Each.

Set aside for development 300,000 shares.

No Bonds.

No Preferred Stock.

Low Capitalization.

20,000,000 tons coal (Estimated)

DIRECTORS

J. E. Shoults, Esq.,
Wholesale, Pincher Creek, Alta.
Geo. A. Muir, Esq.,
Coal Dealer, Pincher Creek, Alta.
W. F. Sawyer, Esq.,
Accountant, Pincher Creek, Alta.
A. J. McGuire, Esq.,
Coal Miner, Pincher Creek, Alta.
W. R. Cook, Esq.,
Merchant, Pincher Creek, Alta.

BANKERS

Canadian Bank of Commerce, Pincher Creek, Alta.
Sterling Bank of Canada, Montreal Canada.

SOLICITOR

A. C. Kemmis, Barrister,
Etc., Pincher Creek, Alta.
Incorporated in Alberta, Canada.

— ESTIMATED PROFITS —

300 tons daily output at \$1.00 per ton profit, will yield a yearly profit of \$100,000. This is sufficient to pay 15 per cent per share per annum on par or 50 per cent on the price asked for the stock. Much of the Coal will yield more than \$1 profit and the output may be increased.

— OFFERING OF STOCK —

Sixty Thousand Dollars worth of stock is now offered for subscription at 30c per share. Terms 1-4 cash. 1-4 in one month, 1-4 in two months and 1-4 in three months. Those paying cash in full with order may deduct 3 per cent.

— A CERTAINTY —

The West is a cold country. They need and must have the coal at a good price. There are millions of tons of coal in this ground. Wood is scarce and dear. All the conditions necessary to make a big success are with us, and we can confidently recommend the purchase of the shares by a discriminating public.

— ANALYSES —

GEOGRAPHICAL SURVEY OF CANADA.

A. P. Low, Deputy Head and Director.

Ottawa, December 12th, 1906.

Sirs,—The following are the results of an examination of the sample fuel from Sub-section 3 of Section 16, Township 6, Range 30, West of the 4th Initial Meridian.

An analysis by fast coking gave:

Water	4.82	
Volatile Combustible Matter	34.54	Total Combustible
Fixed Carbon	51.66	Matter 86.20%
Ash—Light gray	8.98	
		100.00

Coke, per cent., 60.64. Character of coke, firm, coherent.

I remain,

Yours obediently,

(Signed) C. G. HOFFMANN.

Montreal, November 4th, 1907.

Report:—Laboratory No. 15749, Sample of Coal marked "Pincher Creek Coal."

Mr. Bannell Sawyer, Montreal, Que.:

Dear Sir,—The sample of Coal received from you on the 1st inst., marked as above, has been carefully analyzed with the following results:—

Moisture	4.15%	Volatile Matter	43.80%
Volatile Combustible Matter	39.65		
Fixed Carbon	48.45%	Coke	56.20%
Ash	7.75		
Sulphur			1.20%
Character of Coke	Dull, but firm, Coal did not swell in coking		
Color of Ash	Brownish gray		
TOTAL COMBUSTIBLE MATTER	88.10%		
Heating value (in terms of British Thermal Units)	12084		

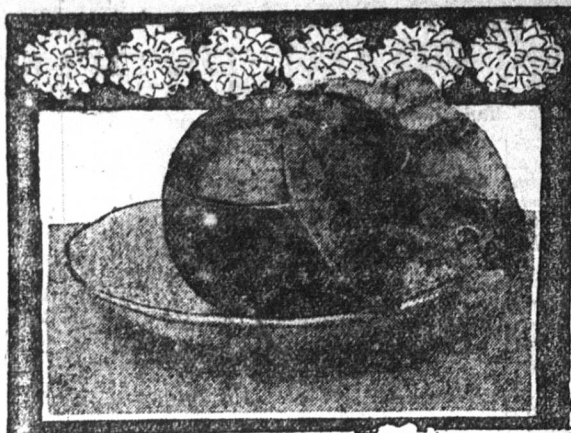
Yours truly,

(Signed) MILTON L. HERSEY,

City and Provincial Analyst.

Send your order at once for what shares you want—100 shares or more enclosing payment of 7 1/2 cents per share. Then three other payments one month apart. We will keep you posted from time to time. If you want to buy or sell at any time send us your order. We look for this stock to sell at par within a few months, low capitalization, high values in coal. Help develop your own country and secure a good investment. Address:

W. R. SAWYER, 30 St John St.
MONTREAL, CANADA.



ACCEPTABLES for the SPRING

*An Attractive Way to
Serve Apple and Celery
Salad.*

AS A nation we understood little of the potentialities of salads until comparatively few years ago. Those of us who have passed middle life recollect very well when the heavier salads, such as chicken, lobster and salmon, were the only dishes of the sort we would have thought fit to offer at a supper or a luncheon. When we had green salads like lettuce we served them, as we did tomatoes or cucumbers, as a sort of side dish, and never gave much thought to their value in the dietary.

With the adaptation of French cookery which has taken place in the last twenty years we have made a decided change, and now on many tables we have a variety of salads that would do credit to a Parisian chef. Not only the heavy salads such as I have mentioned, and tomatoes with a score of different kinds of stuffings and cheese salads, but we have learned that few are the cooked vegetables which may not be made into an acceptable salad and that there are more green things which are good with a French dressing than we would ever have dreamed of. The housekeeper who has outdoors to draw upon need never be at a loss for an acceptable salad.

To the woman who has not had much experience in this line I would say: Never be afraid to make experiments. By this I do not mean that you are to gather your green things at random. Be sure that they are wholesome and pleasing to the taste and then go ahead. Study new combinations. You will find you will put together with success vegetables and fruits and meats you had never imagined would be satisfactory in combination. Bear in mind that while there are some things which will not mix, there are many more that will, and that, given a little culinary sense and a perception of the fitness of things, you will have little trouble and much glory if you open novel paths in salad-making.

For hot weather green salads are especially desirable and have the prime recommendation of cheapness as well as wholesomeness. The following are worth trying:

Young Beets and Peas.

Select young beets of uniform size, boil and peel them. Out of the center of each cut a round or a square, making a sort of basket or box of each one. (The piece removed may be put away for another sort of salad.) When the beets are cold, fill them with boiled green peas, place each beet on a curled lettuce leaf and serve with French dressing.

Young Beets and String Beans.

Prepare the beets as in the preceding recipe, but instead of the peas fill them with boiled string beans cut into half-inch lengths. These will be almost as pretty as the first salad and quite as good. Serve with a French dressing.

Vegetable Salad.

Use this almost any cold boiled vegetable.



You Will Put Together with Success Vegetables and Fruit.

pieces. Arrange each vegetable by itself on a platter or in a bowl which has been lined with lettuce leaves. Put a French dressing over all.

When this is served with cold meat it makes an acceptable luncheon or supper for a warm day.

Dandelion Salad.

Select the younger and tenderer leaves and stalks of the dandelion, pick it over and wash it well. Drain it and dry within the folds of a clean dishtowel or napkin. Heap it in a salad bowl, mixing with it a hard-boiled egg cut into small pieces, and pour over it a French dressing, to which has been added a few drops of onion juice. Mix the salad well with the dressing. This is a wholesome salad for the spring of the year and has a little bitter tang about it that is not unpleasing to the palate.

Dandelion and Beet Salad.

Prepare as directed in the foregoing recipe, but instead of the hard-boiled egg mix minced beet with the dandelion just before adding the dressing. Cucumbers cut up fine may also be put with the dandelion in place of the egg or beet.

Spinach and Egg Salad.

Cook the spinach, chop it very fine, season while hot with butter, salt and pepper and add a little cream. Set it aside to cool. When entirely cold form it into little nests with the spoon and hands, laying these on a flat plate. In the center of each one put the hard-boiled yolk of an egg. Cut the whites into slices and garnish the dish and the spinach nests with the rings. Serve with a French dressing to which you have put vinegar in the same proportion as the oil.

Should you wish you can serve the nests on separate plates, one for each guest. They are a little difficult to handle, unless one serves them with a pie or fish knife.

Asparagus and Egg Salad.

Boil the asparagus until done and cut the tender part of it into short lengths. Arrange this on a dish, lay rings of hard-boiled egg over it and place the hard-boiled yolks, unbroken, around the base. Serve with a French or a mayon-



Preparing the Apple Salad.

eaten in summer. At a dinner it is, to my mind, nearly as much out of place as would be a dish of lobster or chicken salad. The green salads do not impose an added burden upon the digestion already taxed with solid food, and even



Prepare the beets as in the preceding recipe, but instead of the peas fill them with boiled string beans cut into half-inch lengths. Those will be almost as pretty as the first salad and quite as good. Serve with a French dressing.

Vegetable Salad.

For this almost any cold boiled vegetables may be used—string or lima beans, green peas, cauliflower, beets, potatoes. It is for such a salad as this that the left-over hearts of the beets may serve. Cut the potatoes and beets into small dice, the beans into half-inch lengths, the cauliflower into little

pie or fish knife.

Asparagus and Egg Salad.

Boil the asparagus until done and cut the tender part of it into short lengths. Arrange this on a dish, lay rings of hard-boiled egg over it and place the hard-boiled yolks, unbroken, around the base. Serve with a French or a mayonnaise dressing.

If I give a choice between the two it is only because some lovers of mayonnaise insist upon having it on any salad. It is far heavier than French dressing, less wholesome and is, moreover, unsuitable for the light salads which are

eaten in summer. At a dinner it is, to my mind, nearly as much out of place as would be a dish of lobster or chicken salad. The green salads do not impose an added burden upon the digestion already taxed with solid food, and even at supper or luncheon are better hot-weather dishes than heavy salads of meat and fruit.

Marion Harland



Grape Fruit Mac Salad.

The Housemothers' Exchange

I HAVE been married but six months, and, having had no experience in the art of cookery, I find housekeeping quite a puzzle, especially the matter of meal-getting.

My husband earns \$11 a week, and I must make things "go" on less than that if I can. The food question comes uppermost. I have tried the "menus" for a week, and I am in debt before Friday. Our breakfast never varies. My husband has bacon, an egg, a cereal, coffee and fruit when in season.

Dinners and suppers are certainly a problem. Kindly suggest some simple dishes that are yet nourishing. I am but 19 years old. We have no relatives near to us; no one upon whom to call for advice. And everything is so frightfully expensive! Fortunately, we do not care for pies, but we do like puddings!

If you can help us, you will earn our everlasting gratitude.

Two regrets arise in the mind of the practical housemother in reading a letter that is pathetic from the first to the last line, namely—that child should not have married at nineteen, and she ought to have had some knowledge of housewifery before she became a poor man's wife. It is as if her John had applied for the place of a bookkeeper before he could add up a line of figures in simple addition.

Let that pass! When I was a child I used to hear the politically disposed boys sing a campaign song of which I recall but one line:

"Leave vain regrets for errors past!"

It was good advice, no matter what party add it. It is as good now as then. Our babes in the wood are married, and they must live on \$11 per week. That is

—they must pay rent, buy fuel and the hundred etceteras that go into daily living—and all for \$1 over \$10! Somehow that way of stating the sum makes the case sound more pitiful yet. And the feminine babe has been trying to make both ends meet around the Weekly Family Menus, published in this Corner! I could say, "Heaven forgive me for writing them!" when I reflect upon what the effort has cost her.

She asks me prettily—as my granddaughter might plead for a doll's bicycle—for "cheap yet nourishing dishes." I am glad that eggs are dropping in price. Her John likes them for breakfast. Let her, once in a while, feed him with them for dinner, having taken the meat-edge from his appetite by a vegetable soup. Does she know how savory are fricasseed eggs? Three would make a dish for her and her husband. Boil them early in the day—hard! They cannot be too hard. Throw them into cold water and leave them there until you are ready to cook them. Then, take off the shells, and slice crosswise about a quarter of an inch thick. Break a fourth egg, and, saving the white to go into the pudding John likes, beat the yolk and dip the sliced egg into it. Next roll the slices in cracker-crumbs; set in a cold place for an hour and fry to a light brown in dripping or other fat. Drain and lay upon a hot dish, pouring about them a little white sauce or gravy. Toast triangles of stale bread and lay about the fricassee. It is good! Serve baked potatoes with it, and follow with a brown Betty. Three apples (cooking,

not eating apples) will make that. Wash and peel them. Put the peelings over the fire in just enough water to cover them, and boil fast while you prepare the rest of the pudding. Do this by cutting the apples into bits and putting them into a bake-dish, sprinkling each layer with fine crumbs, sugar and a dash of spice. When all are in, put a few dots of butter on top. Now take the tender parings from the fire and rub the pulp through a colander back into the water in which they were cooked. Sweeten this and pour over the pudding. Cover the bake-dish and cook half an hour. Uncover and brown lightly before spreading with the white of egg, whipped to a meringue, with a teaspoonful of sugar. Shut it up in the oven for two minutes. Eat hot or cold. If not sweet enough for John's taste, sift sugar over his "help."

Thirty cents will cover the cost of that dinner—or forty, if you add bread and butter and a cup of tea or coffee. "Very plain fare," you will say! True, but \$11 per week is a plain fare income. Next week I will give you a recipe for a meat dish that will make a dinner and a luncheon, and cost but 15 cents in all.

Suggestions and Recipes

1. Herewith please find recipe for making aerated bread, asked for in a late issue of the Exchange:

Aerated Bread.

Pour a pint of boiling water upon a pint of new milk; add a tablespoonful each, of sugar and of butter and a tea-

spoonful of salt. Stir into this mixture enough flour to make a moderately stiff batter, and beat in the open air, with long sweeps of the beater, that bring fresh air into the heart of the batter every time, until it is lukewarm. Then add the yeast. This well worked in, stir in flour until you can knead it free from the floured board. Set it to rise until light. Then mould into loaves, and when they have doubled their original bulk, bake in a steady oven.

This quantity will make four loaves.
2. For carache: Home remedy—Saturate a piece of absorbent cotton with chloroform; put it into the bowl of a perfectly clean pipe; fit the stem in the ear and blow the fumes through the bowl into the ear. It will give relief almost immediately.
3. To remove machine grease, sponge with kerosene.
4. When angry, wait until tomorrow before "relieving your mind."

All your numbers are good; none better than No. 4. If I might append a P. S., it would be: Never get angry upon paper. If you must relieve your mind by getting upon a fellow-being's mind, write the letter and hold it over until next day. Read it carefully then, twice, and the chances are one thousand against one, that you will not send it.

I wish "Mrs. S. H. W." would add to her recipe for aerated bread definite instruction as to the quantity of yeast to use. This is, I think, the first recipe we have had for the bread named. We would make it as explicit as possible.

LIFE GREATER THAN DEATH

All Else May Be Lost, But the Fullness and Beauty of Life Is Yet to Be,

"Sorrow not, as others which have no home."—1. Thess. iv, 13.
Earth swings around to the sun again; the flowers smile at us once more; life winter is past and gone; as surely as the seasons have gone down into their cold grave so surely have they come up again in newness of life. And our hearts answer to the gladness of the resurrection of nature and hope yet more clearly for the springtide of the soul's new year.

Death drops a veil that we cannot lift. We ask what lies beyond, but none of all our friends return to answer us. Yet the silence of all the centuries has not stifled our questionings, and with faith as deep and hope as strong as earth's earliest singers we look beyond death's shadows and trust that there is light; we reach out the arms of love and believe that though we may not see their faces our affections reach them.

The inquiry as to what may lie beyond the grave is not merely an academic one; it affects most profoundly and practically this present. The life we now live is a terrible mockery if it be all the

life for which we may look. Seen by itself every life in many respects is an enigma and

THE FUTURE HOLDS ITS KEY.

The pulse of life beats too strong in us all to allow us to believe that these few days of preparation, this period of learning to live, tells all life's story, is the aim and sole purpose of all this investment of time and tears. Are we to believe that life's ending is in its beginnings, that infinite wisdom has ordered such a universe to bring out no more than this fragment of being?

The deeper we read into nature's great book the more clearly is it seen to be written that law reigns everywhere, that nothing is without purpose and worthy end, that chance and fate have no part in the ordering of the larger movements of life. Then reading the significance of the orderly working of these laws we learn that, whatever we may think of their final cause, here is infinite wisdom and love at work.

Nothing is lost; nothing strives in vain; nothing suffers in vain; neither the stars in their courses nor the child

in his play do their part without purpose; no seed is sown but for some fruitage; no suffering comes in nature's course or our experience but for some strength and sweetness not otherwise to be had.

And shall all this life of ours be an exception to this law; shall these days be in vain; shall experience ripen to bear no fruitage; shall wisdom be garnered for so short an enriching; shall pain be borne and no days of power and peace follow; shall life be lived and its lessons learned only when we are ready for the next school, to hear the mocking voices: "There is nothing beyond for man."

EVERY UNFULFILLED LONGING;

every only partially developed power of which we are conscious; every spark of ambition to make life worthy; every natural longing for completeness cries out against such a conception. There is planted in us a passion for living that death cannot crush; even when its hand is upon us we look for more life and pass into the darkness believing we step toward the dawn.

There is not a blade of grass or a wayside flower but chords with our hearts in this hope and tells us that life is greater than death. As spring returns, the reason for the winter appears. Nature seems to come back to life again; every swelling bud and springing leaf and radiant flower declares that death's dominion is but for a season.

All our tombs are set in gardens, gardens where hope blooms and no flowers die. Our ears may hear the falling clod; but faith sees the breaking sod, the returning life, and bids our

hearts defy death, live the life that is for more than a day, and seek the life that shall know its fullness some day.
HENRY F. COPE.

FATE OF MILITARY UNIFORMS.

Many Once Worn by European Regiments Sold to African Monarchs.

The world's biggest old clothes shop is to be found in the London thoroughfare of Houndsditch. It is presided over by Mr. John Hyman, who has rightly earned the title of the Prince of Old Clothes, for it is to this individual that the Lord Mayor of London, our army officers, our soldiers, sailors, policemen and postmen send their costumes when they have no further use for them, says London Tit-Bits.

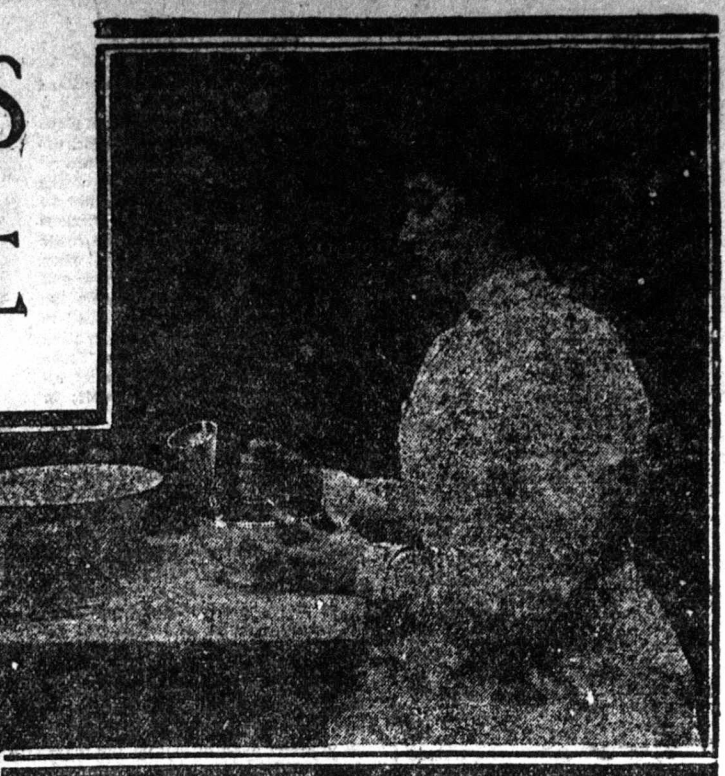
Then, not only do all the old clothes of this country find their way here, but the firm has established agents all over the Continent, and weekly large shipments of the most miscellaneous garments you ever saw reach the Prince of Old Clothes from his representatives on the Continent. In one corner you will see the discarded garments of some crack French regiment, the next pile will consist of jackets lately worn by the Kaiser's soldiers, and lying alongside of them will be thousands of dress suits purchased from the leading German hotels.

But the showy military costumes and the piles of frock coats you see in the shop one day will be gone the next. Indeed it is surprising how quickly the goods are disposed of, and it is here where the romance of the whole business lies. Mr. Hyman is not only the Prince of Old Clothes, but he may also well be called the costumer to the dusky

SALADS G TIME



An Oil Dropper, an Assistance in Making Mayonnaise Dressing.



Family Meals for a Week

SUNDAY

BREAKFAST.

Grapefruit, rice boiled in milk eaten with cream, fillets of flounders, popovers, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Cold mutton (a left-over), a baked welsh rabbit, saratoga chips, fruit, salad served in banana skins, toasted crackers and Swiss cheese, chocolate blanc mange and cream, cake, tea.

DINNER.

Mulligatawny soup, roast beef with cream, bacon and sweet peppers, French rolls (heated), toast, tea and coffee.

MONDAY

BREAKFAST.

Stewed prunes and hominy eaten with cream, bacon and sweet peppers, French rolls (heated), toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Scalloped clams, baked toast, stewed potatoes, graham bread and cheese sandwiches, cake and jam, cocoa.

DINNER.

Yesterday's soup with okra added, beef a la mode (a left-over), mashed potatoes, fried salsify, custard pie, black coffee.

TUESDAY

BREAKFAST.

Oranges, cracked wheat and cream, scrambled eggs, muffins, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Cold beef (a left-over), potato puff (a left-over), lettuce and tomato salad, crackers and cheese, hot scones and honey, tea.

DINNER.

Cream-of-spaghetti soup with Parmesan cheese, veal stew with dumplings, spinach, scalloped tomatoes, bread-and-butter pudding with liquid glucose, nuts and raisins, black coffee.

WEDNESDAY

BREAKFAST.

Fruit, cereal and cream, bacon and fried mush, graham bread, toast, tea and coffee.

Lemon pies are entirely different from either cheese cakes or transparent pudding.

My native recipe for transparent

LUNCHEON.

Cod steaks, stuffed potatoes, corn meal muffins, lettuce salad, crackers and cheese, tea.

DINNER.

Cream-of-spinach soup (a left-over), mutton chops en casserole, stewed celery, string beans, prune whip and sponge cake, black coffee.

THURSDAY

BREAKFAST.

White grapes, hominy and cream, creamed cod (a left-over), white and brown bread, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Savory stew of mutton and green peas (a left-over), fried potatoes, macedoine salad (partly a left-over), sardine sandwiches, cornstarch pudding with hard sauce, tea.

DINNER.

Beef gravy soup with barley, fricassee chicken, boiled rice, cauliflower with sauce tartare, cottage pudding, black coffee.

FRIDAY

BREAKFAST.

Fruit, cereal and cream, fried smelts, graham biscuits, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Breaded and baked sardines on toast, potato salad, peanut sandwiches, crackers and cream cheese with gooseberry or currant jam, cake and cocoa.

DINNER.

Clam chowder, baked halibut with bearnaise sauce, whipped potatoes, spinach, suet-and-raisin pudding with lemon sauce, black coffee.

SATURDAY

BREAKFAST.

Oranges, oatmeal porridge and cream, bacon and eggs, rice muffin, toast, tea and coffee.

LUNCHEON.

Scalloped halibut (a left-over), potato biscuits, lettuce and celery salad, crackers and cheese, warm gingerbread and chocolate.

DINNER.

Potato soup, chicken pie (a left-over from Thursday), rice croquettes, spinach a la creme (a left-over), sweet potato pudding (cold), black coffee.

A Few New Wrinkles for Cooks

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MAY 2.

Lesson V. Our Heavenly Home. Golden

Text, John 14. 2.

THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

(Based on the text of the Revised Version.)

The Way, the Truth, and the Life.—To rightly appreciate the opening verses of this wonderful chapter we must remind ourselves of the peculiar circumstances under which the words which it contains were spoken. Jesus and the eleven disciples were still in the upper chamber in which they had partaken of the last Passover meal together, and from which Judas, the betrayer, had just departed. Thereupon the Master had spoken once more with his disciples of his impending departure from them. Then it was that Peter declared, in response to an intimation from Jesus, that his disciples would not be able to follow him this time, "Lord, why cannot I follow thee now? I will lay down my life for thee." Sadly, no doubt, Jesus reminded Peter of his own frailty, and at the same time foretold his threefold denial. The conversation at this point was such as would be likely to disturb the peace of mind of the disciples, who began to have gloomy forebodings concerning what the immediate future might have in store for them. Hence the special appropriateness of the comforting words with which Jesus turns the conversation from the thought of his departure from them, to the thought of their ultimate reunion and the heavenly home which Jesus declared was in store for them with the Father. The entire chapter, together with the three following chapters (15-17), belongs to the same group of farewell discourses of Jesus.

Verse 1. Troubled.—The prediction of the impending departure of their Master from them, together with the prediction of the betrayal of the Master by a trusted member of their company, had filled the disciples with sorrow and amazement.

Believe in God—A fitting exhortation to abiding faith in Jehovah, in whom they had always trusted.

Believe also in me—The apostles have now been with Jesus sufficiently long and have come to know his divine character and power sufficiently well to warrant faith in him also, even in a time of uncertainty and after he shall have left them.

2. My Father's house—The eternal dwelling place of the infinite God, and hence an expression which we are hardly warranted in interpreting in any local, heavenly sense. The essential idea is that of the nearness of the heavenly Father to those who share his love and favor, and consequently his abiding place.

Many mansions—Not necessarily different spheres of existence or various degrees of blessedness, but referring primarily to the adequacy of the room for all of Christ's followers. The word in the original was often used to designate stations on a journey, thus having in it the suggestion both of rest and of progress.

I would have told you—An appeal to their faith in his candor and the truthfulness of his previous teachings.

4. Ye know the way—Words spoken to test their understanding of what Jesus had already taught them concerning himself and his relation to the Father and to the human race.

5. Thomas saith—Thomas was, from what we know of him in the gospel narrative, in the habit of seeking difficulties, and demanding explanations. He was thus of a critical turn of mind, and in the present crisis does not quite see the relation of what the Master has

WEDNESDAY BREAKFAST.

Fruit, cereal and cream, bacon and fried mush, graham bread, toast, tea and coffee.

Lemon pies are entirely different from either cheesecakes or transparent pudding.

My native recipe for transparent pudding (150 years old) calls for the juice of one lemon and the grated rind of two. The same mixture, when baked in pate pans, was called "chess cakes" by some. I hear now, for the first time, that citron was used as a substratum. But why not? The most conservative of Old England house-mothers did not maintain that there was no other way than hers. On the contrary, the sisterhood borrowed freely from one another, crediting the new recipe to the donor in those curious old manuscript books we treasure now as we would rolls of Egyptian papyrus.

An "Incomparable" Dish

Some years ago I cut a recipe from the Exchange for a real stew with dumplings in it. I think they had no shortening in them. I have lost the formula and I forget just how the dumplings were made. They were the very best I ever tasted. Knowing that they were in your real stew may help you to recall the formula. They were in an article upon ways of cooking veal. My husband is as anxious as myself to get those incomparable dumplings again. Will you favor us?

After diligent search through scrap book and cookery manuals I have alighted upon what I hope may be what you refer to. Is this the recipe that found distinguished favor in your eyes and in John's?

Dumplings for Veal Stew.

One cupful of flour, sifted twice with a teaspoonful of baking powder. Half a teaspoonful of salt, half a cupful of milk; one teaspoonful of butter. Rub or chop the butter into the prepared flour, wet up with the milk into a soft dough. Flour your hands well, and handling as lightly as possible, form the dough into balls and drop into boiling water. Cook for ten minutes. They should be ready at the same time with the gravy, as they get clammy with waiting.

This and the accompanying recipe for veal stew are taken from my National Cook Book. I do not recollect that I published them in the Exchange. If I did, the recipe was mine, having been extracted from this, one of my household series. Try it and let me know if I have found the right thing.

Curiously enough, the showy costumes worn by the Lord Mayors of London do not find such a ready market abroad as the ordinary tunic of a private soldier. This is probably on account of its price. After his nomination the Lord Mayor has to purchase his official costume—a magnificent rigout of silk stockings, buckled boots, gold laced coat and cocked hat—which costs about £60. At the end of his term of office he disposes of it to the second hand dealer. The official costumes worn by London's Lord Mayors for the last twenty-five years have been purchased by Mr. Hyman.

THE MONKEYS MUTINIED.

Four Hundred Took Possession of Steamship Braunfels.

Four hundred drunken monkeys, staggering about the decks of the British steamer Braunfels, which arrived at Philadelphia recently from Calcutta, served to banish ennui from the lives of the officers and crew on a dull Sunday at sea.

The condition of the animals was the result of a prank three days ago by Lizzie, a pet baboon, which has been aboard the Braunfels for two years. Evidently sympathizing with the lot of the several hundred members of her family, Lizzie, who had the freedom of the vessel, made her way between decks where the monkeys were confined, and liberated four hundred of the six hundred from the large cage.

They scampered about the decks of the vessel, chattering wildly. For two days there was no rest among the officers or crew. Parties of the monkeys, led chiefly by a crafty simian, known

Potato soup, chicken pie (a left-over from Thursday), rice croquettes, spinach a la creme (a left-over), sweet potato pudding (cold), black coffee.

A Few New Wrinkles for Cooks

CLEANING utensils after using them for onions has always been an important question with housewives, for it seems almost impossible to remove the trace of the extremely odoriferous vegetable. This is especially true after having used a steel knife to pare the onion, because, before the knife is used again, it is necessary to clean it, and yet mere water does not seem to have any effect upon it. It has just been discovered that if a paring knife is run through a piece of raw potato the odor will be entirely removed, and as this is such an easy method, it will surely be helpful to those women who are interested in household affairs.

It has always been a difficulty to manage to cook cabbage and relations of cabbage so that the fumes do not enter the rest of the house. This may be done by covering the pot in which the vegetable is cooking with a large piece of bread. This seems to absorb all the odor and keeps the master of the house in ignorance of what is being prepared for his dinner.

Modern and Improved Bathroom Fittings

AS THE progress of civilization marches on, the fittings of the modern bathroom are improved every year. The very latest arrangements are made of porcelain. There are porcelain medicine closets, porcelain stools to replace the wooden chairs, and even towel racks are made of this immaculate material. So that these implements may not be too slippery on which to rest towels, soap dishes and such things, they are lined and covered with a thin layer of cork, which keeps them clean and renders the bathroom as sanitary as it is possible to make it.

as the pigtail monkey, frequently rushed down on the decks, picked up a belaying pin or other handy object, and quickly climbed back up the rigging.

Then, when an officer or member of the crew walked across the decks, the animals would let fly their belaying pins or other missiles.

Nothing could be done to round up the mischievous animals. At last, as the ship was being towed up the river this morning the captain decided on heroic measures. He took a large quantity of molasses, mixed it with three quarts of brandy, and putting it in pans placed it about the decks.

All hands disappeared. Attracted by the sweet odor from the pans, the pig-tailed leader descended, followed by the others. Chattering and screeching, they devoured the brandy and molasses. Soon there were four hundred monkeys staggering. This ended the trouble, for just as soon as any showed signs of stupor the animals were picked up and placed in the cage. Lizzie is a prisoner, too.

WISE PREACHER.

"Tommy, you have been to church two Sunday mornings in succession. That is doing splendidly—for you."

"Yes'm. Last Sunday the preacher was going to talk about Jonah an' the whale but he only talked about Jonah. Said he'd preach the rest of it to-day, and I had to go agin to-day to hear about the whale."

In three years the progeny of a pair of rats number 1,000.

ing himself and his relation to the Father and to the human race.

5. Thomas saith—Thomas was, from what we know of him in the gospel narrative, in the habit of seeking difficulties, and demanding explanations. It was thus of a critical turn of mind, and in the present crisis does not quite see the relation of what the Master has been saying to the immediate need, or to his fulfillment of the Messianic promises.

6. No one cometh unto the Father, but by me—Jesus continues to speak in spiritual terms, not consenting to be drawn into a discussion of objective details.

7. If ye had known me—Their relation to himself as the revealer of the Father was of supreme importance, and until they had come to regard him as such they could not be said to really know him.

From henceforth—His revelation of the Father and his infinite love would now soon be complete, and their understanding of the great purpose of his life and death would henceforth also be more nearly perfect.

8. Philip—In John's Gospel mentioned four times, usually in connection with Andrew. He was like Thomas in his fondness for insisting on the practical test of personal experience.

9. Dost thou not know me, Philip?—The verb "to know" in this verse, as in verse 7 above, is to be taken in the sense of "to recognize." The direct personal address of Jesus to Philip indicates the surprise and pain caused by Philip's question.

11. Or, else, believe me for the very works' sakes—An appeal to faith on a higher ground being of no avail, Jesus reminds them of the more material and tangible evidence of his divinity and his relation to the Father, which the miracles of his entire public ministry had furnished.

12. Verily, verily—The usual formula of solemn assurance.

Greater works than these shall he do—Referring to miracles of a spiritual nature, such as still occur to-day in the transformation of character through faith in Christ, though probably including also reference to the miracles of healing and similar acts performed by the disciples in the early apostolic days.

13. Whatsoever ye shall ask in my name—The second phrase is inseparable from the first. It refers to the spirit in which prayer, in order to be effective, must be offered. That spirit is the same which Jesus exemplified in his own prayer life.

16. Another Comforter—Or, "advocate"; or, "helper"; Greek, *paraclete*. Who this Comforter and Advocate is to be indicated in the next sentence.

17. The spirit of truth—Whose function it is to interpret and maintain the truth.

21. He that hath my commandments, and keepeth them—Again the second clause is inseparable from the first. Obedience is the oft-reiterated condition of discipleship.

Will manifest myself unto him—By granting a fuller revelation of his grace and a fuller understanding of the truth.

22. Judas (not Iscariot)—The son of James, sometimes called Thaddæus or Lebbaeus (compare Matt. 10. 3; Mark 3. 18).

23. Make our abode with him—The heart of the believer thus becomes the Father's dwelling place (compare verse 2 above). We must not in either verse force the interpretation of the figurative language employed.

26. In my name—As my representative.

27. Not as the world giveth—With an ulterior motive of selfishness.

28. The Father is greater than I—Jesus is speaking as their fellow-man, one who still dwells with them on earth. In order to thus become one of them he had given up his position of equality with the Father.

30. The prince of the world—Satan. Nothing in me—Nothing of worldly passion or ambition to appeal to.

31. Arise, let us go hence—The discourse of Jesus is not ended, but is continued en route to the garden.



akes a Refreshing

Canning in Cold Water

I think you once asked your family to report upon canning in cold water. I put up pieplant in that way, and successfully. We had nice rhubarb pies at Christmas as the result. I did not have the same luck with tomatoes; I imagine because the jar was not air-tight.

I also noticed a question as to the way to avoid the much of frying pan-frying from penetrating to every part of the house. I do not have that trouble. I heat the giddle piping hot and sear with salt before baking. Consequently, there is no smell at all, even in the kitchen.

I thank you for turning in your report, and congratulate you upon the success of the experiment. I am still waiting anxiously for the story of successful cold water canning with tomatoes. My cans were air-tight—tested and true. The tragedy of the tomatoes has already been told in this corner. The memory is a horror.

Cheesecake and Transparent Pudding

You published awhile ago "a recipe for cheesecake." I never heard of cheesecakes being made with lemons. I have a recipe handed down from my Virginian ancestors, that calls for eggs, sugar, butter, nutmeg and wine. "Transparent pudding" is made with a flavoring of lemon, but not with lemon-peel and juice. It must have thin slices of citron laid thickly on the bottom crust before the custard is poured in. Homemade watermelon rind is best for this purpose. If the bought citron be used, slice thin and soak over night in a syrup of half-water and half-sugar.

menarchs of Africa. The goods are sent abroad in huge bales, each bale containing from 200 to 250 articles. From 300 to 400 bales are sent as a rule every month.

They go to all parts of the world—Africa, Asia, India, China and far away Japan. They are eagerly bought up by native traders, who sell them in the Oriental bazaars. From the bazaars they find their way into the far interior of the country, and explorers and travellers have often related how they have met a native king in Central Africa wearing a costume that put them in mind of a Life-guard's uniform minus, perhaps, the belt and badly in need of a little pipe-clay, but nevertheless much prized by the owner.

Explorers and travellers often call at the old clothes establishment and secure a quantity of showy wearing apparel. They find it makes ideal presents for native kings and chiefs. Said one well known traveller to the proprietor the other day, "There is nothing like a showy military coat to get a black king to allow you to take your party through his country."

"I have visited most of the great Oriental bazaars where our clothing is sold," said Mr. Hyman, "and I have watched with much amusement our goods being purchased by the natives. I have seen the blacks of Africa solemnly walking about with European waistcoats buttoned up behind instead of in front and even men wearing ladies' costumes. I have seen enormously big fellows wearing garments that for the life of me I could not imagine how they managed to get into them and am afraid when they tried to take them off some of the stitching must have given way."

WITH MAN-EATING LIONS

LIEUT.-COL. J. H. PATTERSON HAD
AN EXCITING TIME.

Adventures With Beasts That Had Ter-
rorized an African Bridge
Builder's Camp.

Col. Patterson went to East Africa in the early part of 1898 to undertake the construction of a railway bridge over the River Tsavo, 132 miles from the coast, and to carry the railway some thirty miles further inland, says the London Daily Mail in describing the adventures of Lieut.-Col. J. H. Patterson with man eating lions of the Tsavo valley in East Africa. He had a large force of coolies, and very soon after his arrival the noise of hammers and sledges, drilling and blasting, echoed merrily through the desert.

It was not long, however, before two most ferocious and insatiable man eating lions appeared and established a reign of terror that lasted nine months, and at one time actually suspended work of every kind for about three weeks. Growing daring with success their methods became so uncanny that the workmen refused to believe that they were lions at all, insisting that devils had assumed animal form. At first men simply disappeared, nobody knew how. Then it was reported that others had been carried off by lions at night while sleeping in their tents. The report was true. The lions' marks were plainly visible in the sand, as well as the furrows made by the heels of the victim.

Witnesses described the occurrence: "About midnight the lion suddenly put its head in at the open tent door and seized Ungar Singh by the throat. The unfortunate fellow cried 'Choro!' (let go) and threw his arms around the lion's neck. The next moment he was gone"—and his companions heard

A TERRIBLE STRUGGLE

going on outside. It afterward became clear that two lions had been there and had probably struggled for possession of the body.

The next night, while watching the same spot, assuming it would be there that the lions would return, the author heard screams from a distant part of the camp, where one of the brutes had broken into a tent and had dragged off another poor wretch who was lying asleep. The following night, after hours of watching in the drizzle, "about midnight I heard screams and cries and a heart-rending shriek, which told me that the man eaters had again eluded me and had claimed another victim elsewhere." And so the attacks continued night after night. A Greek contractor was sleeping peacefully in his tent when the mattress was dragged from under him and he awoke to find himself on the ground scared but fortunately unhurt.

In these early efforts the monsters sometimes showed fear. Later they dared everything—shots, shouting and fire. Empty tin cans suspended from trees were kept jangling all night. Thorn hedges were built around the camp, but the lions broke through or leaped over them. One beast sprang on the hospital tent, in which eight patients were lying, wounded two and carried off a third. A hospital attendant, a water carrier, was seized. "As soon as the lion managed to get him clear of the tent he sprang at his throat, and after a few vicious shakes the poor blithering agonizing cries were silenced forever. The brute then seized him in his mouth like a huge cat with a mouse."

From the first direct encounter the lion escaped unhurt. Then a trap was constructed, but that too was ineffective. Every night for over a week Col. Patterson watched in vain. The attacks, which had hitherto been made by one animal at a time, were now made in pairs,

EACH SEIZING A VICTIM.

Martini bullet in his chest and another in his head finished him for good and all."

SENTENCE SERMONS.

The effective are never affected. Our lives are made by the love we lose. The Lord helps those who are helpful. Humoring our sins will not heal our sinfulness. There can be no recreation in any desecration.

High livers are likely to come down to low levels. The best way to sympathize with some is to shake them. Its hard getting solid with sin without getting soiled.

Folks seldom fuse together much in a heated argument. It's not much use praying for fruits until you get some roots. It is better to find freedom through pain than freedom from it.

Praying is not a scheme for making peaches grow on pumpkin vines. Heavenly treasures are only saved for ourselves as we share them. The nearer home any reform begins the farther and higher it will go.

Many think they are bold because they enjoy entertaining the devil. There are no good points about the character that sticks into everybody. There is little of the bread of life in the sermon preached for bread and butter.

The holiness that makes no one happy is one of the most subtle forms of iniquity. Making a child happy is the first step and a long one, too, toward making him holy. The markets of sin are those where many characters are sold and yet none are bought.

When a man gets to worrying over his crown he is simply discounting an imaginary future. You will not need to worry much about your good name if you take care of your good nature. It may be a mockery to talk about loving those who need our love unless we hate the things that harm them.

You have the wrong kind of faith when you expect the needy to make a food dinner off a dewdrop of sympathy.

KEEPING FLOWERS FRESH.

Cut Stems With Knife to Insure Supply of Moisture to Leaves.

"Very few persons understand the art of keeping flowers," says a florist, "and yet by a little attention flowers may be kept fresh for three or four times as long as people expect them to stay in good condition."

"The matter is simple enough. It is merely a question of temperature and moisture. Roses, for example, are grown at a high temperature in the greenhouses and are then generally spoiled by ill treatment after they have been cut. Grown in a temperature of 65 to 75 degrees, they are placed in an icebox, where the thermometer stands at about 40. Then when sold they are taken into a dining or ball room, where the temperature is 75 or 80. Of course they wilt in a few hours, sometimes in a few minutes. Nothing else could be expected."

"They could, however, be kept in proper condition for a week by placing them in water and standing the vase in the coolest part of a living room. Every day half an inch of stems should be cut off in order to present a fresh suction surface to the water. If this precaution is neglected the stem becomes clogged with a glutinous matter something like the gum that exudes from peach and cherry trees, the water in the vase, however pure, cannot be drawn up, and the leaves and flowers wither for lack of moisture."

"In cutting off the stems a knife should always be used, never a pair of scissors. The reason is plain enough. The knife makes a smooth cut, leaving the cells of the wood open and unobstructed. The scissor blades, no matter how sharp they

END OF FAMOUS WRITERS.

Literary Geniuses Who Died Miserably Poor and Destitute.

That Ouida should have died as she did in poverty and loneliness, an exile, though a voluntary one, from the land of her birth, was an undoubtedly pitiful ending to an exceptionally brilliant career. Equally sad has been the fate reserved for some literary geniuses in the past, says London Tit-Bits.

For instance, Richard Savage, the gifted poet, died in a debtor's prison at Bristol, after enduring the pangs of semi-starvation for years. Chatterton, driven desperate through hunger, poisoned himself at the age of 18. Swift died mad, as he had all along predicted he would.

Dr. Dodd, whose "Beauties of Shakespeare" is well known, was hanged for forgery. George Gissing, after suffering hardships that embittered his whole existence died just as fame was beginning to be assured to him.

Stow, the famous antiquarian, author of the "Survey of London," became in his old age a licensed beggar, asking alms from door to door "through thirty-six counties." Wycherley, from being the spoiled idol of society, fell to the lowest depths of destitution, and was eventually consigned to the Fleet Prison for debt, where he remained seven years. Cotton also spent many years in a debtor's prison, and eventually died there by his own hand.

Robert Burns, writing only fourteen days before his death, implored his friend Cunningham to use his influence with the Commissioners of Excise in order to get his salary raised from £35 a year to £50, "otherwise, if I die of disease, I must perish with hunger."

Llorente, the learned and talented historiographer of the Inquisition, was glad during the close of his brilliant but unfortunate career to hire himself out for a few sous a night to keep watch over the dead bodies at the Paris Morgue, and died eventually of starvation. Camoens begged his bread from door to door until compelled to take refuge in an almshouse, where he died.

It is told of Ben Johnson, that when in his last illness King Charles sent him a small sum of money he returned it. "He sends me so miserable a donation," cried the dying poet, "because I am poor and live in an alley. Go and tell him his soul lives in an alley."

Very sad was the fate of Ulrich von Hutten, one of the greatest writers Germany has ever produced. Unable to earn a living, he was reduced to tramping through the country, begging food and shelter from the peasants. One bitter winter's night he was refused both, and next morning was found frozen stiff and cold in the drifting snow outside the village. "The only thing he died possessed of besides the rags he wore," says his biographer, Zuinglius, "was a pen."

Saint-Simon, the celebrated French author, who wrote "The Reorganization of European Society," was twice driven by want to attempt his own life, and although he died a natural death in the end it was among the most lamentable surroundings. "For fifteen days," he says, writing to a friend just before the end came, "I have lived upon bread and water, without a fire; I have even sold my clothes."

A MONKEY TRICK.

How an Old Fellow Got Even With a Crocodile.

The nature and character of the monkey are not changed by any training that he may receive. All the tricks that may be taught him in captivity will add little to what he is accustomed to practice in his wild state. The chief difference to him is that he has a different set of victims to torment. Capt. J. A. Lawson, the author of "Wanderings in the Interior of New Guinea," had a chance to watch the rascals in their native wilds and native wilderness, and he found them up to the same mischevi-

ORIGIN OF SPECTACLES

ROGER BACON WAS THE INVENTOR
IN THE 13TH CENTURY.

He Introduced Their Use Into Europe—
Were Previously in Use
in China.

Spectacles are supposed to have been invented by Roger Bacon in the 13th century. He was a great linguist and grammarian, well versed in the theory of perspective and optics, knew the use of convex and concave glasses. He was an English monk, educated at Oxford under the auspices of Robert Grosseteste, Bishop of Lincoln. Bacon was also encouraged and instructed in learning by Edmund Rich, Archbishop of Canterbury, by William Shirwood, Chancellor of Lincoln, and Richard Fishacre, an able professor of Oxford and Paris.

REGARDED AS MAGICIAN.

The last-named university at that time being greatly frequented by students, Bacon went thither, and obtained the degree of D.D. On quitting France he retired to Oxford, and about the same time entered the order of St. Francis. He now devoted himself principally to chemistry, natural philosophy and mathematics, and so ardent was he in their pursuit that he spent in the course of twenty years, £2,000 entirely upon them, which, taking into consideration the time in which he lived, was no contemptible sum.

The discoveries he made and the fame he got excited the malice and envy of the monks. It was reported and believed that he had recourse to the agency of evil spirits, and that all his knowledge consisted in his skill as a magician.

In consequence of this he was forbidden to lecture in the University, and was confined to his cell without seeing his friends, or to have a proper supply of food. This bigoted conduct of the monks only seems to have extended his reputation, for while he was suffering from their persecution he received a letter from the Cardinal Bishop of Sabina, the Pope's legate in England, requesting a copy of his works, which Bacon at first declined, but when that prelate was raised to the Papal Chair as Clement IV, he collected his writing into a volume and sent it to his Holiness, who promised him his protection.

On the death, however, of Clement IV, he was exposed to new and more severe persecutions. His works were prohibited, and he was sentenced to close imprisonment, in which he remained above ten years. On being released he retired to Oxford, where he died. Born at Ilchester, 1214, died at Oxford, 1292.

Spectacles were, however, known in China before this time.

SETTING AN EXAMPLE.

"He That Ruleth His Spirit Is Better Than He That Taketh a City."

"There, there, my dear," said Hobbson, soothingly and gently, to his wife, when he came home to dinner one evening, and found her on the verge of hysterics, because the clothes-line had broken, and all the "white things" had been smothered with mud. "There's no use crying over spilled milk, and you know that 'He that ruleth his spirit is better than he that taketh a city.' Cheer up, like a brave little girl. I hate to see you lose your usually admirable self-poise over a trifle, and—"

"Trifle!" exclaimed Mrs. Hobbson. "I don't call it very much of a trifle to have a whole week's washing dragged in the mud. Everything's gone wrong to-day! The fire is out, and—"

"What?"

"There isn't a spark of fire in the

a huge cat with a mouse."

From the first direct encounter the lion escaped unhurt. Then a trap was constructed, but that too was ineffective. Every night for over a week Col. Patterson watched in vain. The attacks, which had hitherto been made by one animal at a time, were now made in pairs.

EACH SEIZING A VICTIM.

A light staging about twelve feet high was constructed, on which Col. Patterson took up his position, a dead donkey being laid near by as bait. The lion came, and angry growls soon told that the hunter's presence had been detected. Then followed an unexpected development:

"The hunter became the hunted, and instead of either making off or coming for the bait prepared for him the lion began stealthily to stalk me. For about two hours he horrified me by slowly creeping round and round my crazy structure, gradually edging his way nearer and nearer. Every moment I expected him to rush it, and the staging had not been constructed with an eye to such a possibility. If one of the rather flimsy poles should break or if the lion could spring the twelve feet which separated me from the ground . . . the thought was scarcely a pleasant one. I began to feel distinctly creepy, and heartily repented my folly in having placed myself in such a dangerous position.

"I kept perfectly still, however, hardly daring even to blink my eyes, but the king continued strum was telling on my nerves, and my feelings may be better imagined than described when about midnight suddenly something came flop and struck me on the back of the head. For a moment I was so terrified that I nearly fell off the plank, as I thought that the lion had sprung on me from behind. Regaining my senses in a second or two, I realized that I had been hit by nothing more formidable than an owl, which had doubtless mistaken me for the branch of a tree—not a very alarming thing to happen in ordinary circumstances. I admit, but coming at the time it did it almost paralyzed me. The involuntary start which I could not help giving was immediately answered by:

A SINISTER GROWL FROM BELOW.

"After this I again kept as still as I could, though absolutely trembling with excitement, and in a short while I heard the lion begin to creep stealthily toward me. I could barely make out his form as he crouched among the which undergrowth, but I saw enough for my purpose, and before he could come any nearer I took careful aim and pulled the trigger. The sound of the shot was at once followed by a most terrible roar, and then I could hear him leaping about in all directions. I was no longer able to see him, however, as his first bound had taken him into the thick bush, but to make assurance doubly sure I kept blazing away in the direction in which I heard him plunging about. At length came a series of mighty groans, gradually subsiding into deep sighs, and finally ceasing altogether, and I felt convinced that one of the devils who had so long harassed us would trouble us no more."

In the morning the beast was found. It seemed alive, crouching for a spring. Two bullets had taken effect, one close behind the left shoulder had penetrated the heart; the other was found in the off hind leg. The creature measured 9 feet 8 inches.

The second lion, killed one night in circumstances equally exciting, gave a remarkable example of the vitality of these beasts. Struck by a bullet from a .303, it made off "with great bounds." The second shot also hit. As soon as daylight came the lion was tracked and found. He charged. "I fired again and knocked him over, but in a second he was up once more and coming for me as fast as he could in his crippled condition." Another shot had no apparent effect. A charge from a Martini carbine then brought him to the ground, where he lay motionless, but on being approached rose and charged again. "A

peach and cherry trees, the water in the vase, however pure, cannot be drawn up, and the leaves and flowers wither for lack of moisture.

"In cutting off the stems a knife should always be used, never a pair of scissors. The reason is plain enough. The knife makes a smooth cut, leaving the cells of the wood open and unobstructed. The scissor blades, no matter how sharp they are, always compress the woody fibres at the end of the stem and leave them so tightly pressed together that it is almost impossible for sufficient moisture to find its way through to support the leaves and blossoms."

WHEN ROBERT'S CHANCE CAME.

He Returned From the Party, Bringing His Sheaves With Him.

Little Robert, aged 4, presented his mother with a large sized shock the other day. It was a case of sowing a mild little breeze and reaping a full grown whirlwind.

Robert is Mrs. B.'s first and has always had a large front seat in her affections. Even when Mrs. B. attended parties she remembered Robert, and would slip a bit of candy into her handkerchief to carry home to him.

Not that Robert did not have as much candy of his own as was good for him—and more too—but he took an awed delight in anything which came from a party. So his mother always produced some souvenir of her modest social dispositions with which to satisfy Robert.

A few weeks ago Robert himself went to a party; his very first. A maid brought him home and left him, together with a large paper bag, in the eager arms of his welcoming mother. The first rapture of description had scarcely begun when Mrs. B. became conscious of the bulky bag.

"Why, Robert, what's this?"

"It's for you. I brought it to you from the party."

With some misgiving Mrs. B. opened the bag. It contained a large orange, nuts, candy, grapes, cakes—in fact, a very respectable assortment of refreshments suited to the juvenile taste.

Robert had supposed it was quite the usual thing to take little consoling items to the uninvited members of one's family, and he had taken a generous delight in securing a truly noble collection for his mother.

That lady faced the double problem of explaining the situation to Robert's sisters and of presenting to Robert a clear reason why what was sauce for the goose, so to speak, was totally different thing for the gander. The explanation, which simmered down, of course, to a question of size or quantity, was far from being clear to Robert, who is low in his mind and thinks he doesn't care for society after all.

HOW OLD IS NIAGARA?

This question, always interesting for the light it throws on the past history of the earth, has had many answers. The latest is that of Dr. J. W. Spencer, who, from recent studies on the spot, finds that the mean rate of recession of the falls at present is 4.2 feet per year, and that this has been the rate for approximately 227 years. But owing to the fact that originally the waters of Lake Erie only were discharged over the falls, giving but one-fifth of the present water-supply, the rate of recession was at first much slower. A sudden widening of the gorge above Foster's Flat indicates the position of the falls when the other Great Lakes began to discharge into Lake Erie. From his data, Doctor Spencer calculates the entire age of the falls at 39,000 years. The cutting, with the full power of the four lakes, is estimated to have lasted 3,500 years.

WHERE THEY WERE.

"Where are the fish in the brooklet?" inquired the early spring sportsman. "Brooklet?" echoed the landlord. "You've made a slight mistake. The fish are in the brooklet."

may be taught him in captivity with a little to what he is accustomed to practise in his wild state. The chief difference to him is that he has a different set of victims to torment. Capt. J. A. Lawson, the author of "Wanderings in the Interior of New Guinea," had a chance to watch the rascals in their native wilds and native wildness, and he found them up to the same mischievous pranks as they play here on the street. One trick of theirs is described.

Every little while we passed under trees occupied by troops of monkeys, some of them of the large kind that had given us so much trouble on a former occasion. They were a little better-mannered at this place. One large tree in which they had established their quarters stretched its branches over the water twenty yards or more.

While I was watching the antics of the monkeys, two crocodiles showed their heads just underneath, and remained stationary with their ugly snouts sticking up in the air. In other countries this is a common dodge of the crocodiles to entice the monkeys within reach, and I expected now to see one or more of the noisy animals fall victims to the goggle-eyed monsters below, and with considerable curiosity I awaited the result.

As soon as the black-looking heads popped up the monkeys became silent. Presently one big fellow—evidently one of authority in this monkey republic—came down to reconnoiter. He returned, and in a few minutes came down again with a long, thin stick in his hand, and accompanied by about a hundred of his companions. They began to chatter and pelt their foes; but the crocodiles took no notice; and I thought they seemed to give a wink of satisfaction at seeing their silly victims coming within their reach. Nearer and nearer they came, until some of them were barely six feet above the crocodiles; and I was expecting every instant to see one of them dragged under the water. All of a sudden the monkey with the stick leaned over and drove it into the eye of the crocodile nearest him. The wounded reptile sank like lead, and was quickly followed by its comrade.

There was no mistaking the howl of delight that greeted this strategem and its success. It was perfectly human in its tone, and was taken up with vengeful glee by all the monkeys in the neighborhood. The gravity of demeanor with which the old fellow committed this assault was laughable in the extreme. He went to work with all the caution of an old lawyer, and when he had inflicted the blow he hauled himself aloft with an alacrity that showed he could form a very good estimation of the danger which he ran.

SOME MAIDEN SPEECHES.

One British Lord Waited 24 Years for His Chance in Parliament.

By waiting twenty-four years before making his maiden speech Lord Langford has exercised an oratorical restraint as rare as in some cases it would be commendable, says the Westminster Gazette.

The Earl of Rochester, in the days of Charles II., was not equally modest, for he took an early opportunity of addressing the House of Lords, with disastrous results. "My lords," he began, "I rise this time for the first time, the very first time, my lords, and divide my speech into four branches." Here he paused for a few seconds, grew purple and confused, and finally blurted out, "My lords, if ever I rise again in this House you may cut me off, root and branches and all, for ever."

Lord Byron was more fortunate, for his maiden effort was declared by Sir F. Burdett to be "the best speech by a lord since the Lord knows when."

Lord Rosebery's maiden speech, after three years of silence, was a model of modest oratory, opening with a plea for that favor and indulgence which the House always shows to those who address it for the first time, "even in a larger measure on account of my extreme youth and inexperience."

see you lose your usually admirable self-police over a trifle, and—"

"Trifle!" exclaimed Mrs. Hobbson. "I don't call it very much of a trifle to have a whole week's washing dragged in the mud. Everything's gone wrong to-day! The fire is out, and—"

"What?"

"There isn't a spark of fire in the furnace, and I want you to make it up for—"

"Well, I'll be everlastingly and eternally—"

"He that ruleth his spirit—!" began Mrs. Hobbson, tauntingly; but she did not finish the sentence, for Hobbson kicked over a chair, flung his coat and cuffs into a corner, and said, as he started for the cellar:—

"That confounded fire has gone out every day for two weeks, and I know that it's simply because you and the girl fool with it all the time. You needn't deny, for I know that you do! If you'd leave it alone just as I leave it when I go to town in the morning, I'd be all right. But, no! You must poke and dig and shake away at it and slam in more coal and open the dampers and—"

"We never touch—"

"I know better! That fire wouldn't go out every blessed day if it was not meddled with. Here I've got to go down and chop some wood and rake out ashes and work at it two hours and a half, all because—I know that someone has been meddling with that fire, and you couldn't make me think differently if you talked from now until the crack of doom. It makes me so raging, so infernally mad, to think that—"

"He that ruleth his spirit is—"

But Hobbson had gone tearing down the cellar stairs to charge wildly upon the furnace, his teeth set and his eyeballs threatening to fall out of his head.

"You'd better look out or you'll break something," Mrs. Hobbson called from the back stairs.

"Hope I will! Hope to goodness I will! I'd like to take the thing and—"

But an accumulation of dust loosened by Hobbson's violent onslaught on the furnace blew right into his face, so that his utterance was choked for several moments, and it would not be right for any self-respecting journal to print what Hobbson said when he had regained his speech.

MIGHTY WORK OF EARTHQUAKES.

Dr. John M. Clarke, from recent studies of records and contemporary documents combined with that of geological dislocations in the St. Lawrence and Champlain valleys, concludes that the Canadian earthquake of 1663 was the severest disturbance this continent has ever suffered from terrestrial dislocation. There was a great movement of the crust along the course of the St. Lawrence River, the paleozoic rocks slipping against the shield of crystalline rocks where they are in contact, and the destructive effects from Montreal down to Tadoussac were tremendous. Doctor Clarke thinks that the displacement of the rocks was continued in the direction of the Lake Champlain valley along the line of contact with the great crystalline mass of the Adirondack region.

SOURCES OF ARSENIC.

The most important sources of the world's supply of arsenic are the silver mines of Saxony, the tin and pyrites mines of England, and the mispickel (arsenical pyrites) mines of Spain and the Province of Ontario, Canada. The Canadian mispickel contains gold. Germany now produces the greatest quantity of metallic and white arsenic, England, which led the world's production in 1902, having since fallen behind. It is estimated that the United States consumes about half of the entire production of metallic, white, red and yellow arsenic. The yellow arsenic is known as orpiment. In the arts arsenic is used in pyrotechny, and in the manufacture of shot, as well as for medicine and the making of fly-powders.

FOREST FIRE PROTECTION.

Patrol System Instituted by Several Governments.

Fire is the greatest enemy the forest has; and, before it is worth while attempting any scientific management of the forests, some means must be put in operation for keeping the fires out of it, so that there may be some certainty of our having a forest to manage. The amount of damage done to the forests by fires in times before any protective system was established is simply incalculable; it has often been said, and probably even falls short of the truth, that for every dollar's worth of timber taken by the lumbermen from the valley of the Ottawa river, one of Canada's greatest lumbering districts, fires have destroyed ten dollars' worth.

Most in evidence is the destruction done by "crown" fires, fires which get up into the foliage of the trees. In many tracts of the wooded districts of Canada mile after mile of country has been swept over by such a fire, and of what was once a thrifty, green forest only blackened stumps and tree trunks remain. Sometimes the consequences are even more serious, and much life and property is destroyed. The Miramichi, N. B., fire of October, 1825, destroyed 160 lives and a quarter of a million pounds sterling, in property; and two such fires in Wisconsin—the Peshigo fire of 1871 and the Hinckley fire of 1894—were responsible for the loss of 1,600 lives and many millions of dollars' worth of property.

A vast amount of loss is also done by "ground" and "surface" fires, fires which burn in the soil of the forest or run along the surface and lick up the dead leaves and other debris of the forest. While not much timber is consumed by the fire itself, the fire damages the bases and roots of the trees, and through the wounds thus made fungi gain entrance to the tree and cause the rotting of the wood. In parts of the largest Dominion forest reserve (the Riding Mountain reserve, in Manitoba), especially among the aspen or white poplar, three out of every four trees are found to be damaged in this way. The area has been repeatedly burned over; the trees were thus wounded, the fungus spores gained entrance and the above result followed. Insects may also gain access to the tree trunks in this way.

In view of these facts the importance of fire protection in the forest can easily be realized. The great thing to be done is to discover and put out the fire before it gets a start, and this is the great aim of the fire patrol systems instituted by the Dominion and several of the Provincial Governments.

WHICH IS THE WORST?

Three Forms of Death Which are Horrible to Describe.

What is the most terrible form in which death comes? Here are three, but which one of them is the worst it is hard to say.

In Peru and parts of South Australia there is found a small spider about half as big as a pea. When this insect digs its fangs into its victim it inserts a poison which begins at once to act. It scorches up the blood-vessels, and spreads through the tissue, causing most dreadful agony. The worst part of it is that the victim usually suffers for two days, but death in the end is inevitable.

Another fearful death results from eating "bhat," a vegetable which grows in the East, of which a few grains cause violent mania, ending in death. "Bhat" occasionally grows in among the rice crop, from which it is hard to distinguish until dry, when the poisonous grain is of a brick-red color.

There is a South American vine called the "knotter," which grips any living thing coming in contact with it. Its tentacles twine round the object seized, scaring and burning the flesh like red-hot wires. Then the prey is drawn into the heart of the foliage, and there crushed

NEWS OF THE MINES

CLAIMS AT MAPLE MOUNTAIN SOLD TO SCOTCH SYNDICATE.

Gates Property in James Township Disposed of—Cost of Transportation.

The strike situation, while not taken seriously by some, must be considered a serious matter, as the results of last summer's strike were disastrous to the camp so far that a great many properties were closed down which have not since resumed operations, whereas some of these at least would have been enabled to continue development work but for the general period of depression and the labor troubles, writes the Cobalt correspondent of the Globe. The mine owners formed an association recently with a strong executive board, and, while nothing definite has been learned of any action of the board, it has been reported that the members of the board would be prepared to meet the miners in an adjustment that would be fair to both sides. This has been very favorably commented upon in the camp, and it is hoped something will be done to prevent further labor trouble.

The leasing system, if in operation on a number of properties, would help to clear up the labor question. Under the lease system a bunch of miners often join together, working for themselves and getting 75 per cent., of the gross values of the ore mined and shipped, and the mine owner getting 25 per cent clear, which in the average case is greater than the profits made by the mines themselves. With a number of miners working on their own account they could work any number of hours they wish, so there need be no friction over the length of the working-day in the mine. It is calculated that the Nipissing property alone, with its large acreage, is large enough if leases were given out to furnish work for nearly as many miners as are now working at all the mines in the camp at present.

ADVANTAGES OF LEASING SYSTEM.

In support of the leasing system it might be mentioned that in the average case the lessor is himself a practical mining man, who needs no superintendent over him, and who generally does away with the assay office and other work which cost the average mining company thousands of dollars per year. The Cobalt camp is spoken of by many practical mining men as being essentially a leasing camp, with its small, rich veins. It is already a matter of record that in many other camps where high capitalization prevails, as in the camp, when the companies find they are unable to keep up the expenses of the mine and dividends they leave even their stopes to contributors, who pay the companies a royalty considered commensurate with the values of the ore being mined and the conditions under which the ore is being gotten out. Innumerable practical mining men have commented favorably on the leasing system.

THE BUILDING SEASON.

has opened and a considerable amount of work on new buildings is going on. The Imperial Bank is building a fine new building west of the Prospect Hotel, to be used as an apartment and office building, with one section on the ground floor being left in readiness for its use in case of fire in its present premises.

GREAT COST OF TRANSPORTATION.
During the last visit of the T. & N. O. Railway Commission to the north, a petition, which was largely signed, was presented by Mr. Tighe, asking the Railway Commission to take steps towards the building of a spur line into Larder City at the earliest possible date. Chairman Englehart assured Mr. Tighe that the engineer for the Commission, Mr. Cole, would be sent

INDIAN FESTIVITIES AND DIETIES.

Power of the Priests—Feasts of Lanterns—Worship of the Cobra.

Religion plays a very important part in Indian village life; but it is in the holidays and the rites connected with them that religion asserts itself most conspicuously. It is then that the Brahman comes to the front. Brahmins are the priests, the "Bhu-surs" (lords of the earth). They take the lead in all rural life absolutely and completely; in towns their ascendancy may be disputed, but in the Mofussil they still reign supreme; in fact in some of the more primitive and out of the way villages the Brahmins are actually objects of worship. Nothing can go on without them, neither births, marriages, deaths, nor feasts, and as a natural consequence there are many feasts, says the Empire Review.

The ryot as a rule does no agricultural work on a Monday—that is, he gives himself and his animals a hebdomadary rest on that day, and thus unconsciously keeps up an observance of a nature similar to the Christian Sunday and the Jewish Sabbath. Then the "Shradh," or anniversary of the father's death, is always strictly kept; on that day the son shaves all the hair off his head and face, puts on clean white clothes, prays to the gods and gives offerings at the village shrine for the repose of his father's spirit. It is for this reason chiefly that the Hindu so passionately desires a son; if he has not one of his own he adopts one.

The Diwali—or Feast of Lanterns—falls in January; it is the Hindu New Year and is the great business feast, as it were; all books are balanced and accounts adjusted at this time. The temples and houses are brilliantly lighted up and the women flock to the nearest water, where they set afloat little earthen saucers filled with oil in which they place lighted wicks.

Nag-panachami occurs in July-August. The monsoon, or rainy season, is supposed to end with this feast, and it is therefore more extensively celebrated in the coast districts than in the inland parts; it is the great holiday for fishermen and seafaring folk generally. The cobra is worshipped; offerings of milk are placed in shallow dishes in spots which these reptiles are known to haunt, while thousands of coconuts are thrown into the sea.

India is emphatically a land of idols; idolatry seems to have a fascination for the Hindu mind. The common people of India are passionately devoted to the worship and service of idols; there are said to be 333,000,000 gods in Hindustan! The three great and specially venerated dieties are Brahma, Vishnu and Shiva—the Hindu Trimurti or Trinity. Brahma stands first, unapproachable and automaton; only three temples in all India, I believe, are erected in his honor. He is merely invoked as the chief of the Trimurti, but is not made the object of actual worship, as he is not supposed to take any interest in mundane affairs; he is the Creator, the giver of all gifts and of all blessings, and controls the destinies of men, yet at the same time is completely indifferent to them.

EXTENSIVE IRON DEPOSITS.

Discoveries of Prospector in Unsurveyed New Ontario.

Some idea of the great resources of the unsurveyed parts of New Ontario is gained from a recent letter of Mr. Nap. Labrosse, a well-known prospector, to The North Bay Despatch. Mr. Labrosse has been prospecting in the wilderness north of the Proudfoot base line, about 100 miles west of the Cobalt country. The letter deals chiefly with the mineral wealth of the country, and is intensely interesting.

"Only three miles north of the Proudfoot line, bordering the township of Robert, lie large deposits of magnetic iron," writes Mr. Labrosse. "This iron has been known to Indians for twenty years. It is situated on the exact iron range which travels from southwest

KING GANNIE'S CASTLE

WAS WOOL DEPOT DURING THE REIGN OF EDWARD II.

At Southampton, England, Ruins May Be Seen—Here the King-maker Weighed Wool.

The building, or what remains of the building, said to have been Canute's Castle, at Southampton, England, certainly possesses the evidence of antiquity. The claim that the portions of the arches still remaining are characteristic of Norman style will pass unchallenged, because of the resemblance they bear to what is undoubtedly recognized as such.

ARCHES CRUMBLING AWAY.

But a small portion of the arches remain, while the space which they once spanned has since been filled with stone work, yet they are readily traceable, whether the result of design, in order to give them prominence or for some other cause. The masonry they represent could not be said to indicate the handwork of skilled workmen, but, on the contrary, the result of haste with the superadded desire for substance rather than architectural beauty.

PORT FOR WOOL TRADE.

While the iron bars which were fastened over its windows when the building was transformed into a prison are permitted to remain, yet the dominant claim the structure makes upon history is the fact that it was one of the eight outposts in England chosen during the reign of Edward II. for the export trade of wool. As is well-known, the reason the number of ports for this trade was so narrowly restricted in England was to render more certain the collection of the duties imposed upon the product.

KINGMAKER WEIGHED WOOL.

The office of custodian of the "iron," or weighmaster of the wool exported, was one which the heads of noble houses did not hesitate to ask for and once secured became hereditary. The office of "iron," or weighmaster of Southampton, was held by the Earls of Warwick, and among others of the line of that mousty family the king-maker once held the office of weighmaster of wool at Southampton.

It is generally believed, however, that the great Earl committed to his servants or tenants the ordinary duties of the office. It seems like indulging in hyperbole to permit the contemplation of the man who in his day was "the greatest man in England but the King," the man who despite the protection extended to him by Edward II. brought the head of Piers Gaveston to the block, could bring himself to the dull task of weighing wool.

The beam from which were suspended the scales used by the great Earl is still to be seen. The building has no claim on architectural beauty. A tile roof, the rafters of which are said to be of Spanish chestnut, are the most noticeable feature of its construction, except three cylindrical buttresses on the west side of the building.

TELLING AGE OF COLORS.

Japanese Girl's Attire Merges From One Shade to Another as She Grows Older.

There is a candor about Japanese women in which few Englishwomen would have courage to aspire, and such a custom as that of a girl representing in fact a "walking census" by limiting herself to a particular range of colors according to her age would be considered a preposterous idea in this country, says the London Evening Standard. And yet such is said to be the fashion in Japan, a girl's attire merging like the colors in a prism from one shade

grows in among the ice-
creep, from which it is hard to distinguish until dry, when the poisonous grain is of a brick-red color.

There is a South American vine called the "knotter," which grips any living thing coming in contact with it. Its tentacles twine round the object seized, scarifying and burning the flesh like red-hot wires. Then the prey is drawn into the heart of the foliage, and there crushed to death. The method is too horrible to describe in detail.

OSLERISM A MISTAKE.

Records Put a Man's Best producing Age at 50 Rather Than 40.

It appears that to backseat men at 40 would simply rob the world of most of its masterpieces, the creation of which depends on the intellect. An interesting article in the Century gives the average age at which the best work in various lines has been produced.

According to the writer of the article the records give an average age of 50 for the performance of the masterwork. For workers the average age is 47 and for thinkers 52. Chemists and physicists average the youngest, reaching their highest efficiency at 41, which may account for the theories of Dr. Osler.

Dramatists and playwrights, poets and inventors follow at 44; novelists give an average of 46; explorers and warriors, 47; musical composers and actors, 48; artists and divines occupy the position of equilibrium at 50; essayists and reformers stand at 51; physicians and surgeons line up with the statesmen at 52; philosophers give an average of 54; astronomers and mathematicians, satirists and humorists 56; historians, 57, naturalists and jurists, 58.

"As may be noted," says the writer, "there is a rearrangement of the order at this time, but the thinkers, as before, and as would naturally be expected, attain their full maturity at a later period than the workers. The corollary is evident. Provided health and optimism remain the man of 50 can command success as readily as the man of 30."

GALLANT RESCUE.

Brave Sailor Who Rescued Another From a Shark-Infested River.

The Royal Humane Society of Great Britain has presented the Stanhope medal for the best rescue of the year to William H. Parr, for the following gallant action:

A boat with James Moore, A. B., and some thirty natives on board was swamped in trying to reach the steamship Illovo, of the Aberdeen Direct Line, then at anchor in the Inhambane River, East Africa.

Instantly the frantic natives clutched Moore, dragging him under the water. Parr, observing this from the ship, and knowing the extreme danger from the numerous sharks which infest the river, sprang overboard. After liberating Moore from the struggling natives, Parr swam away with him, but owing to the strong tide it was impossible to reach the ship. A boat was lowered and the men were picked up, after being 20 minutes in the water and drifting half a mile.

THE TROUBLE-SOME TICK.

In South Africa there is an insect called the "tick," which is a great torment to the horses, bullocks, etc., in the warm season. It fastens itself on to their skins, and is very difficult to remove. But Nature has provided a remedy. While the animals are browsing on the veldt a small bird, about the size of a pigeon, and known as the "tick-bird," comes round and deliberately alights on their backs, and after picking out all the ticks it can find, flies off to pastures new. The animals are quite pleased at the visits of these little birds, and make no remonstrance. Frequently two or three tickbirds may be seen perched gaily on the back of a single bullock.

GREAT LOST OF INVESTIGATION. During the last visit of the T. & N. O. Railway Commission to the north, a petition, which was largely signed, was presented by Mr. Tighe, asking the Railway Commission to take steps towards the building of a spur line into Larder City at the earliest possible date. (Chairman Englehart assured Mr. Tighe that the engineer for the Commission, Mr. Cole, would be sent over the road at once to investigate. It is hoped that Mr. Cole will be able to make a sufficiently encouraging report to the Commission that the road may be proceeded with at an early date. The cost of getting supplies into Larder during last summer was approximately \$80 per ton, and was the direct cause for the lack of development work on a great many properties last year.

The new find which was reported on good authority to have been made on the Oleese claim at Silver Lake adds greatly to the enthusiasm in Silver Lake district. The vein is said to be four inches in width of practically solid silver, which can be bagged from the surface.

SALES IN MONTREAL RIVER SECTION

The work on the new shaft at the Silver Bar is progressing nicely, although the company is only working a force of a dozen men at present. This shaft is being sunk on one of the new veins discovered last summer in trenching on the surface. The vein, while narrow, being only from three to four inches in width, is almost solid metal and the ore being bagged will run about 9,000 ounces of silver to the ton.

The White claims at Maple Mountain in the Temagami Forest Reserve were sold recently to a Scotch syndicate at a price netting the owner \$250,000. These claims are considered very promising. The Gates property in James township was sold recently to a Toledo firm, who together with their associates, will undertake the development work on this property on a big scale. The price paid for this claim has not been made public, but is believed to have been a fancy one.

At the Right of Way, work has been completed on the new ore house, and men are employed installing the new crusher. The new vein found at the 75-foot level a few days ago while cross-cutting to the northwest is considered equally as good as any vein on the property, and is very rich in native silver. From now on, development work on this vein will be pushed rapidly.

JUST A WORD.

The condor, it is said, can fast 40 days.

The Dutch are the greatest of all coffee-drinkers.

A little soap is put into certain forms of puff paste.

Philadelphia has the longest streets of any city in the world.

In Morocco the law obliges you to tip the policeman who arrests you.

When crows wheel and clamor in great groups, it is a sure sign of a storm.

Man's temperature is 98.6 degrees; a snail's is 76 degrees, a chicken's 111.

Lady Duff-Gordon used to have for a pet a pale green snake.

The Tartars have the strongest, the Chinese the weakest voices, of all nations.

THAT OLD TIRED FEELING.

In this new time of the year, Nature's all a-bustle;

Do like her, if you are wise, Go, get out and hustle.

Her right eye for every chance Is that shrewd dame peeling;

You don't find her lounging 'round With that old "tired feeling."

CONFLICTING TOOTS.

Mifkins—"I wonder why Windig doesn't go to work?"

Bifkins—"Oh, I guess he's so busy blowing his own horn that he can't hear the factory whistle."

try. The letter deals chiefly with the mineral wealth of the country, and is intensely interesting.

"Only three miles north of the Proudfoot line, bordering the township of Robert, lie large deposits of magnetic iron," writes Mr. Labrose. "This iron has been known to Indians for twenty years. It is situated on the exact iron range which travels from southwest, commencing near Lake Onaping, and extending as far northeast as Lake Temagami, traversing Burwash Lake, where considerable development has already been done.

"The iron in most parts is magnetic but considerable hematite is also found, including Hutton and Robert townships. In many places north of the Proudfoot line streaks of specular iron outcrop from the bare cliffs of this apparently barren country. No valuable timber except some small black spruce, with here and there a small, scrubby white pine. Over the iron range, travelling north, are to be found large tracts of diabase rock, and sometimes diorite. Copper sulphate is a very common thing in veins of white quartz, in diabase or diorite rock. Calcite was not expected in that country; therefore no attention was paid to this white rock, which was supposed to be quartz. Silver, which is closely connected with calcite, suffered the same fate, as placer gold and iron were the only minerals the prospector was looking for. But, notwithstanding this, I located three copper, lead and silver properties twenty miles north of the aforesaid iron property. The wall rock, carrying as high as 56 ounces to the ton, indicates that there is much to be done to unearth the precious treasures that this apparently country possesses."

SNOWED UP ON THE STEPPE.

Experiences of Winter Travellers on Siberian Railway.

When winter sets in adventures by rail are frequent and the process of "roughing it" is trying. Often trains are snowed up at little squalid stations on the steppe, when the passengers can get nothing but black bread and tea. For hours? Aye, and for days. It depends on the authorities how long the ill-starred travellers shall abide, writes a London Standard correspondent.

This year numerous trains were caught in the snow, almost buried there, and generally on the open steppe fifty or sixty miles from a lemon and a hundred miles from a beefsteak. The passengers besought the station master, and others to have them dug out and to clear the line. They even telegraphed to the Minister of Ways and Communications, and received assurances that the order would be given. It was given—and disregarded.

Story telling and card playing in the flickering light of a candle were the most serious occupations of the prisoners on the steppe. In one case that came under my knowledge "he" and "she" met for the first time under these uncommon conditions, fell in love over a sausage, a stale roll and a half a bottle of wine, which he happened to have and they married shortly afterward.

Here is a copy of one of the telegrams from snowed up passengers that were sent this season: "This is the second day that we are kept by snow-drifts here in the lonely station, Pookhovo. In spite of the energetic telegram of the Minister of Ways and Communications the manager of the line has taken no efficacious measures. We are doomed to linger on here for an indefinite period." (Signed by the passengers of the international wagon of the Restoff fast train.) And they lingered on for two days.

SHE KNEW.

"Miss Sharpe—er—Vera," he stammered, "you must know why I've been calling here so much; why, I sit here in the parlor with you night after night—"

"I suppose Mr. Kloseman," the girl interrupted, "it's cheaper to be than take me out anywhere."

have courage to aspire, and such a custom as that of a girl representing in fact a "walking census" by limiting herself to a particular range of colors according to her age would be considered a preposterous idea in this country, says the London Evening Standard. And yet such is said to be the fashion in Japan, a girl's attire merging like the colors in a prism from one shade to the other as the years speed on.

Midway between the early twenties and the next decade purple, chestnut and pink, where the kimono is concerned, are made to take the place of the pale shades of silver gray or blue ciel which up till then have represented her color card. White, in addition, is relinquished practically at 25, a ruling which would seem arbitrary in England in these days when white toilettes are regarded an almost grandmotherly.

When in her twenty-seventh year, a Japanese woman acquires a new dignity when she takes her first step into the important realm of striped fabrics, which give such an added status to their wearer. As the years go on the wide stripes which proclaimed her initial plunge into a different category to that of her younger friends and companions narrow with each succeeding year, until the finest hair line announces with almost offensive honesty that she has reached the age of thirty.

Pale mauve shades, as well as cinnamon and blue, are her choice as regards color until she is five years older, when without sign or protest she leaves all bright tones to her younger sisters, and is seen thenceforward in the dull, drab tints of brown and dark gray, until her striped kimono is changed for a checked brown or gray at forty-five. This is exchanged finally a few years later for black or very dull gray, in which sober garb a Japanese woman continues until the end of her life.

MUSIC CURE FOR BALDNESS.

Why Not? Just Look at the Violinists and Pianists With Shaggy Manes.

The newest scheme for making hair grow on bald heads is treatment by music.

So far as any definite conclusions have been reached it appears that strong music, including the piano, is favorable to the growth of the hair, while wind instruments, especially the wood wind, are destructive to it.

Look at Paderewski, says the advocate of the remedy. Hasn't he a hair? And what about Liszt and Kobiak? Go back to Paganini and Rubinstein and Liszt. Did you ever see a violinist or a piano virtuoso who hadn't hair enough to shock a wigmaker?

On the other hand, look over any orchestra or brass band if you can catch it with its hats off. Did you ever see a flute player or a cornetist or a trombone operator who wasn't either bald or getting there?

An attempt to explain the alleged difference is made by assuming that the powerful vibrations of the wind instruments drive the blood out of the scalp, while the strings awaken a sympathetic quiver in the skin and hair which has an effect like vibratory massage. Some of the barbers in London, Paris and Berlin are talking of adding violin soloists or even string quartets to their staff to play, for a consideration, over the heads of their patients.

FRENCH FAMILY STATISTICS.

The number of French families, that is to say, households with or without children, is estimated at 11,315,000. Of this total 1,804,720 families have no children, 2,966,171 have one child, 2,661,978 have two children, 1,643,425 have three, 987,392 have four, 566,768 have five, 327,241 have six, 182,998 have seven, 94,720 have eight, 44,728 have nine, 20,639 have ten, 8,305 have eleven, 3,508 have twelve, 1,437 have thirteen, 534 have fourteen, 249 have fifteen, 79 have sixteen, 34 have seventeen, and finally 45 families have eighteen or more.



we are able to quote you prices as follows:—

Men's Heavy Working Boots, the 1.50 kind for	1.25
Men's Heavy Working Boots, Blucher Style the 1.50 kind, for	1.35
Men's Heavy Working Boots, extra well made, the 2.00 kind for	1.75
Men's Heavy Grain Leather Working Boots the 2.50 kind for	2.00
Ladies' Strong, every-day Boots at	1.00, 1.25, and 1.35

Boys' Strong Everyday Boots from 10c. to 25c. per pair less than last season's prices.

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
Largest Dealers in this section of Canada.

THE BEST FLOUR. DAFOE'S NONESUCH DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market.

When buying Flour ask for Dafoe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best ANTHRACITE COAL. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

CAMBRIDGE'S Supperb Confectionery.

Just arrived, a fresh supply of Lowney's High Class Chocolates
All kinds of Cake and Pastry.
Ice Cream and Ice Cream Soda.
Lunches at all hours.

Cambridge's Bakery & Confectionery Store

Next A. E. Paul's, and The Robinson Company, Limited.

COAL!

OUR CELEBRATED

DUMMOUTH COAL

Working Boots ARE CHEAPER.

Owing to the slight decline in price of Hides, and our placing of very large orders direct from the makers

UNDERWEAR Penman's and Mauchauffee's BALBRIGGAN, AERTEX CELLULAR, NATURAL WOOL, COTTON.

We carry the best stock of Underwear in Napanee.

A.E. Lazier.

Old Reliable. New Proprietor
Fresh Goods.

Full line of Choice Groceries.

Cream of West Flour, cheapest and best, highest test out of 15. All kinds of Feed.

Thanking past customers for trade I solicit a continuation of their patronage as well as that of all customers of my new stand and solicit the patronage of all who want good goods in above lines. Phone 31.

J. G. OLIVER,
Blewett's Old Stand, opposite Royal Hotel.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

First-Class Workmen.
Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.
GIVE US A CALL.

Genuine Porcelain Lined Refrigerators and large line to choose from at
BOYLE & SON.

It is officially announced that the Provincial elections will be held on June 8th, and the nominations on June 1st.

On Wednesday fire destroyed Messrs Elias Jackson & Son's saw mill and contents. The mill is situated about six miles from Marlbank.

The Bay of Quinte Clerical Union will meet in St. Mary Magdalene's Church, Napanee, on Tuesday and Wednesday, May 12th and 13th.

Croup positively checked in 20 minutes. Dr. Shoop's 20 minute Croup Remedy acts like Magic. No vomiting, nothing harsh. A simple, safe, pleasant dependable croup syrup, 50c. Sold by—ALL DEALERS

The remains of the youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Hayes, Peterboro, were brought to Napanee and buried at Morven on Wednesday.

The choir leader will with the assistance of the choir furnish some appropriate selections at the services in the Western Methodist Church next Sunday evening.

The dates for examinations have been fixed as follows: Model school entrance, June 23rd; High school entrance, June 24th, 25th and 26th; Normal school entrance and Junior Matriculation, June 29th.

Mr. M. S. Madole has purchased the lumber business from the Rathbun Co., and Mr. F. E. VanLoven has purchased the coal business. Mr. Madole will remove the lumber and etc., to his own yard and Mr. VanLoven will rent the Rathbun yard.

J. N. Osborne's

Barber Shop is on the north side of Dundas street near Steacy's. Call and see how well he can suit you.

Paints and Oils.

Nearly every dealer advertises the best, we say ours is as good. Our customers say the best they ever used, that kind of an add is good enough for us. If you have not used it try us.

BOYLE & SON.

Fredericksburgh Grist Mill.

The undersigned wishes to notify the public that Fredericksburgh grist mill will be open for grinding every day until further notice. I will be pleased to meet the many customers of the mill, who have patronized it in the past. Satisfaction guaranteed.

WM. WOODBUFF.

Insurance.

I have been appointed agent of the Equity Fire Insurance Company of Toronto Insuring Town and Village property, am also agent of the Lennox and Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Company which issues the broadest Farmers Policy of any Company doing business in these Counties. Any business entrusted to my care in either of the above lines will receive my prompt attention.

MANLY JONES,
Napanee.

Box 526.

P. S. Collection of rents, settling of accounts &c a specialty. 16 tf.

Yes.

We want you to come and see us and bring along your cash, and we think we can show you that you can save money by buying from us. We are offering a big discount off all lines of crockery and glassware in order to reduce our stock, which is far too large for this season of the year. You will find as good value with us in all lines of groceries etc., as any wherein town. Our tea at 25c. has them all whipped in the cup. Will pay highest price for eggs.

THE COXALL CO.

Zan Smith Found.

On Tuesday morning while the Steamer Reindeer was backing out from her dock, Mr. McLennan of the Campbell House, who was a passenger on the steamer, noticed a body floating near the steamer and calling the attention of Mr. Ed. Fields, who was on shore the latter secured a pike pole and drew the body ashore. It proved to be the remains of Mr. Zan Smith, who disappeared on Saturday, March 28th, and had not been heard of since. The remains were taken to the residence of his brother, Mr. J. F. Smith and the funeral took place on Wednesday morning at 10.30. Services were held at Mr. Smith's residence and the remains taken to the Morven cemetery for burial. From the condition of the clothes and body when found it was a case of accidental death, Mr. Smith having fallen into the river and been drowned.

The New Shoe Store.

The Regal Shoe for Men.

The Boston Shoe for Women.

Hawley & Maybee,
Opposite Royal Hotel.

Hotel Man Finer.

At the town of Deseronto on Tuesday a liquor case of considerable interest was tried before Police Magistrate Bedford. William Ryan, Jr., hotelkeeper at Shannonville, was charged with nine offences of selling liquor to Indians, on the dates of March 28th, April 3rd and 6th. W. S. Herrington, K. C., prosecuted, and William Carnew, of Belleville, defended the accused. J. G. Ramsden, inspector of the Indian department, was present and gave evidence. Seven of

SEEDS GARDEN SEEDS FLOWER SEEDS Large Stock NEW SEEDS FRANK H. PERRY.

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
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ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
30-32m Napanee.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

Our Stock

of all kinds of Fencing is complete. Woven Fencing, Poultry Netting, Barbed Wire, Annealed and Oiled Wire of the best makes.

In Boiled Oil, White Leads we

COAL!

OUR CELEBRATED PLYMOUTH COAL!

All sizes for prompt delivery.

We also carry in stock Steam Coal, Blacksmithing Coal

Blue Grass Cannel Coal
for a bright grate fire.

All at close prices FOR CASH.

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 104
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-11

CHAS. STEVENS,



SEE THE NEW

RAIN COATS

\$7.00 to \$15.00.

Graham & VanAlstyne.

Mr. W. G. H. Brown has recently been appointed inspector for the Sun Life Assurance Co., and will make Napanee his headquarters.

ENGLISH SPAVIN LINIMENT removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ringbone, sweeney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by—T. B. Wallace.

Our Stock

of all kinds of Fencing is complete. Woven Fencing, Poultry Netting, Barbed Wire, Annealed and Oiled Wire of the best makes.

In Boiled Oil, White Leads we keep only the best.

See our Milk Cans made over the 1908 bottom, none better.

Tinware of all kinds.

M. S. MADOLE.

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head of Queen Street, CANADA'S HIGHEST GRADE business school Book-keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy and all commercial subjects thoroughly taught by competent, experienced teachers. Enter at any time Rates very moderate—Send for Catalogue.

H. E. METCALFE, J. E. CUNNINGHAM.
President. Secretary.

The Best Paint I Ever Used.

This remark was made by one of the leading Painters in Napanee after using "Our Improved Floor Paint" unicorn Brand—Wallace's Drug Store. Sole agents.

Belleville Ontario.

The East Hastings conservatives have nominated A. A. Richardson, Deseronto, as their candidate. Mr. Richardson has been defeated twice, and his prospect of verifying the old adage "three times and out" seems excellent.

Belleville, Ont., April 27.—Henry Boulton, a farmer living between here and Kingston, lost twenty fine milch cows in a very short time from some mysterious disease. The animals became paralyzed in the fore legs, after which the hind legs became affected. The government inspector is investigating the matter. Up to date Mr. Boulton has received no word as to the cause of the disease.

On Wednesday of last week, Mrs. Melinda Jackson, relict of the late Dorland Jackson, passed away at the ripe age of eighty-four years. Deceased resided with her daughter, Mrs. F. S. Wilson, South Napanee, by whom deceased was tenderly cared for in her declining years. Besides her daughter four sons, Messrs. Milton, of Pittsburgh, Pa. Walter, of Winnipeg, Man. Irvine, of Selby, and Alzona, of Marlbank, survive. Two sisters, Mrs. I. B. Sills and Mrs. Irvine Parks, also remain. The funeral took place last Friday afternoon to the Western Cemetery.

Like to Try Psychine

"Please send me a bottle of Psychine. I have a child afflicted with tuberculosis, and have been advised to try your medicine by our family doctor, as he says he cannot do anything more for my child."

MRS. H. STEPHENS.

Arthur, Ont., July 14, 1907.

Psychine cures when doctors fail. Many are sorry they did not try Psychine first. Throat, lung and stomach troubles yield to its curative power. At all druggists, 50c and \$1.00, or Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto.

entrance, June 21st, 25th and 26th: Normal school entrance and Junior Matriculation, June 20th.

Mr. M. S. Madole has purchased the lumber business from the Rathbun Co., and Mr. F. E. VanLoven has purchased the coal business. Mr. Madole will remove the lumber and etc., to his own yard and Mr. VanLoven will rent the Rathbun yard.

In the recent Queen's exams, Miss Margaret Nichol, Napanee, secured the degree of B. A. Mr. J. McDonald, B. A., Deseronto, secured the Rankin scholarship of \$15. Among the graduate doctors is Mr. G. H. Patterson, Stella.

A. S. Kimmerysells, Wampoles Cod Liver Oil, 80c, a bottle, Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound 80c, Fellows Syrup \$1.10 per bottle. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil 17c, Carters Little Liver Pills 15c, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery or Favorite Prescription 85c per bottle.

Brighton, Ont., April 28.—Hon. Dr. W. A. Willoughby, M. P. P. of Colborne, passed quietly away at his residence at 5 a. m. to-day. The doctor has been ill for some time and hopes for his recovery have been very slight. The doctor represented East Northumberland in the local legislature for many years and for the last four years held a position in Mr. Whitney's cabinet. Dr. Willoughby was a staunch conservative but had host of friends on both sides of the house who will keenly feel the loss of a genial friend.

House-Cleaning Made Easy.

With Household Ammonia, Furniture Polish, Gillets Lye, Washing Soda, Mott Balls, etc. At the Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

Remember.

Next visit of Dr. Alex. Ray, eyesight specialist of Belleville, at Campbell House, Napanee, on Monday evening, May 4th, and Tuesday, 5th, until 2 p. m. See his advertisement page 1.

Fire Whistle.

Mr. E. J. Roy this week installed the new fire whistle ordered by the council on the Electric Light Power House. The whistle is a mammoth affair about four feet long and makes an awful noise.

Raspberry Plants for Sale.

Anyone wishing to purchase some choice Red and Black Cap Raspberry plants may secure the same from Jas. A. Peterson, Gosport. Mail orders will be carefully looked after, and plants promptly delivered.

Base Ball Benefit.

Mr. Chas. Fisher has been asked by the executive of the Napanee base ball club to organize a concert on behalf of the funds of the club. The best local talent is being secured, and it is hoped all will assist in making the event a great success. It is fixed for Thursday May 11th, in the town hall.

Anniversary Service.

The Anniversary of the founding of Oddfellowship in America was observed by the Napanee Brethren by attending Divine Service in Trinity Methodist Church on Sunday afternoon. A goodly number of the members of the order turned out and a splendid sermon was delivered by Bro. Rev. W. H. Emsley.

The Lightning Doings

The thunder storm, which passed over our town on Saturday evening, left behind it at least one mark of its having been. Mr. Henry Wilson's barn, Centre Street, was struck by a electric bolt. A gable and window was thrown to the ground, one rafter converted into kindling wood, with some slight damage to siding and shingles. Mr. Wilson congratulates himself on the very moderate character of the damage done.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought

day a liquor case of considerable interest was tried before Police Magistrate Bedford, William Ryan, Jr., hotelkeeper at Shannonsville, was charged with nine offences of selling liquor to Indians, on the dates of March 28th, April 3rd and 6th. W. S. Herrington, K. C., prosecuted, and William Carnew, of Belleville, defended the accused. J. G. Ramsden, inspector of the Indian department, was present and gave evidence. Seven of the charges were dismissed, but upon two charges, namely, supplying liquor to Charles Walker and Isaac Maracle, both members of the Mohawk tribe, convictions were made and a fine of \$50 and costs in each case was imposed. Before the court arose, Mr. Carnew, on behalf of the defendant, gave notice of appeal against the convictions, and these appeals will be heard at the division court, which meets at Shannonsville on June 16th.

Self Denial.

The Salvation Army is holding its annual week of self denial from May 2nd to 9th, inclusive. The Officers of the local Corps have commenced operations in this connection. That the work of the Army deserves the support of the public is now fully admitted, although it is not very long ago since an entirely different view was taken of its methods. It is interesting to note that the work of this marvelous Organization continues to make the most successful progress. We trust that our readers will support the effort to the best of their ability. Donations may be sent to Ensign Burry the officer in charge of the local branch.

WORLD-WIDE STATISTICS.

No. Corps and Societies.....	7,684
No. officers.....	15,987
No. local officers and bandmen	65,000
No. Countries and Colonies	53
No. Social Institutions.....	621
With accommodation for	33,000
Persons assisted daily.....	21,000

IMPATIENT DYSPEPTICS

Can't cure in a day what has been a chronic ailment for years, but Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets and a little persistence will cure the severest forms of Dyspepsia as sure as the daylight follows darkness.

And a few doses is all that is needed to convince the most impatient and sceptical of patients. Carry them about with you in your pocket; take them when and where you please; they're harmless and give almost instant relief. A gentle tonic to the whole nervous system. 35c for 60 tablets. (14) Use Dr. Agnew's Ointment for the skin, 35c.

Sold by T. B. Wallace

CHAS. FISHER

The Napanee Music Store

Your home reflects your own taste. You are held responsible by your friends for the impressions they receive of its appearance. Nothing is more important than neat and tasteful wall coverings. We can assist you in this matter with our splendid selection of

WALLPAPERS

together with 20 years experience in high class house decoration.

Here are to be seen the latest samples of ANAGLYPTA—The famous English raised material.

SANITAS—The best of all Washable Wall Coverings

BURLAPS, PICTURE AND DADO MOULDINGS.

PICTURE FRAMING

A Specialty.

FISHER'S MUSIC STORE.

(Opposite Madill's.)

Closed every Wednesday at 12.30.

Clerical Clothing

Clergymen as a rule are particular about their clothing. Following the same rule, we are particular about our clothing for Clergy

Clerical Suits of appropriate fabrics correctly fashioned in a diversity of styles.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

Home Seekers Excursions

—TO—

Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

APRIL 14th and 28th
MAY 12th and 26th
JUNE 9th and 23rd
JULY 7th and 21st
AUGUST 4th and 18th
SEPTEMBER 1st, 15th and 29th

For full particulars apply to

E. McLAUGHLIN

17-3m Agent C. P. R.

Patent Medicines
Cheaper at
Wallace's Drug Store
than any store
in Napanee.

	Regular	Our Price.
Chases K and L Pills...	25	.15
Carter's Liver Pills...	25	.15
Thomas' Electric Oil...	25	.12
Stearns' Headache		
Wafers	25	.18
King of the blood.....	1.00	.50
Brick's Tasteless.....	1.00	.60
Brick Tasteless50	.30
Everything fresh and good.		

Married at Albany, Oregon
BERRY—SPENCER.

On Tuesday, March 3, 1908, at the residence of Mrs. Capt. Phillips, of Benton county, Mr. Charles Berry, of Ballston, Polk county, and Miss Helen Spencer, of Fairmount, Benton county. The wedding was private, only relatives and a few intimate friends being present. Rev. R. S. Dewart performed the ceremony. The groom is a young man of good character, and the bride is a young lady of splendid character. They came to Albany last evening and at once went to house keeping in the residence of the bride at the corner of Washington and Fourth streets, in which the bride was born, and will make Albany their home. Miss Spencer was for a number of years a resident of Napanee, having lived with her uncle, Mr. Henry Spencer.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Save Your Fur Coat.

By hanging it up in a moth-proof bag. No folding necessary. A holder with each bag. At the Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

Postponed

The Monthly meeting of our Organised Adult Bible Class, announced for 1st of May at Mrs. Symington's home, has been indefinitely postponed.
R. B. ALLEN,
President.

Lawn Mower Sharpener.

Mr. W. J. Normile has added to the equipment of his works a new machine for sharpening lawn mowers. This machine will fill a long felt want as it sharpens the mowers absolutely true and saves wear and tear on the mower.

A Decided Success.

A series of Lime Light views showing 120 incidents in the life of Christ shown on canvas in natural colors and size. These views have drawn crowded houses on the continent and in the United States. Mr. Wm. E. Dyer, of Toronto, an extensive traveller and lecturer will describe these pictures in a way, the knowledge which if acquired otherwise would take years of travel and research. No one can afford to miss this great treat. For old and young best, Western Methodist Church, May 18th. Children 10c, adults 15c.

Annual Meeting.

The first Annual Meeting of the Lennox and Addington Historical Society will be held in the Historical Hall (Library Building) on Thursday evening, May 7th, next, at 7:30 p. m. This meeting is called as required by the Constitution to receive the Annual Reports, to nominate and elect officers and members of the Executive Committee for the ensuing year, and for such other business as may regularly come before it. It is hoped all the members will be present. Any persons desiring to join the Society will be welcomed at this meeting.

ULYSSES J. FLACH,
Secretary.

Vestry Meeting.

The Annual Vestry Meeting of St. Mary Magdalene's church was held Monday evening. Rev. Rural Dean Dibb, the newly appointed vicar, presiding. The various reports for the year were presented, showing a satisfactory financial position existing. Mr. W. S. Herrington was elected people's warden and Mr. T. B. Wallace was appointed vicar's warden. The other elections resulted as follows: Vestry Clerk—E. J. Walters.

SIDESMEN.

R. G. Wright J. G. Fennell.
Arthur Chinneck Dr. Leonard.
G. F. Ruttan F. F. Miller.
I. J. Lockwood Wm. Boyle.
R. A. Crockery Dr. N. Wagar.
Ed. Wilson H. B. Sherwood.

Mr. G. F. Ruttan was re-elected lay-delegate to the synod.

Horticultural.

The people of Napanee are fond of their homes and like to see them pretty and beautiful and should gladly welcome any assistance in making them beautiful. Such an opportunity will be offered on Wednesday evening next, at the rooms of the Historical Society. Professor Hutt, of the Ontario Agricultural College will lecture upon "How to make the home beautiful". This treat is being furnished by the Horticultural Society. No admission fee will be charged, and the lecture will be illustrated by beautiful views showing how a little care and attention can transform a wilderness into a fairy bower. The Society is doing a great deal to benefit and beautify the town, and the citizens should show their appreciation of their efforts by taking advantage of every opportunity offered, such as the lecture of Professor Hutt.

Said Farewell

The Deseronto Tribune of April 21th says: "On Sunday evening seats were at a premium in St. Mark's Church,

PERSONALS

Rev. G. S. Whie conducted services in Enterprise on Sunday for Red Rose Lodge, I. O. O. F.

Mr. H. H. Allison, Adolphustown, was in town on Monday.

Messrs. W. A. Asselstine, Roblin, and J. A. Peterson, Gosport, were callers at our office on Monday.

Mr. McIntosh, of Belleville, was in Napanee Monday looking after his business interests here.

Miss Laura Asselstine, Yarker, returned on Monday after spending the holidays with Miss Ethel Dupuis, Kingston.

Mr. Ed. Francisco went to Toronto on Wednesday to bring home his new Auto.

Rev. J. A. Gardiner, Belleville, was in town on Tuesday attending the funeral of the late John Gizzard.

Mr. Jas. A. Ferguson spent a few days last week in Toronto getting new fixtures for the King Edward Barber Shop and Cigar Store. The Robinson Co. laid the new flooring in the King Edward this week.

Mrs. Dr. Huffman, of Minnesota, is at the bedside of her aunt, Mrs. Thos. Jamieson, who has been very ill, but whose condition now gives hope of recovery.

Mr. Jas. Brown, of Michigan, is visiting his uncle, Mr. Jas. Hogle Brown, Dundas St.

Mrs. F. H. Carson attended the Vandervoort wedding in Deseronto on Wednesday.

Miss Florence Walters, of East Toronto, spent Easter week visiting her uncle, James Walters, Graham street.

Miss Marv Rattenburg, of Toronto, spent Easter visiting her uncle, James Walters, Graham Street.

Mr. and Mrs. John Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Arch. Caton, and Rev. A. McDonald with Mrs. Webb's two sons, are taking in the horse show in Toronto this week.

Miss Edna Fraser left for New York last Monday.

Mr. W. S. Herrington was in Deseronto last Saturday.

Mr. Hilton Finkle, of Newburgh, was in town Friday.

Mr. Sperry Shibley, of Wilton, was in Napanee last Saturday.

Mr. Walter B. ...

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

Mr. G. A. Aylesworth, Newburgh, spent a few days last week in Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Crockery spent last week with friends in Kingston.

Mr. F. F. Miller is visiting friends in Montreal.

Mrs. W. A. Daly is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. H. Campbell, Toronto.

Mrs. W. F. Skinner, Peterborough, spent the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Meagher.

Mr. Stephen Gibson spent last week in Ottawa.

Miss Chinneck returned to Victoria from Monday after spending the winter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Chinneck.

Mrs. Thos. Jamieson who has been very near death, is reported somewhat better.

Mr. Aubrey C. Pringle with the members of "That Quartette," will sail per White Star Liner "Oceanic" Wednesday next 6th May, for England to fill a four weeks engagement, which includes London, Birmingham Manchester and Liverpool. They will also visit Paris for a short holiday returning to New York in July. Mr. Aubrey Pringle has many friends in Napanee, who will be pleased to hear of his continued success.

BIRTHS.

McCONNELL—At Richmond, on Wednesday, April 29th, 1908, to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. McConnell, a daughter.

DEATHS.

SMITH—At Napanee, on Saturday, March 28th, 1908, Alexander C. Smith, born 15th September, 1818.

GIBBARD—At the residence of his son, W. T. Gibbard, Centre street, Napanee, on Monday, 27th April 1908, John Gibbard, born August 6th, 1813, in his 95th year.

HAYES—At Peterboro, on Wednesday, April 29th, 1908, Albert Lewis Hayes, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hayes, aged 3 years, 3 months and 13 days. The remains were brought to Napanee on Thursday and interred in the Morven Cemetery.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowel Laxative.

LEARN DRESS-MAKING BY MAIL In Your Spare Time at Home

We want our course to be in every home in Ontario where there are ladies, so have decided

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